Netanyahu congratulates Prince Hassan

AMMAN (Petra) — Benyamin Netanyahu, head of the Israeli opposition Likud Party, Monday evening called His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan by telephone to congratulate him on the initialling of the peace treaty between Jordan and Israel. Mr. Netanyahu voiced his full backing for the treaty and congratulated the Jordanian and Israeli people for its conclusion, stressing that Likud's official stand would be defined after the party has learnt of its details. The Crown Prince thanked the Likud leader for his initiative, expressing hope that the peace treaty would serve as a step towards safeguarding the interests of the two countries and the rest of the region and one more step towards a comprehensive peace.



Israel invites King to address Knesset

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Israel has invited U.S. President Bill Clinton and King Hussein to address its parliament next Wednesday as part of festivities to mark the peace treaty with Jordan, the speaker said Tuesday. The speeches would be followed Thursday by a ceremony to sign the peace treaty which Israel and Jordan initialled in Amman on Monday, said Speaker Shevah Weiss. "We really would like President Clinton and the King to speak to the Knesset." Mr. Weiss told reporters. Mr. Clinton's spokesman announced that the president would attend the signing ceremony which is scheduled to be held at the border in the desert north of which is scheduled to be held at the border in the desert north of Eilat and Aqaba. The details of the ceremony, including the date—Wednesday or Thursday—were still being finalised. The Israeli parliament must first ratify the agreement which was approved in Amman on Toesday. Israel radio said 5,000 people would be invited to attend the ceremony—2,000 Jordanians, 2,000 Israelis and 1,000 U.S. citizens. Egyptian President Anwar Sadat is the only Arab leader to have spoken in the Israeli parliament when he visited occupied Jerusalem in November, 1977. Israel and Egypt signed a peace treaty in 1979.

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Cabinet endorses treaty, authorises Majali to sign it

Premier says it was futile to wait for other Arabs

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Council of Ministers on Tuesday approved the draft peace agreement that was initialled by Jordan and Israel Monday and entrusted Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali with

The Prime Minister, who announced this at a press conference yesterday, confirmed the draft peace treaty will be signed in Wadi Araba next week during a ceremony that will be attended by U.S. President Bill Clinton and other dignitaries and international personalities (see sepa-

Dr. Majali said the draft treaty will then be presented to Parliament for ratification before it is signed into law by

His Majesty King Hussein. The 30-article agreement with its five annexes deal with all outstanding issues between Jordan and Israel, especially land, water and security, Dr. Majali told journalists who packed the priefing room at the Prime

Dr. Majali said the treaty will lead to the regaining of all occupied Jordanian lands, and the borders will be drawn in accordance with the boundaries that existed between Jordan and Palestine under the British mandate.

However, he said, the agreement introduced some modifications to these borsome occupied Jordanian territories where Israel carried out development projects for other areas

He said the swap did not constitute any loss to Jordan since the exchanged lands do not include natural resources. such as oil. Press reports said that in addition to swaps, the agreement allowed Israel to lease parts of Jordanian territories after acknowledging the Kingdom's sovereignty

over them. "We did not give up one centimetre of our land," Dr. Majali told the group of Jordanian, Israeli and international journalists.

Dr. Majali told reporters the peace treaty between Jordan and Israel will lead to the ders through exchanging exchange of ambassadors,

trade relations, joint projects, tourism and telephone links.

'When all the issues are resolved and the rights are recovered the relationship will be normal and this is a relationship between states,' Dr. Majali said. But it will be up to the people to decide if they wanted to normalise their own ties with the Israelis, he said.

Responding to a question on whether borders will be open for Israelis and Jordanians, Dr. Majali said that there "will be mutual traffic between the two countries when the agreement is final-

Dr. Majali said he believed

(Continued on page 7)

Jordanian, Israeli negotiators work on treaty annexes, withdrawal

From Nermeen Murad in Aqaba

AFTER THE imitialling of the Jordanian-Israeli draft peace treaty in Amman on Monday, delegates from both states returned to the nego-tiations table here Tuesday to finalise annexes to that treaty as well as set a time schedule for Israeli withdrawal from occupied Jordanian territory. According to Jordanian delegation sources, full imple-mentation of the articles of

the peace treaty will be achieved within an "interim period" of nine months.

This will also include the withdrawal which these sources say should begin "within a few weeks" or as soon as land-mined areas along the border are cleared

and new barbed wire is

placed along the new bound-The draft peace treaty initialled by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin included a "principles introduction document" and 19 annexes which

include draft agreements.



A Jordanian flag is held by a worker of an Israeli flag factory. Thousands of Jordanian, U.S., Egyptian and Israeli flags have been ordered by the Israeli foreign ministry in the

last days to be ready for the peace signing held Oct. 26 (AFP photo)

Jordanian and Israeli delegates here will be drafting more agreements during these three days of negotiations in Agaba, which until now are still in the form of

"non-papers or memorandums of understanding," chief Jordanian delegate Fayez Tarawneh told the Jordan Times.

be included in the treaty to be signed in southern Jordan on Although the press has

These new agreements will (Continued on page 7)

Jordan to get 215m cubic metres of water

By Ayman Safadi in Amman and Nermeen Murad in Aqaba

JORDAN would get a total negotiator Munther Hadda-of 215 million cubic metres din offered the first details of (mcms) from water sources in the north starting with 55 million cubic metres immediately under the peace treaty it initialled with Israel, senior officials said Tuesday. At present Jordan is getting around 110 mcms from the area's water sources.

Addressing a press conference in Amman, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and, speaking to the Jordan Times in Agaba, chief water

din offered the first details of the water agreement, which is part of the treaty that was initialled by Dr. Majali and his Israeli counterpart Yitzhak Rabin on Monday. Dr. Majali said Israel will

provide Jordan with 50 mcms of water from the Yarmouk River in the summer season. This amount is flood water that Jordan cannot store in the winter due to the lack of storage facilities. Dr. Majali said that another 50 mcms will be available to Jordan through dams and water purification projects that the two sides have agreed to build. The cost of the dams and a

purification plant for brackish water was estimated at \$150 million and efforts have already been launched to raise funding for the project, Israeli reports said (see page

The prime minister said the deal was largely based on the Johnston plan of the 1960s by

which Israel was entitled to 25 mcms of the Yarmouk River. Israel, he said, has been taking more than its share without specifying the amount it consumed at the expense of Jordan.

The Johnston plan, which was never implemented, allocated 377 mcms of Yarmouk River waters to Jordan annually but the Kingdom has been receiving 130 mcms a year due to Israeli diversions and lack of storage faci-

Israel has blocked the con-(Continued on page 7)

Clinton to attend signing on Oct. 26

- Hoping for a measure of political credit. President Bill Clinton will go to the Middle East to witness the Israel-Jordan treaty signing. While there, he will visit U.S. soldiers in Kuwait, the White

He was invited to the Oct. 26 ceremony by King Hussein and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. They telephoned Mr. Clinton when he was aboard Air Force One shortly after they announced

the accord Monday.

The trip, Mr. Clinton's first to the Middle East as president, comes in the midst of a string of foreign policy successes: The showdown with Iraq, peaceful military in-

WASHINGTON (Agencies) tervention in Haiti and the announcement Monday of an agreement between the United States and North Korea on the communist regime's nuclear programme. This series of accomplishments could help Mr. Clinton elect fellow-Democrats in the Nov. elections for Congress.

He himself is not a candi-Elected on his promise to be a domestic policy president, Mr. Clinton has received little credit from voters for a rebounding economy. His domestic political woes are hurting democratic

congressional candidates.

Mr. Clinton, whose diplo-(Continued on page 7)

PLO upset over treaty reference to Jerusalem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) assailed Israel's treaty with Jordan on Tuesday, saying it violated the PLO's own deal with the Jewish

A draft treaty initialled in Amman on Monday recognises a special role for Jordan as guardian of the Muslim shrines in Jerusalem.

"The reports obtained about the peace treaty signed between Jordan and Israel clarify the dangers of what has been agreed, especially concerning Jerusalem and the Islamic holy shrines and the Waqf in it," an official spokesman of the PLO-led Palestinian National Authority (PNA) said.

The Waqf is an authority based in Jerusalem which is in charge of Islamic holy sites and property in the West Bank

"It is a flagrant violation of the PLO-Israel declaration of principles and contradicts the letters exchanged between the two sides concerning Jerusalem and the Islamic and Christian holy places there," the PLO spokesman

The treaty was "an attempt to impose the status of Israeli occupation on the Holy City of Jerusalem and its Christian and Islamic sites under the cover of an Israeli-Jordanian accord," the authority said in a written statement.

The statement charged (Continued on page 7)

Jordan-Israel treaty hailed as courageous

Combined agency dispatches

FRENCH PRESIDENT Francois Mitterrand on Tuesday praised His Majesty King Hussein for his courage in reaching a historic peace deal

In a personal message Mr. Mitterrand said the deal, initialled Monday, "constitutes a decisive new step on the path to an overall settlement in the Middle East."

He said that France "will remain at Jordan's side to help it in this great enteradding that "the peoples of Jordan and Israel will at least be able to come together and work for peace and development in the re-

He said the agreement reflected King Hussein's "courage and clearsightedness" in the Middle East peace pro-

Israel and Jordan initialled a peace treaty on Monday, and expect to hold a full signing ceremony at the end

U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali hailed as a milestone the peace treaty and said it offered hope of a lasting settlement in the Mid-

In a statement, Dr. Ghali said the agreement "represents another milestone in the Middle East peace process, and offers fresh hope that a comprehensive, just and lasting settlement in the region will be achieved in the near future.

Britain welcomed the treatv and said: "Her Majesty's govern-ment warmly welcome to-

day's news that Israel and (Continued on page 7)

Assad: Syria will not block Jordan's moves

CAIRO (Agencies) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad said Tuesday Damascus would not stand in Jordan's way in making peace with

"Even though we are convinced of your error and your attack on all joint efforts, we wish you success without sup-porting you," Mr. Assad said, referring to Jordan, at a joint press conference here with Egyptian President Hos-

ni Mubarak. "We will not commit any material or tangible act of opposition to hold up your work," he added.

Israel and Jordan initialled a peace treaty on Monday, and expect to hold a full signing ceremony at the end

Under the treaty, a small parcel of Israeli-held land will be returned to Jordanian sovereignty and then leased

back to Israel for 25 years with a renewal option.

Mr. Assad insisted: "We find it blasphemous that an (Arab) country could speak of leasing its land" to Israel. "I doubt anyone could say Syria would ever lease its

land to Israel. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres had said Tuesday that such an arrangement could be "an excellent model" for an agreement with

Israeli Economy Minister Shimon Shitreet urged Israel to seek a deal with Syria under which areas of the Golan Heights would be leased for 99 years. Mr. Assad noted his coun-

try's position as a key power broker in the region, saying "observers of the problems in the region know that we are

(Continued on page 7)

Jordan dismayed at Kuwait speaker's comment

said Tuesday it was dismayed over a statement by the speaker of the Kuwaiti parliament, Ahmad Al Saadoun, over Jordan's stand vis-a-vis the situation in the Gulf.
"We have read with regret

and shock the statement of Saadoun levelled against Jordan following His Majesty King Hussein's declaration that the Kingdom would oppose any move on the part of any Arab party to use force against another," said Marwan Al Qassem, King Hussein's advisor on political

"While we reiterate the King's expression of concern and express feelings of disappointment and anger over the military movements near the Kuwaiti border we cannot but express feelings of sadness over the pathetic psychological and mental condition of certain parties like Saadoun who still fail to see matters in the right pers-pective," said Mr. Qasem in a statement quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Mr. Saadoun said in a statement two days ago that Kuwait did not trust Jordan or the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Mr. Saadoun said that in Kuwait's view neither Jordan nor the PLO had changed its policy towards the emirate. That was a reference to what the Gulf states perceived as Jordanian and PLO support for Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in 1990.

Mr. Qasem said that Jordan had been facing a great deal of suffering as a result of the Gulf crisis.

"Jordan has been right all along in its efforts that aimed at saving the Arab Nation from the consequences of the crisis and would remain faithful to its principled stands and continuing to seek safe-guards for the nation's interests regardless of the unjust campaigns and falsehoods fabricated against the Kingdom," Mr. Qassem

"What we all need today," he said, "is no more of wounds and stirring of hard and vengeful feelings, but rather rising above the pain to stop further sliding towards the abyss of all parties in this region."

Masri, in second about-turn, quits race for speakership

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Lower House of Parliament Speaker Taher Al Masri turned the tables yet again in the race for the speakership of the second ordinary session of the House by announcing his withdrawal from the elections Tuesday.

In a letter addressed to deputies. Mr. Masri said: "It would be impossible for me to proceed with my candidacy for the speakership" due to an important personal matter which will take him outside the country for "an indefinite .eriod of time.

"I apologise from the depth of my heart to every one of you for this urgent and difficult situation and only God knows the pain that this is causing me," Mr. Masri told his colleagues who supported his candidacy.

The withdrawal constituted the second reversal of deci-

sion by Mr. Masri, who had said he would run for a second term this week despite an earlier decision not to contest the elections.

Islamic Action Front (IAF) candidate Abdullah Al Akaileh, independent Islamist Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat and Abdul Kareem Al Dughmi, independent, had withdrawn their candidacy in favour of Mr. Masri when he announced he would enter the race at the request of his colleagues

That left Sa'ad Hayel Srour, a member of the national democratic coalition to which Mr. Masri belongs, as the only challenger to Mr. Masri's bid for a second term.

Mr. Srour became the candidate of the Democratic Coalition ,when Mr. Masri first announced he was not running for reelection. The coalition voted to support the bid of Mr. Srour against that of Mr. Ali Abu Al Ragheb, a former minister of trade and industry and later energy. Some deputies had blamed

Mr. Masri for what they called his indecisiveness on whether he wanted to run for a second term or not. They said the incumbent had wanted to run all along but was waiting to be promised the support of centrist deputies before announcing his decision. Mr. Masri has not been available for comment throughout the past week.

Mr. Masri, however, failed to get this support as both his bloc and the National Bloc said they were not willing to reverse their decision to support Mr. Srour, especially that this decision was taken in light of Mr. Masri's earlier announcement that he was not running for a second

Accordingly, Mr. Masri had decided to enter the race with the support of the Islamic Action Front, and



Taher Al Masri another group of 13 independent deputies who had urged

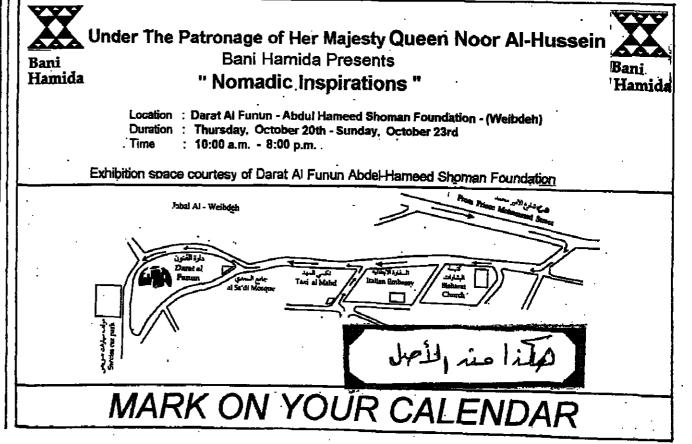
him to run as well as the

seven-member Independent

Dr. Tubeishat had told the Jordan Times that over 30 deputies were behind Mr.

Masri's candidacy. Those deputies will support him now that he decided to run for the elections with Mr. Masri out of the race, Dr. Tubeishat told the Jordan Times Tuesday. He said

(Continued on page 7)



Syria remains odd man out

By Jamal Halaby

The Associated Press AMMAN - When Jordan and Israel formally end nearly 50 years of hostility next week, the man perhaps most important to expanding Mideast peace won't be there - Syrian leader Hafez Al Assad.

Mr. Assad "should look around," Israeli President Ezer Weizman said in occupied Jerusalem. "He may be the last in line" to make peace with Israel.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin also said the accord initialled Monday would increase pressure on the Syrians. "I think it will also have repercussions where Syria and the Palestinians are concerned," he said upon his return from Jordan

But in Damascus, Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa dismissed the Israel-Jordan treaty as insignificant.

"Irrespective of the number of agreements they have signed with the Arabs, all Arabs and Israel realise that peace has not been achieved so far." he said.

He put responsibility for making peace squarely in .Israel's court.

"We hope the Israeli government will realise the fact that without achieving peace with Syria and Lebanon, there will be no peace in the region," he said. "This is the

Syria fought Israel in 1948, as well as in 1967, 1973 and during Israel's 1982 invasion

Syrian state-run newspapers warned that the Jewish state's motives should not be

The papers said Israel's stalled peace talks with Syria and Lebanon, under effective Syrian control, demonstated that Israel is still playing for time, seeking to pick off the Arabs one be one to weaken their bargaining positions. Syria has said repeatedly

there must be a comprehen-

than the series of bilaterial treaties that has long been Israel's strategy.

"If there were any truthful intentions on the part of Israel, the Middle East peace process would not have stum-bled on the Syrian and Lebanese tracks," the Tishrin daily said in a front-page editorial.

The Syrian-Israeli talks have been stalled since February, despite U.S. efforts to get them going

Peace talks with Syria are snagged on Damascus' demand that Israel relinquish the Golan Heights seized in the 1967 Middle East war. Polls show most Israelis oppose giving up the Golan. Israel has offered a phased

and partial withdrawal over several years and wants complete normalisation of relations. Syria rejects the offer.

Tishrin said that after three years, the peace process "is still stuck by Israel's intransigence and alleged security pretexts and fears.

But there was a hint that the Syrian-Israeli talks might be reinvigorated. Israel on Monday lifted the curtain on a secret two-year operation that brought Syrian Jews to the Jewish state via the United States. Ministers lauded the immigration as a sign of Syrian good will.

"Without a doubt this has great significance... also poli-tically, because it is another gesture towards creating a new atmosphere in the Mideast." Immigration Minister Yair Tsaban said.

The Israel-Jordan accord, reached after an all-night session that resolved disputes over water rights and borders, was expected to be ratified quickly by the two countries' legislatures.

The Israeli cabinet approved the draft just hours after Mr. Rabin and Jordanian Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali initialled it on Monday at the Hashemiyeh

sive peace settlement, rather Japan welcomes Jordan-Israel treaty

TOKYO -- Japan welcomed the initialling of a peace treaty between Jordan and Israel and expressed hope that this step would enhance the peace process between Israel and

other countries in the region. Shigeru Endo, director of the Middle East division at the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, said:

We are hoping that the early signing of the peace accord will facilitate the movement of other negotiations taking place with

Mr. Endo, addressing a group of reporters from the Middle East visiting Japan, added that Monday's signing was an optimistic sign for the Syrian and Lebanese course in the peace process.

"Expectations are growing and moving in the positive manner, and we continue to encourage parties to exert their utmost efforts in their peace process," he added. Mr. Endo's comments came one day after Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin initialled a draft peace treaty setting out solutions to territorial and water disputes between the

two countries. The accord came nearly three months after the July 25 White House ceremony in sein and Mr. Rabin agreed formally to end a 46-year state of war and signed a non-belligerency pact. Since inen, ine two countries i been working to resolve differences that stood in the way of a peace treaty.

Mr. Endo also said that Japan would do its best to enhance the peace process. "We have to think careful-

ly of what we need to do to advance the peace process. particularly in the bilateral negotiations and we will try to contribute as much as we can," said Mr. Endo.

According to Mr. Endo. Japan will invite top-level leaders in an attempt to contribute to the peace process. He confirmed that Mr. Rabin would visit Japan for the first time in a step towards building a better rela-

"Mr. Rabin's visit to Japan will be intended to discuss the peace process and other biissues and discuss lateral ways to increase cooperation in science and technology. he said.

President Hosni Mubarak will also visit Japan for similar purposes. The Japanese official would not release the date of

either visit but said they will

be "sometime in December."

Kabul Radio said.

He also said that Egyptian Younis Khalis.

town of Peshawar.

Hekmatyar and Gen. Dostum fired 24 rockets on the residential areas of Kabul on Monday, killing four people and wounding 17, official Mr. Rabbani said on Sun-

day in the eastern Afghan town of Jalalabad that he had convening the grand assembly with Ittehad-e-Islami par-Sayyaf, Harakat-e-Islami leader Mohammad Nabi Mohammadi and Hezb-e-Islami (Khalis group) leader

assembly should be convened



PROTESTS: Thousands of Palestinians loval to the Islamic movement Hamas march on the Gaza central jail on Monday, the third day of protests calling for the release of all Hamas prisoners (AFP photo)

Rabbani foes reject peace plan

PESHAWAR, Pakistan (R) Opponents of Afghan
President Burhanuddin Rabbani have rejected his plan for a traditional assembly to elect his successor and rocketed Kabul where the official radio said four people were

Mr. Rabbani and three other Mujahedeen group leaders announced an agreement on Saturday to convene the Loya Jirga, or grand assembly, to elect the next president.

The plan rules out any role for the Jumbush-e-Milli Islamic movement of northern warlord General Abdul Rashid Dostum, a major ally of Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar in the anti-Rabbani Supreme Coordination Council (SCCIRA).

"Jumbush is part and parcel of SCCIRA and we will not accept its exclusion," a council spokesman told Reuters in the northwestern Pakistan

He said SCCIRA would not accept an assembly of selected people or agree to anything less than an elected shura (council)." Militias controlled by Mr.

reached the agreement on leader Abdurrab Rasul

The four men proposed the on the same lines as one held in 1989 at Rawalpindi in Pakistan which named a rebel government in exile to step up the war against the then

Burhanuddin Rabbani Soviet-backed government in

Kabul. "How can it succeed now when it failed to work then?" asked SCCIRA spokesman Nawab Salim.

Mr. Rabbani and his allies have proposed that 60 representatives each from nine Mujahedeen parties, 30 each from 30 Afghan provinces and some invited Afghans living in Western countries shoud form the grand assembly of about 1,500 partici-

"This could be one of the ways to find a solution to the Afghan problem," Mr. Rabbani said on Sunday. He said the leadership

council of his allies had decided that no non-Islamic organisation would be allowed to take part in the political process.

Gen. Dostum played an important role in the collapse of then Soviet-backed President Naiibullah.

He remained an ally of Mr. Rabbani until he ioined forces with Mr. Hekmatyar last January to launch a campaign to oust the president. "I want to transfer power to a jirga (assembly)," Mr.

Rabbani said on Sunday. He said he was ready to transfer power as soon as an Islamic jirga was formed and convened. "We should also (then) decide the future government.'

At least 11,500 people have been killed in the fight for supremacy in Afghanistan since the mujahedeen took over from the communists in

Efforts launched for funds for water projects

The Jerusalem Post

WATER COMMISSIONER Gideon Tsur and former Agriculture Minister Avraham Katz-Oz left for Europe Monday to seek funding for two major Israeli/Jordanian water projects.

The proposals envisage the construction of a dam along the Yarmouk River to create a reservoir of fresh water that could be tapped and used by the Jordanians.

The dam is expected to cost some \$100 million and would increase water resources in the area by as much 70 million cubic metres

During the winter, whenthe Yarmouk is full, the water simply runs off into the Jordan River, then the Dead Sea. The dam would catch

some of the flood water and store it for year-round use.

The second project is for the establishment of a de-

salination unit on the northern shores of the Kinneret to produce fresh water from three brine springs. At the moment, the water from the springs is pumped into a canal which runs from

the site around the western shore of the Kinneret and flows into the Jordan south of Kibbutz Deganya Alef. The project would cost around \$50 million and would

be capable of producing 20 million cubic metres of water a year. Mr. Tsur and Mr. Katz-Oz

were to meet in Luxembourg with heads of the World Bank and the European community to try and raise funds

Israel expects flights to Jordan in 6 months

The Jerusalem Post

COMMERCIAL flights to Jordan will begin within six months, while charter flights will begin within weeks after a peace treaty is signed. Transport Minister Yisreal

Kessare said Monday.

A delegation led by Civil Aviation Authority head Menahem Sharon was to meet with Jordanian representatives on Tuesday in Agaba to discuss coordinat-

ing flights, he said. Mr. Kessar said there are still disagreements about the altitude at which Jordanian aircraft would be permitted to fly over Israel, and other issues relating to flying rights and ticket sales still have to

be resolved. However, the two countries have agreed on air traf-

fic control procedures and aerial communications.

The air agreement to be signed will specify that Israeli planes can cross Jordanian airspace, which will cut travel time on flights to Far East by several hours.

Also yesterday, Mr. Kessar' told officials of the Naqab development authority that the amount of cargo trucked from the centre of the country and the Dead Sea area to Eilat justifies the building of a rail line to the southern port city, saying such a rail line would "have a significant influence on the economic development of the Middle

The main obstacle to building such a line is linking it from the northern approaches of the city to the

Life no holiday for UNIKOM soldiers

CAMP KHOR, Kuwait (AP) — Camp Khor has all the makings of an ideal vacation spot - sun, sand and access.

to a beach on the Guif. But life for the 1,100 troops serving here with the United Nations' Iraq-Kuwai Observation Mission (UN-IKOM) is no holiday. The men were dispatched

to the border after the 1991 Gulf war to serve as a buffer between Iraq and Kuwait and prevent any weapons from being brought again into a 15-kilometre-deep demilitarised zone along the frontier. "We spend most of our time in trucks or helicopters

on patrol," French army Captain Paul Jacquier, 32, of Paris, said Monday. "It's hot and dusty, and it can get pretty boring."

Last week the troops were

on alert after Iraq moved units towards the Kuwait

U.N. officials said their helicopters and light spotter aircraft never saw the Iragis, who stopped at least 10 kilometres short of the demilitarised zone and pulled back amid a U.S.-led military buildup in Kuwait.

"We didn't see movement forward, so we didn't have to worry personally," said Malaysian soldier Mahyuddin Abdul Razzak, 40, of Kuala Lumpur.

The U.N. forces at this camp, just shy of the Traq-

Kuwait border near the Gulf,. says there is little civi-lian traffic across the border, except for an occasional Palestinian or Iraqi deported by Kuwait, U.N. officials

But there have been incidents in the zone, which extends 10 kilometres into Iraq and five kilometres into Kuwait.

Last November, hundreds of Iraqi farmers stormed the border to protest a U.N. commission's decision a year earlier to demarcate the border with their land on the Kuwait side.

The United Nations responded by sending some 775 armed Bangladeshi infantry-men to back up the 250 unarmed observers, who are drawn from 33 different na-

The observers include 15man contingents from each of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council

— United States, Britain, France, Russia and China.

These days, some 4,000 stateless Arabs - known as bedoums." — are camped in Iraq just north of the zone. They were expelled from Kuwait after the Gulf war and want to return home.

U.N. spokesman Vesselin Kostov, a Bulgarian, said Iraqi liasion officials have assured the United Nations that the bedouins would not try to rush the border.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Iranian team to visit Iraq

TEHRAN (AFP) - An Iranian delegation is due in Iraq on Saturday to prepare for a visit by Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati which has been postponed several times, the minister said in remarks published Tuesday. The delegation will hold talks with Baghdad to "determine the exact date of my trip" to Iraq, Mr. Velayati said, quoted by the Hamshhri newspaper. It will also draw up the future course of discussions between the two neighbours which fought a bitter war from 1980 to 1988. He said the issue of prisoners of war and the problem of visas for the citizens from the two countries would be discussed. Tehran has prepared a list of 32,000 Iranians, both soldiers and civilians, it says have been held prisoners or been missing in Iraq since the end of war. The delegation cancelled a visit to Iran at the last minute in June to protest Baghdad's support for Iran's main armed opposition group. The Iraq-based group was accused of a bomb attack on a holy shrine in Iran in June, which left 26 dead and dozens

Italy wants violence punished in Mideast

ROME (R) — Italian Foreign Minister Antonio Martino said on Monday during an official tour of the Middle East that violence in the region had to be dealt with harshly and that extremist groups only sowed seeds of hatred. "We are continuing to witness attempts aimed at derailing the negotiating process through violence and terror," Mr. Martino said in a statement released in Rome. "Tragic examples of that have occurred in the past few days." Mr. Martino said violence had to be "condemned, rejected and blocked" in the firmest way possible, and added that extremist groups should not be allowed to influence the peace process.

Sudan recalls monitors from Uganda border

KHARTOUM (AFP) — Sudan has withdrawn its military monitors from the border with Uganda at the request of Kampala, an army spokesman was quoted Tuesday by the government daily Al Engaz Al Watani as saying. Since-1989 Sudan has had military monitors at points along the border after complaints by former Sudanese Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi about alleged Ugandan support for rebels in southern Sudan. Brigadier Mohammad Bashir told the daily that the government was pulling out its monitors at Uganda's request. He said that although Uganda had asked for the monitors to be stationed at the border to disprove Dr. Mahdi's accusations, the monitors were being restricted in their movements by the same. government in a way which did not allow them to carry out their mission as agreed upon by the two sides."

Cypriot leaders seek breakthrough

NICOSIA (AFP) - Cyprus President Glafcos Clerides and Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash are to meet in an attempt to end the stalemate over efforts to end the division of the island, the U.N. said Tuesday. The U.N. secretary general's representative in Cyprus, Gustav Feissel, said Mr. Clerides, a Greek-Cypriot, will hold two informal meetings with Mr. Denktash, leader of the self-style Turkish republic of northern Cyprus which is recognised only by Ankara. The first meeting late Turkish areas at the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas at the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas at the self-style treated at the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas at the self-style treated at the self-style treated at the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas at the self-style in the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas at the self-style in the self-style treated at the self-style in the buffer zone between the Greek and Turkish areas of the island "will be the first of series of very important events" for Cyrpus, Mr. Feisel told the local Cyprus News Agency after meeting with Mr. Clerides.

Kuwaiti court to decide on embezzlement case

KUWAIT (AP) — A legal argument which sent are embezzlement case involving a former minister from one court to the other in the past 10 months will be solved in December, a senior judge said Tuesday. Judge Ahmad Mahfouz, head of the criminal court, said he would announce his decision in Dec. 6. The criminal court asked the constitutional court in May to determine the legality of a parliament decision to rescind a law under which former Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al Sabah would have been tried by a special panel reserved for government ministers. Sheikh Ali is accused of "making it possible" for four other officials of the state-owned Kuwait Oil Tanker Co. to embezzle up to \$200 million through a scheme of leasing tanks in their own names and then releasing them to the company at inflated prices. Only one other defendant, Hassan Qabazard, is in custody. The rest, a Kuwaiti, a Briton and a Jordanian, fled the country.

Oman Air to begin flights to Sri Lanka

COLOMBO (AFP) - Muscat-based Oman Air has been granted temporary rights to operate a weekly flight to Sri Lanka starting Wednesday, aviation officials here said. Civil Aviation Director Upalai Malalgoda said Oman Air could operate a service from Muscat to Colombo for one year, during which period both countries will have to work out a new air services agreement.

Ramos holds talks with OIC chief

JEDDAH (AFP) - Philippines President Fidel Ramos met here Monday with the secretary-general of the Organisation of Islamic Countries (OIC) to discuss the fate of Filipino Muslims, the Saudi news agency SPA reported. Mr. Ramos and Hamid Al Gabid of the OIC considered "negotiations underway between the Philippines government and the Moro National Liberation Front" on politicla autonomy for Muslims, the agency added. The rebels are supported by the Jeddah-based OIC. Dr. Al Gabid said he was "satisfied by the positive results" of the talks between the Manila government and the rebels. he urged two sides to "eliminate the difficulties holding up the peace process" in order to reach a fair and permanent settlement to the problem of Muslims in the south Philippines."

Jeddah (SV)

... Algiers (AH)

..... Beirut (ME)

Damascus (AZ)
Cairo (MS)
Abu Dhabi, Doha (GF)

Karachi, Abu Dhabi (PK)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO	PRO
17:09 Les Tresors Du Mond	17:00
18:30 News in Frenc	18:30
19:00 E-M	
19:10 Galactic	
20:00 News in Arabi	20:00
21:10 Cracking the Cod 22:80 News in Englis 22:20 Poldar	21:10
22-60 News in Englis	22:60
22:20 Poklar	22:20
23:10 The Exil	23:10
PRAYER TIMES	

CHIDCHES

CHURCHES
St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelligh, Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, To 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Te
637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrusaneta Church Tel: 622366
Church of the Annunciation To 623541.
Anglican Church Tcl. 630851, Tc 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tc
771331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Tci. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tol: 824328.

gregation Tel: 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675091. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. 811295

gation Tel: 684195

WEATHER Bulletia supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology

Skies will be partly cloudy with a chance of scattered showers. Winds will be variable becoming north-westerly moderate. In Agaba, it will be partly cloudy with a chance

•	
Min/Max. temp.	
Amman	16/24
Aqaba	20 /32
Deserts	13 /. 20
Jordan Valley	20/31

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 24 Aqaba 32. Humidity readings: Amman 35 per cent.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

*****	7-10-6
AMMAN:	Public Security
Dr. Abbas Al Hakim 885446	Hotel Comple
Dr. Jamil Maraga 776249	Price Compla
Dr. Khalil Abu Marjoub 785525	Water and S
Dr. Shabanch Al Izzah 753774	Complaints
Firas pharmacy 661912	Amman Mur
Ferdows pharmacy 778336	Complaints
Al Asema pharmacy 637055	Telephone In
Nairoukh pharmacy 623672	(directory a
Al Salam pharmacy 636730	Overseas Call
Yacoub pharmacy 644945	Central Amn
Shmeisani pharmacy 637660	Repairs
	Abdali Telepi
Nairoujh pharmacy 623672	
Najib pharmacy 847632	Jordan Televi
• • •	Radio Jordan
IRBID:	Water Author
Dr. Ali Shoqairi 246140	Jordan Electr
Al Quds pharmacy (—)	
At Quits pharmacy 1—)	El
7ABOA.	Electric Pow

Hisham Hyasut Khalifeh pharmacy 985417 **EMERGENCIES**

Food Control Centre 637111 Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

. 630321 605800 Sewerage XV7467 s nicipality

787111 man Telephone 623101 hone Repairs 601101 680100 ricity Authority 815615 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Control Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabel Amman Maternity 642362 University Hospital ...
Al-Mussber Hospital 667227/9 Al-Abli, Abdali 664164/6 lian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Amal Hospital 674155 ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560

Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732

Al Hikma Medem Hospital (09)990990

IRBID:

Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafoes Hospital (02)247100

.. (02)275555

Princess Basma Hospital

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (18)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Jeddah (RJ) 98:39 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 09:15 .. , Lamaca (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ) 15:00 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) London (RJ) 17:25 .. Paris (RJ) 17:25 Istanbul (RJ) Brussels, Geneva (RJ) Toronto, Montreal (RJ) 18:25 Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) Rome (R1) Madrid (RJ) Beirut (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Cairo (RJ)

12:30 18:25

23:25 . **DEPARTURES** Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Rome (RJ)

..... Colombo (RJ) 19:35 19:45 20:05 Beirut (RJ) . Agaba, Cairo (R. ... Riyadh (RJ) 20:10 New Delbi (RJ) Aden (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Beiret (ME) Lamuca (CY) Jeddah (SV) Cairo (MS)
Abu Dhabi (GF)
Abu Dhabi, Karachi (PK) Algiers, Sharqah (AH)

HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN Dep. Ammun ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday ... 5:00 p.m. every Monday ... 7:30 a.m. every Sunday ... Arr. Ammun ... 5:00 p.m. every Sunday ... 5:00 p.m. every Sunday

MARKET PRICES: Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

Cabbage	110 / 89
Салтов	. 300/200
Cauliflower	300/ 280
Clamentine	360/ 100
~	200 18U
Cucumbers (large)	170 / 80
Cucumbers (small)	340 / 240
Eggplant	300/ 200
Sarlic	1300/900
Згарез	600 / 490
Grapes (Hilwani)	10 0 0/ 800
Lemon	220 / 176.
Marrow (large)	170 RC
azanın temuli	220 . 224
viulukhizh	21 V RX
Juve (green)	300V 300
Onion (green)	340/ ኅለብ
Union (drv)	400 / 10m
'CDDCr (hot)	340 / 740
rcppcr (sweet)	300 / 20n
rotato	4007 300
pinach	280/ 280
Iomato	370/ 220
tring beans	360/ 500
	. ,

مِلْذَا عند المُلْصِل

Princess Basma thanks diplomatic corps for success of Um Al Hussein Bazaar

ma, chairperson of the Umm Al Hussein Orphanage, issued a statement in which she thanked the diplomatic corps in Jordan for their efforts in implementing this year's Umm Al Hussein Charity Bazaar.

'We are very grateful for the enormous efforts the diplomats have extended in arranging for and carrying out this highly successful and beneficial event; they have turly gone out of their way to make the bazaar a success as a special tribute to the late Queen Zein Al Sharaf," Princess Basma said.

The bazaar was held at the Al Hussein Sports City on Oct. 10 and included traditional and unique items flown in from 30 countries. For the first time, the

bazaar was accompanied by an international food fair which added a special touch and gave visitors an oppor-tunity to relax, taste different ethnic specialities and socialise in an international atmos-

The bazaar was organised and carried out by a committee of wives of foreign ambassadors to Jordan, who personally arranged all aspects of the event, including the selection of items from each coun-Try, the publicity and the

display. Cristina Afridi, wife of Pakistani Ambassador to Jordan Tareq Afridi, was one of the key persons to arrange this year's bazaar. "This is the fifth year that I participate in this event. Following the meeting held by Her Royal Highness in prepara-

FESTIVAL IN ZARQA:

Her Royal Highness

Princess Rahma Tuesday

visits Princess Rahma

School in Zarqa where

she opened a cultural

and sports festival, an

exhibition of the Hashe-

mite family pictures and

an educational activity

exhibition. Addressing

the festival, Princess

Rahma stressed that family planning, inculca-tion of sacred values,

such as cleanliness and

cooperation, fostering the spirit of constructive

competition, and respect of neighbours can only be achieved through close genuine coopera-

tion among all sectors of

people. She pointed out

that schools can play a major role in this area.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Her tion for this event, I decided Royal Highness Princess Bas- to use my specialisation in marketing and publicity in organising the bazaar," Mrs. Afridi said, adding that the bazaar is a very popular event among the diplomatic community in Jordan, and one they enjoy participating in.

"It is the minimum we can do to honour the dedication of Her Majesty Queen Zein Al Sharaf and the work of the Umm Al Hussein Orphanage which this year is celebrating its 43rd anniversary," she

Amparo Bettini, wife of Italian Ambassador to Jordan Romualdo Bettini, was also active in the organising committee for the bazaar.

"This year the bazaar included more countries, and more effort was exerted than last year, therefore we hope that we have in fact raised more funds for the orphanage, which is after all the reason for the bazaar," said Mrs. Bettini.

The orphanage, which currently houses 138 children, relies on the bazzar and donations for its operating

According to Virginia Egan, wife of the U.S. Ambassador to Jordan Wesley Egan, the bazzar has become institutionalised in the American embassy. "We have a committee that coordinates our contribution to the bazaar and everyone is very enthusiastic participat-ing in it," she said. "It was especially nice to see the boys from the orphanage who came to the bazaar later in the day, they are such nice boys and I am glad they were

able to be there," she said.



Cristina Afridi and Amparo Bettini (left) address the Oct. 10 opening of the Umm Al Hussein Charity Bazaar organised by wives of foreign ambassadors to Jordan (photo by Hagop Toranian)

Mrs. Afridi agreed that the more consulates involved bazaar was a great success this year, but vowed to improve it even further next year. "This year 28 embassies and two consulates participated. We hope to have more embassies and especially

next year," she said.
"It would also be nice to have it on a Friday to make it a family day, with more cultural shows, maybe some

and Jordan should remove

trade impediments to both countries and open the way

It recommended that the

Egyptian and Jordanian gov-

ernments facilitate the entry

of transport vehicles from

either country, the exchange

of information on investment

between the Egyptian cham-

bers of commerce and the

JBA and that both sides coor-

dinate their stand vis-a-vis

the coming economic confer-

ence in Morocco towards the

The statement also recom-

mended that American-

Egyptian firms be allowed to

bid for tenders in Jordan, a

end of October.

for mutual investments.

films and a bigger food fair,



Visiting commerce team reviews joint venture prospects in tourism

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Tourism and Antiquities Mohammad Adwan Tuesday received in his office a visiting delegation from the American Chamber of Commerce in Cairo headed by Mohammad Gabr, executive vice president of the cham-

The main purpose of the group's mission is to establish channels of communication, identify trade and investment opportunities and expand regional commerce, according to a ministry statement.

Mr. Gabr said "the American Chamber of Commerce was initiated in Egypt in 1982 and became the first American chamber of commerce in the Middle East." The organisation is an affiliate of the

U.S. Chamber of Commerce. The Cairo affiliate has over 630 member companies and individuals representing the largest American business interest group in the Middle

It is engaged in promoting growth and enhancing stability, through regional business missions, said the statement.

The two sides discussed the possibility of joint projects. panies to implement tourism projects. Dr. Adwan said

Spanish Cultural Week kicks off with sparkle

By Jennifer Hamarneh Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — Spanish Cultural Week took off Monday night with the vibrancy of a

romantic encounter. Starting with a gourmet dinner prepared by San Sebastian chef Juan Ignacio Zubiarrain, patrons easily could foretell the night held something special. Chef Zubiarrain's "Atlantic nouvelle cuisine" menu offered a delightful array of delicacies, all flow in fresh

from Spain. A perfectly enjoyable and relaxing evening was made memorable by the sensuous experiencing of Vicente Ami-

This 27-year-old flamenco guitarist unassumingly strums out his dedication to guitar great Paco de Lucia with his fascinating arrangement of de Lucia's "Entre Dos Aguas." Another set into his performance, and the listener discovers that Amigo's music is simply irresistable.

The visiting delegates expressed their desire to contribute to setting up joint com-

It is precisely at this mo-

begins to move you to the His art is flamenco, with its "iondo" — the music and dance of anguish and despair, and its "chico" — characterised by love and gaiety. But his essence is jazz and all that

ment that this young genius

is good for the soul. Joining into this corporealintellectual offering are another guitarist, a percussionist, a singer and a dancer, all obviously hand-picked by Amigo as they intertwine and release, each knowing each other, and each knowing

The passion crescendos, and the audience is suddenly all alive.

Vicente Amigo's compositions, ambitions and ideas will remain an epoch chapter of the Amman scene long after he has left town.

He is in tune with all times. those of Spain's lingering gypsy airs, those of its visionary tomorrows.

that the tourism sector has become a main priority, and he stressed that the government is now moving towards privatising this sector.

"The government role is to enact legislation and regulations and provide the proper investment climate for the private sector to invest. The government should pull out of direct investment and leave the private sector to handle it," the minister said.

The meeting was also attended by Ghassan Mufleh, secretary general of the Ministry of Tourism, and several ministry officials. Earlier the delegation met Hamdi Tabaa, chairman of

the Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA), and both sides issued a joint statement providing recommendations designed to facilitate trade and economic cooperation. The statement said that

practice to be reciprocated by allowing Jordanian-American firms to bid for Egyptian tenders and offer facilities to Jordanian exporters to market their products

in the United States. concerned parties in Egypt

NEWS IN BRIEF

AIDS prevention seminar starts

AMMAN (Petra) — A three-day symposium on AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) prevention Tuesday started here. Organised by the Business and Professional Women's Club (BPWC) in cooperation with World Health Organisation (WHO) the symposium seeks to promote awareness about AIDS. Addressing the opening session, BPWC President Hind Abdul Jaber stressed the important role women can play in educating their families about the dangers of AIDS, and promoting health awareness on how to avoid this disease. Taking part in the symposium are 25 researchers from the Ministry of Health. the faculties of medicine and nursing at the University of Jordan and the BPWC.

Radio Monte Carlo to feature Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) - Radio Monte Carlo will broadcast special week-long series on Jordan starting Friday, Oct. 21. The programme will include interviews with politicians. businesspersons and representatives of the tourism, economic and cultural sectors. A special team from Radio Monte Carlo last week were in Amman to shoot the series.

Conference on cancer opens

AMMAN (Petra) - Health Minister Aref Batayneh Tuesday opened a three-day medical conference on cancer by reaffirming the ministry's determination to back public and private efforts to make Al Amal Cancer Centre succeed in its mission.

It is hoped, said the minister, that Al Amal Centre, which is due to open soon. would serve as a regional centre, offering integrated medical services to cancer patients from Jordan and other countries.

Dr. Batayneh, who depu-tised for His Majesty King Hussein at the opening ceremony held at the University of Jordan, said that the health ministry was also proceeding with plans to spread public awareness of the importance of early detection of cancer and to enhance the Nuclear Medicine Centre at Al Bashir Hospital which was established in 1956.

Jordan Medical Association (JMA) President Ishaq Maraga and head of the conference preparatory committee Nabih Muammar addressed the conference outlining its aims and shedding light on the working papers to be



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and right) Tuesday attend the opening of a medical Minister of Health Aref Batayneh (second conference on cancer (Petra photo)

They also highlighted of cancer patients. Jordanian efforts in the medical fields and the activities of the JMA in supporting national efforts in cancer

The meeting is designed to enable participants to exchange expertise in the treatment of cancer and also tocus public attention on the need to contribute to the treatment

Organised by the JMA, the meeting is attended by specialists from the U.S., United Kingdom and other European and Arab states.

Participants will review 150 working papers dealing with cancer prevention, early detection of the disease, and other related topics. Meanwhile, Amman Tues-

day also hosted a two-day conference by the Arab Un-

ion of Veteranians. Union Secretary General Khalil Ibrahim, who opened the meeting, called for increased cooperation among Arab veterinarians.

Delegates representing Jordan, Palestine, Algeria. Sudan and Iraq are taking part in the meeting.

ESCWA seminar recommendations to be implemented by disabled women

By Cathy King Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) regional seminar on the role of the family in integrating disabled women into the society ended Monday with a consensus of opinion of its successful outcome and a decision to establish a committee of disabled

commendations. "The formation of a committee of disabled women, with the assistance of some experts, to follow up the recommendations and monitor their implementation is very important," said ESCWA Social Affairs Officer of the Social Development Division

women to implement its re-

Kay Nagata. "Subcommittees should also be created to cater for various categories of disabled women, like the blind and the deaf," Ms. Nagata added.

Heba Hagrass, one of the working group moderators, said, "we have yet to identify the problems associated with a wider range of disabilities. Another conference, including more disabled participants, is necessary so that these disabilities can be addressed by those affected."

Participation of disabled women at the seminar made for a realistic approach to problems The participation of disabled

vomen ensured that the seminar was down to earth and dealt with realities rather than pure theory," said chairperson Madi-ha Safti of the American University in Cairo.

Two guidelines were set on made: that the issue of disabled women should be tackled within the overall framework of women's development in the Arab World and that cultural aspects of the ESCWA region should be considered in the process of planning and implementa tion of activities for disabled

The draft recommendations, which met with little contention. urged specific areas of action. Suggestions included that diswomen should be integrated into development projects for all women, able-bodied and disabled alike; that rehabilitation institutions cooperate with the family to ensure maximum integration into society and those institutions should be staffed by suitably qualified Arab women. The promotion of community-

framework of primary health care and income generation was underlined. It was suggested that contributing factors to the occurrence of disability, such as improper birth spacing and kinship marriages, should be avoided.

Marriage counselling services were recommended in conjunc-tion with the promotion of public awareness to rid society of its negative attitude towards dis-abled women's sexuality/ marriage.

This conference was the first in the region to concentrate specifically on disabled women's needs. It was also ESCWA's first seminar on this issue since its cultural event held to evaluate the implementation of the World Programme of Action at the end of Persons (1983-1992).

WHAT'S **GOING**

SPANISH CULTU-**RAL WEEK**

☆ "José Maria Gallardo" classical guitar recital following a dinner at the Forte Grand Hotel Amman at 8:30 p.m. (all proceeds to go to benefit Noor Al Hussein Foundation).

FILMS

☆ Drama film entitled "Oedipus" at Goethe-institut at 7:00 p.m.

☆ Video film entitled "Young and Innocent" at the British Council at 7:00

CONCERT

Concert by the "Black Tulip" band at Samir Rifa'i Auditorium, University of Jordan at 3:00

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of art by Sanaa Hindi entitled ''Leaves'' at Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).

Exhibition entitled "Span-ish Modern Engraving and Multiplied Sculpture" at the Jordan National Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh (Tel. 630128).

☆ The First Computer Art Exhibition in the Arab World at Ain Art Gallery, Wadi Sagra Street (Tel. 644451).

artists at Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art, Wasfi Tal Street (Tel. 695291). **★** Exhibition of abstract art

by Maha Sa'id Muhaisen at the Royal Cultural Cen-☆ Ceramics exhibition by Iraqi artist Salam Nouri at

Alia Art Gallery (Tel. 639350). ★ Exhibition of applied art (flowers, painting on cloths, mirrors and pottery) by Fathiya Al Asi at the University of Jordan.

* Exhibition of abstract art by Rafi' Nasiri at the French Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of watercolours by Vladimir Tamari at Darat Al Funun, Jabal Luweibdeb (Tel. 643251/

Under the Patronage of

Her Majesty Queen Noor



A Spectacular Flamenco Show and "Yllana" Comical Mime Group



A perfect blend of culture and laughter

With a magnificent Gourmet Dinner prepared by Spain's top Chefs Ramón Roteta Juan Ignacio Zubiarrain José M. Gonzalez "Currito"

Feel Spain's passion for life

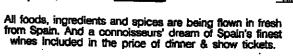
Dinner and Show JD40. Furte Grand 8:30 pm. inclusive of tax and service

Tickets sold at Forte Grand Amman For details, please call 69651?









All proceeds to the benefit of Noor Al Hussein Foundation

هملذا مند الأصل

Perry seeks cooperation from China's military

ry urged China's rising military leaders Tuesday to buttress growing political stabil-ity and booming prosperity in the Asia-Pacific region, and changing U.S.-Chinese rela-

In a speech at China's National Defence University. he told nearly 300 young People's Liberation Army (PLA) generals and colonels that budding cautious military relations were an essential ingredient in U.S.-Chinese political and economic ties.

'China's influence reaches every corner of Asia and. increasingly, the world." Mr. Perry told rows of brownsuited officers.

The Pentagon chief stressed that the PLA could moderate China's future path in the thorny areas of human rights, missile technology transfer and nuclear testing.

"The challenge facing us today is to ensure that this region's stability and prosperity are strengthened for future generations," Mr. Perry

He urged China's defence officials to be more forthright about budgets and strategic goals to address the womes of its neighbours.

"I envision a relationship that is led by our defence

officials, but that rests on a solid foundation of officers like you, who will lead our armed forces into the 21st

century," he said. Mr. Perry, accompanied by two U.S. senators and a large delegation, came to China to blunt suspicion and foster better relations between the Pentagon and the PLA.

But he has also used the visit to press for changes by China in human rights and other areas such as missile sales to Pakistan and continued Chinese nuclear tests. On the third day of a four-

day visit to begin renewing military ties, served in 1989 after the PLA crushed prodemocracy demonstrators in Tiananmen Square. Mr. Perrv was greeted at the military university by warm applause and a band playing America The Beautiful.

Army General Zhu Dunfa praised Mr. Perry for leading a move by the Clinton administration to re-open military ties, although Mr. Perry stressed the United States would not sell arms or transfer military technology to

But China's official media played down Mr. Perry's trip. The People's Daily Tuesday devoted only a brief front-page story to his meeting with China's Central

Military Commission vicechairman, Liu Huaqing. The Xinhua News Agency reported nothing.

In a breakfast meeting Tuesday with U.S. business officials in China, Mr. Perry stressed there was no sentiment in the United States to resume arms trade or military technology transfer with Beijing in the foreseeable fu-

But one of the business officials told the breakfast that, arms aside. U.S. policy on trade with China was so 'disorganised and fragmented that Asian, British. French and other firms were edging ahead of U.S. businesses in dealing with the world's most populous na-

"The sum of all fears for us trying to undo a mess that we Americans created, our competitors will merrily press ahead on an uneven playing field that was of our making." said Richard Latham. the president for United Technologies Corp in China.

forces are undergoing major cuts in personnel, but Peking's defence spending is believed to be increasingly sharply while U.S. outlays are being cut. Washington fears the

U.S. and Chinese armed

each worries about the other's strategic goals in the Asia-Pacific region.

Mr. Perry wants better understanding and cooperation between the two defence establishments, but he has stressed in meetings this week with Foreign Minister Qian Qichen, Defence Minister Chi Haotian advance unless China makes progress in human rights and other

Mr. Perry is the first U.S. defence chief to visit since 1989, when Washington froze a wide range of military ties after Beijing used the PLA to crush the pro-democracy pro-tests with heavy loss of life. In a modest first step on

closer military ties, the two nations signed a memorandum Monday to cooperate in converting defence industries to consumer production. Mr. Perry said Tuesday he

ter going to South Korea and will brief leaders of those countries on an agreement between the United States and North Korea on Pyongyang's nuclear programme. Mr. Perry will visit with governmental leaders in

Seoul Friday and hold talks in

Gorbachev

warns of

danger in

free world

LOS ANGELES (R) - The

world is facing a greater dan-

ger from nuclear weapons

now than during the cold war, Mikhail Gorbachev, the

last president of the former

Soviet Union, said Monday.

mental media awards pre-

sentation in Los Angeles,

Mr. Gorbachev called for im-

mediate international prog-ramme designed specifically to rid the world of nuclear

"The cold war is over. But,

the nuclear genie, which was

let out of the bottle, is still at

large." he said in his new

capacity as president of Green Cross International, a

worldwide environmental

Mr. Gorbachev took a

swipe at the failure of Boris

Yeltsin's government to stop

"In some ways it has even

become more dangerous be-

cause of lax control over nuc-

lear and fissionable materials

and the soread of modern

technologies for producing

the weapons of mass destruc-

illegal exporting of nuclear

components out of Russia.

weapons. -

Speaking at the environ-

nuclear

will visit Japan this week af-

"I welcome the agree-Tokyo Saturday before flying home at the end of an around-the-world trip, senior

marks the latest stage in efforts by Washington U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry (right) and Beijing to resume high-level military contacts suspended after the 1989 crackdown with the Pentagon delegation, talks to his Chinese counterpart Chi Haotian and Chinese defence officials in Beijing. Mr. Perry's visit

U.S. defence officials added. At a news conference in Beijing. Mr. Perry declined to reveal details of the agreement reached by U.S. and North Korean negotiators in Geneva for Pyongyang to halt its nuclear arms prog-

ment," he said. "I want to caution you that this is an agreement between negotiators. It has not yet been approved in capitals." "And this is an agreement

that before the President (Clinton) signs will be reviewed with our allies that have primary concern with this agreement." Mr. Perry "In particular, I plan to

stop in Korea and Japan on

treating plague victims. More

than 800 have been dis-

charged after treatment, it

The outbreak of plague.

the first in India in nearly 30

years, led several countries to

cut aviation and shipping

Health Organisation has said

the plague threat could only

be considered over 12 days

after the last case is reported.

people have died-of a myste-

rious disease during the past

two weeks in the far north-

eastern Indian state of Man-

ipur, PTI reported Tuesday.

official reports from state

administrators, said the dis-

The news agency, citing

Meanwhile, at least 150

the way home and meet with officials in the Korean and Japanese governments and

brief them on the details of this agreement. "I am not free at this time to discuss the details of the agreement," he added.

Mr. Perry will make a brief stop in the Philippines Wednesday night and Thursday before flying to Seoul.

Mother searches **Hong Kong** streets for missing model:

Worl

HONG KONG (R) - An Australian teenage model disappeared from Hong Kong airport and has not been seen since Sunday police said Toesday as her mother walked the city's streets, asking passers by it they had seen her danghees. Jessica Lolita Ebreuburg, 14 disappeared Sunday as she was about to board a plane to Australia, igniting her mother's fears she might have been lodsapped. The tall, blonde from Byron Bay, outside Sydney, was on her way home after modelling assignments in Paris and Milan Australian consular officiale declined to comment, but a source close to the investigation said "there is a good chance there was a boyfriend involved." Police said Jessica had no money with her and was believed to have made a telephone call just before she disappeared. A police spokesman said there were no clues as to the girl's whereabouts.

Beijing abandons dream of dogless city

BELIING (R) — China's capital has abandoned its goal of being the world's only canine-free city, but under a tough draft law Beijing's notorious "dog-beating squads" will probably not be brought to heel. City fathers, accepting the failure of "unknown disease" but had Socialist-inspired campaigns to ban dogs, have proposed a more realistic scheme that nonetheless includes stiff licencing fees and draconian restrictions. The official China Daily said Tuesday that a yearly dog licence would cost "a staggering 6,000 yuan" -- about \$700 or triple the counmy's average annual urban income. News accounts did not say how the law would be upheld, raising the prospect that enforcement may be left to notorious bands of statesanctioned vigilantes who for decades have beaten dogs to death in front of their masters. The draft law is strictest in eight inner-city districts. where only the smallest breeds will be tolerated and only a few per shops and veterinary clinics allowed to open. It will crimp the style of fashion-conscious Beijingers, especially newly wealthy young women who covet being seen cuddling furry lapdogs. "Dog owners cannot bring their pets into markets, or other public places," the draft says. "And dogs are not allowed to use elevators or public transport." What's more, dogs may be taken us. I can't say the exact date outdoors only at night between 8 p.m. 6 a.m. They must be walked on a leash by an adult and their excrement

mediately. 5 attempt jail break from death row

must be scooped up im-

INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana (R) — Four U.S. prisoners on death row at the Indiana State Prison escaped from their cells Monday but were captured after exchanging shots with a guard, officials said. A fifth condemned prisoner was stopped before he could leave his cell but police had to use teargas to subdue him and in the process one officer suffered a minor injury. Indiana prisons spokeswoman Pam Patterson said the incident began early Monday morning at the prison in Michigan City when four men cut through bars and escaped through a window. A tower guard saw them entering a recreation area and ordered them to stop, at which time one of the four fired three shots from a home-made gun, she said. The guard fired a warning shot and the four surrendered. A fifth death row inmate who had not left his cell but who was armed with a knife refused to surrender

27 million Snow White videos

Norwegian survey finds 51% still opposed to EU membership

OSLO (AFP) - The day after Finland voted in favour of European Union (EU) membership. 51 per cent of Norwegians said they were opposed to their country becoming an EU member. while 31 per cent are in favour, a survey published Tuesday by the Aftenposten newspaper said.

The remainder of those polled were undecided. According to the survey, con-

ducted Monday by the Opinion institute, opposition to EU membership has risen six percentage points among Norwegians, and the percentage in favour has dropped four points, since the last survey published Saturday on the eve of the Finnish referendém.

Norway will decide on Nov. 28 whether to join the EU at the beginning of 1995. Finland voted for EU mem-

bership Sunday. 57 per cent in favour to 43 per cent

Norway's survey also polled people on how they would vote if, after Finland, Sweden also approved EU membership in their referendum Nov. 13. In this case, 48 per cent of Norwegians still preferred to remain outside the union while 41 per cent would vote in favour and 11 per cent remained unde-cided.

Violence claims 23 l**i**ves in Karachi

into Karachi hospitals Tuesday, bringing the death toll from rampant religious and ethnic violence over the last two days to 23, police sources said.

The latest outburst of violence continues a long and grisly tradition of ethnic. political and religious tension in the sprawling port city.

Most casualties occurred Monday - five in a commando-style raid by unidentified gunmen on a congregation of Shiite Muslims, police and witnesses said.

Those killed were identified as workers of Tehrik Jafria Pakistan (TJP), a Shia organisation which has been Movement (MQM), a party

BONN (R) — Chancellor

Helmut Kohl planned speedy

talks on renewing his

reelected coalition, despite a

wafer-thin majority, as the

opposition Social Democrats

Mr. Kohl held his first talks

organised for a concerted

parliamentary assault.

majority Sunni Community, which calls itself Sipah Sahaba Pakistan (SSP).

Although the police did not directly accuse the SSP of the attack, militants from the two sides have been involved in tit-for-tat attacks throughout the country.

Dozens of people demonstrated publicly here Tuesday to protest at the killing of the TJP workers, burning old tyres, throwing rocks at passing vehicles and settling a bus

In a separate incident, police found the mutilated bodies on Monday of three men believed to be members of the ethnic Mohajir Oaumi

Kohl plans speedy coalition talks

tiations.

KARACHI (AFP) — Four at loggerheads with a militant representing the large Urdumore bodies were brought religious group from the speaking community here in Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's home province of Sind.

> The MQM, headed by its founder Altaf Hussain, who is in self-imposed exile in London, is accused by local Sind speakers of trying to carve out a territorial domain for Mohajirs in the province.

MQM — the second largest and main opposition party in the Sind regional assembly ruled by Ms. Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP) - has been a principal target of a two-year-old lawand-order campaign

spearheaded by the army. Its leaders face charges including murder and torture of

Mr. Gorbachev told his Hollywood Entertainment Industry audience that Russians and Americans should be at the forefront of diffusing the nuclear threat.
"While we were thinking

tion," he said.

how to multiply the weapons of nuclear overkill, we acted like barbarians digging a common grave," he said. He called for the development of a universally binding,

international code of environmental ethics to ensure the safety of the Earth's ecosystem, "There must be a kind of

10 commandments for the environment, something that no one would be allowed to violate," he said.

Plague claims 60th life in India mained at the Civil Hospital, the sole hospital in Surat to treat malaria had been

NEW DELHI (AFP) - Two people died of plague Monday in the western Indian city of Surat, taking the nation-wide death toll from the outbreak of the disease to 60, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported Tuesday. The deaths at the govern-

ment-run Civil Hospital in Surat, the Gujarat state city at the epicentre of the plague outbreak, were the first reported in India in five days. They took to 56 the num-

ber of plague fatalities in Surat. 270 kilometres (168 miles) north of Bombay, since the highly infectious disease was diagnosed on the city on Sept. 20, causing a nationwide scare. There have been three pla-

gue-related deaths in New Delhi and one in the southern state of Karnataka. PTI said a 38-year-old Gu-

jarat newspaper worker and a 30-year-old woman died of plague in the Civil Hospital's isolation ward Monday.

The news agency said only about 35 plague sufferers re-

ease was "spreading in an epidemic form" in the Tamei and Tamenglong areas of

The deputy commissioner of Tamenglong district had asked state health authorities to rush medical teams to the area to help identify the disease, PTI said.

It said that medicines used

administered to victims of the

not proved effective.

links with new Delhi and impose a variety of travel An outbreak of malaria has curbs that have caused huge killed more than 160 people losses to the Indian economy. in the northwestern state of Indian officials say the Rajasthan in recent weeks. disease has been brought under control. But the World

Thai Airways International (THAI) has resumed its regular flights to India, but is still taking strict precautions to prevent the spread of the disease, the airline said Tuesday in a statement.

The precautions include having a Thai doctor check passengers boarding THAI flights in India, and spraying the passenger cabin and cargo holds with disinfectant. the statement said.

Thai initially suspended flights to India, then resumed partial service but did not accept passengers from that country.

tled. The time for the initiall-

ing of the agreement is before

but it is a matter of days and

He said this agreement was

more watertight than the ill-

fated 1991 accords, signed in

the Lisbon suburb of Bicesse.

which broke down after UN-

ITA (National Union for the Total Independence of Ango-

la) rejected its defeat in

September 1992 elections and

The war, which started

when Angola won independ-

ence from Portugal in 1975,

resumed with unprecedented

returned to the bush.

not weeks."

Angolan peace announcement raises nopes

LUANDA (R) — Angola's warring foes have agreed in principle to end nearly 20 years of civil war but foreign diplomats advised caution over the prospects for real peace, remembering previous deals came to nothing.

Diplomats monitoring talks which began last November in Lusaka between the Angolan govern-ment and UNITA rebels

were hedging their bets.
They said the agreement in principle announced by U.N. mediator Alioune Blondin Beye Monday appeared to have fewer loopholes than a short-lived May 1991 accord

- but decades of distrust were hard to overcome. "It's a very, very complex agreement to implement. One does not expect it to be easy," said one foreign observer to the talks in Lusaka.

In Luanda caution was the

"There is no formal agreement yet," one Western diplomat said, noting there was room for further delay abefore a full accord was signed. "I have indications the

military this side are very reserved about a possible agreement. They have the greatest reserve possible. They see it as merely a political accord. Now a huge number of things need to be cleared up." Mr. Blondin Beye, the spe-

cial U.N. envoy in Angola, told a news conference in Lusaka he expected a signing of apeace protocol by the two sides at a still unspecified date in the near future. A ceasefire would go into effect 48 hours later.

peace in Angola will be there. There is nothing blocking our way now."

"There are no longer any substantial issues to be set-

"Within a reasonable time

ferocity, killing tens of thousands of civilians and displacing about a third of the 10 million population. Several political analysts in

Luanda saw potential problems in implementing a new accord, although conceding that this time it could be

Sri Lankan premier: Army had too much power

COLOMBO (Agencies) -Prime Minister Chandrika Bandaranaike Kumaratunga has said the island's 100,000strong army has too much power and some officers might try to sabotage her government peace talks with Tamil rebels.

The army, she told the British Broadcasting Cor-poration (BBC), "has so poration (BBC), "has so much authority and freedom to run around as they want that I can safely think that in certain cases some people may even try to sabotage the peace process."

"I am not saying it happened here... we have to find out. But I am not ruling that out," kshe said in the interview broadcast Monday. The prime minister said

one problem with the pre-

vious government was that it

lacked sufficient control over the military. "Their attitude was that we cannot decide anything on our own (regarding peace talks). We have to get per-mission from them — which rattle the government talks. Our government is not willing

to tolerate at any point," she declared.

watchword.

The prime minister's remarks could spark dissension in armed forces. "I am certain a lot of officers in the army are going to be offended by the lady's comments," a senior army officer involved in anti-rebel opera-

stitution, Mrs. Kumaratunga has little, if any, control over the country's armed forces.
President Dingiri Banda
Wijetunga, whose United National Party is in the opposition, is commander-inchief of the armed forces and the police. He also has retained the defence portfolio, despite his party's loss of power to the New People's Alliance in the August gener-

al election. A government team held talks with the Tamil rebels in their northern Jaffna stronghold last week and are due to resume discussions next

Both sides expressed optimism at the first round and said they would like to

end the 11-year conflict, which has cost more than 30,000 lives since 1983. The Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) are

seeking a separate state in the north and east for the Sri Lanka's 2.5-million minority Tamil community. The army has expressed concern about a possible repetition of what happened

during the last peace talks, in

1990, when government forces had to withdraw from territory, only to retake it later at great cost.
Mrs. Kumaratunga said the government was prepared to consider a ceasefire but would not allow either the army or the rebels to gain unfairly, as in 1990, in the

event of a ceasefire.

Deputy Defence Minister

Anuruddha Ratwatte has

peace talks fail, the army would be given the go-ahead to crush the Tamil rebels. Tamil rebels released nine

Sinhalese fishermen in northern Sri Lanka Tuesday, reciprocating the government's freeing of 18 guerrillas after last week's peace talks.

Government and rebel negotiators will meet in Jaffna again on Oct. 24 to continue the talks to end the ethnic war. The Sinhalese prisoners

were handed over the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in the rebel stronghold, Jaffna, 300 kilometres north of Colombo, said an ICRC official on condition of anonymity.

Dozens of Sinhalese fisher-

men have disappeared in the war-ravaged north and east during the past three years, and the military says they are being held captive by the "The guerrillas admit that

they have only 19 policemen and 35 soldiers in their custody. But the military believes that the rebels had captured hundreds of policemen and soldiers when they over-ran several military bases and police stations in



A file picture dated 1977 shows Dagmar Koehl on the catwalk during the Miss Germany '77 contest. The former Miss Germany received a mandate as member of parliament for the Christian Social Union (CSU) in the German Bundestag during Sunday's legislative elections (AFP photo)

Minister Klaus Kinkel of the seek a rapid coalition agree-Free Democrats (FDP), on a ment rather than repeat schedule for coalition negodrawn-out negotiations after the previous elections in December 1990 that paralysed They did not comment after the hour and a half of Bonn during the outbreak of the Gulf war against Iraq.

talks on forming a centreright pact for a fourth con-Social Democrat (SPD) Chairman Rudolf Scharping secutive term. Both Mr. Kohl and Mr. was due to be appointed leader of the party's parliament bloc as early as Tuesday to head what he has pledged will be a determined attack on Mr. Kohl's weakened gov-

> ernment. "I would bet on Kohl being chancellor for another two years rather than four," said Mr. Scharping, who has quit post as Rhineland-Palatinate state premier to come to Bonn.

His SPD rose almost three points from the last election in 1990 to 36.4 per cent, while Mr. Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU) and their liberal FDP allies fell more than six points to a combined 48.4 per That left the centre-right

coalition with only a 10-seat edge in parliament over the combined opposition of SPD. ecologist Greens and reformed East German Communists, down from a 124seat majority in the previous legislature. President Bill Clinton

Monday telephoned Mr.

Kohl to congratulate him on his election victory, saying: "I was so happy for you." White House spokeswoman Dee Dee Meyers told reporters Mr. Clinton, who is friendly with Mr. Kohl, telephoned from his plane as he flew to a speaking engage-

ment in Albuquerque.

CDU and FDP leaders

carefully avoided making public demands that could

Under Sri Lanka's con-

assured the troops in the field the government will keep them informed of every move in the peace process.

He has said that if the

and was tear-gassed. Disney ships

BURBANK, Calif. (AP) — A record 27 million retail orders have been placed for Snow White And The Seven Dwarfs on home video. Walt Disney Co. said. Assuming consumers buy all those videocassettes when Snow white goes on sale on Ocr. 25. the release would easily take over from Disney's Aladdin as the best-selling home video in the United States and Canada. Aladdin sold 24 million copies during the six months it was in release.

relaxation of sanctions

In Bosnia, Serbs have

blocked and held up aid con-

voys and repeatedly forced

the closure of Sarajevo Air-

port, the main aid gateway

for the city's 380,000 inhabi-

tants, by threatening to shoot

Col. Spicer said 25 U.N.

military resupply convoys

had been refused permission

to move Tuesday by the

On the war front, Col.

Spicer said troops of the

Muslim-led government

mounted attacks in the Gra-

dacac area of northern Bos-

nia and near the southwest

Col. Spicer also said U.N.

observers in the northwest

city of Bihac had reported

that six civilians were killed

and 10 wounded in apparent

Serb shelling of a railway

The Bosnian war began in

April 1992 with violent Bos-

nian Serb protest of a deci-

sion by the republic's Mus-

lims and Croats to break Bos-

Six civilians were killed

nia away from Yugoslavia.

and 10 wounded when Bos-

nian Serb forces shelled the

northwestern Bosnian town

of Bihac, a U.N.-declared "safe haven," the spokesman

for French units based in the

The Bosnian Serbs fired

two shells Monday evening

region said.

aid aircraft.

city of Konjic.

Serbs.

against his own country.

On Monday, U.N. military

police counted 162 artillery

exchanges around Bihac and

on the strategically important

Grabez Plateau south of

Bihac, according to the U.N.

Protection Force press office

The area forms the front

A United Nations aid con-

voy came under fire near the

eastern Bosnian town of

Gorazde Tuesday and one

driver was believed to have

been killed and another

wounded, Col. Spicer said.

ty reports were still not con-

firmed and he could not say

who fired at the convoy oper-

Gorazde is a Muslim en-

clave in eastern Bosnia sur-

rounded by Bosnian Serb

U.S. President Bill Clin-

ton, fulfilling a congressional mandate, will submit to the

U.N. Security Council a long-

threatened proposal to lift

the arms embargo on Bos-

nian Muslims, but U.S. offi-

cials said Monday it will not

resolution to lift the U.N.

arms embargo on Bosnia-Herzegovina," State Depart-

ment deputy spokeswoman Christine Shelly told repor-

"In accordance with the

president's letter to Con-

"We are working on a draft

take effect until spring.

ated by the UNHCR.

Col. Spicer said the casual-

between the warring Bosnian

Serbs and Bosnian govern-

ment troops.

U.N.seeks return of medicines

hijacked by Bosnian Serbs

"We still hope to recover

the cargo. We had a vague

promise from General Mladic

that he would make sure that

the cargo is returned, but we

Mr. Janowski added:

"Even if they are not quite

happy with the share they are

getting it's certainly not the way to do it, hijack a convoy

The convoy was made up

of U.N. vehicles carrying di-

alysis equipment, hygiene

kits and other medical sup-plies donated by the World

Health Organisation

conduct of French soldiers

who were on duty at the

checkpoint where the inci-

dent took place but were

unable to prevent the theft.

U.N. military spokesman Colonel Tim Spicer said there

were a lot of people and vehicles at the checkpoint

and any attempt to use force

to stop the hijack would have

"It's the last place you

Col. Spicer said. "It

want to start some sort of

shooting incident or fire-

would be absolutely crazy."

recent weeks stepped up their

harassment of the United Na-

tions aid effort. This followed

a decision by their backer in

Belgrade, Serbian President

Slobodan Milosevic, to im-

pose a blockade on the Bos-

The Bosnian Serbs have in

been ill-advised.

U.N. officials defended the

will just have to see."

at gunpoint."

(WHO).



Picture shows the headlines of the national morning newspapers on the day after the Sunday Times published extracts from an authorised biography on Prince Charles by Jonathan Dimbleby. In the book the Prince claims to have been pressured into his marriage to Princess Diana by his father, the Duke of Edinburg, and that he in fact never

Palace: Charles, Diana have no divorce plans

LONDON (R) — Bucking-ham Palace said Tuesday that Prince Charles and Princess Diana had no plans to di-

Reacting to press reports of a divorce settlement, a spokesman said: "as was stated quite clearly when their separation was announced in December 1992, the prince and princess' had no plans to divorce. That remains the position."

Lawyers for the heir to the throne and his estranged wife also put out a statement saying there was "no truth" in reports of a pending divorce agreement involving the couple.

The French magazine Voici said the royal couple had agreed a \$24.5 million divorce settlement for next

The prince's lawyer, Henry Boyd-Carpenter, of Farrer Co, and Lord Mishcon of Mishcon De Reya, the princess's legal adviser, said in a joint statement that there was royal couple divorcing next :

> They said no consideration was being given to legal ac-

tion to prevent further publication of the reports.

In the latest report on Britain's crisis-hit monarchy, the French magazine Voici said Prince Charles and Princess Diana, whose marriage broke down in December 1992, had agreed a cash set-tlement on divorce next year.

It quoted excerpts from British royal author Andrew Morton's book, Diana: Her New Life, to be published next month.

The couple, who were married in 1981 but bitterly separated 11 years and two sons later, are expected to put an amicable end to their marriage in March, according to the magazine.

As part of the divorce settlement, Princess Diana also would get a London residence with an estimated value of 50 million francs (\$9.6 million) and a country house in Wales or in France.

She would have to give up most of her jewels under the divorce terms and would divide wedding presents with prince Charles.

The number of those presents was greatly diminished in December 1992 when the

couple, on the eve of their separation, organised a bonfire at their residence in Highgrove to burn all the wedding gifts neither of them wanted, the book said.

Mr. Morton's book was not due to appear until Nov. 15 and a London newspaper ac-cused Voici of having stolen the manuscript.

Voici spokesman Marc Rassat flatly denied it had been stolen, though he acknowledged that much of the information his magazine published came from the book and that one of its journalists had been arrested in a police "sting" operation after attempting to sell the manuscript to another publication.

"There is no question of a eft," Mr. Rassat said. "This is a scoop, and there is nothing unusual about that."

He said the magazine's information had come from its own staff as well as from the Morton book, which was obtained through "journalistic means.'

Journalist Roberto Alvarez was arrested by French police in a Paris hotel Monday after offering the Morton manuscript for sale, Mr. Rassat said. "This is the action of an individual and not of the pub-

delay the divorce until after the death of his grandmother Elizabeth, the queen mother, fearing it would cause her considerable pain. But in the end, he agreed to an earlier date, according to the maga-

Morton's book depicts both Prince Charles and Princess Diana as preoccupied with their image and in constant fear of being snooped on by one another. It said they were in constant battle with each other since their 1992 separation, with the future care of the children the main

topic of contention.

Russian press shocked by assassination of reporter

MOSCOW (R) - Russian jected to political and econo- vice (FSK). journalists, shocked by the murder of a Moscow reporter investigating military corruption, demanded swift government action Tuesday to halt "a wave of terror" against

news media.

Dmitry Kholodov, who had been investigating mafia ties with the military, was torn to pieces Monday when a briefcase he thought contained important documents exploded as he opened it in the newsroom of popular Moskovsky Komsomolets. "Journalists are being submic pressure including terror by criminal structures," said a statement by Russia's union of journalists.

It added that those responsible for the murder were "not hooligans but criminal forces in politics and the economy who are opposed to the freedom of speech."

Mr. Kholodov died in an ambulance taking him to hospital. He told his colleagues that the briefcase had been passed to him by his source in the Counter-Intelligence Ser-

We have the right to write and they have the right to kill us because of what we write," Alla Yaroshinskaya told a news conference. She is a journalist and a member of President Boris Yeltsin's advisory Presidential Coun-

"Honest and independent journalists are being hunted down," she added.

A joint statement by Russian and Moscow Journalists' Unions demanded that the president, the government and law-enforcing agencies union.

Documents released at the news conference said five journalists were killed and 26 injured this year alone and not a single case had been resolved by investigators. "The lawlessness of crimin-

al structures, which rule the country, has reached a critical point. Authorities either dignitaries. cannot or do not want to take the criminal situation in the country under control," said the statement by the Moscow

Balladur seeks presidential ceasefire in cabinet

PARIS (Agencies) — Prime Minister Edouard Balladur told senior ministers Tuesday to stop squabbling in public and prevent rivalry over next year's French presidential election from destroying his

government's unity.

Aides said Mr. Balladur, determined to restore cabinet discipline and appeal for calm, was asking his conservative coalition to wait until January before starting to campaign for the two-stage election on April 23 and May

Silencing cabinet supporters of Gaullist leader Jacques Chirac as far as possible is a key part of the Balladur camp's own presidential strategy, which calls for the prime minister to be chosen as the coalition's sole candidate in January.

Mr. Balladur began with a private meeting with Foreign Minister Alain Juppe, the top Chirac supporter within the cabinet. Mr. Juppe last week clashed publicly over policy with both Interior Minister Charles Pasqua and Defence Minister Francois Leotard.

Mr. Pasqua and Mr. Leotard arrived at the prime minister's office later and the four discussed ways of ensuring the government functioned smoothly on foreign and security policy in the run-up to the presidential poll, aides said.

Afterwards. Mr. Juppe told reporters he was "dumbfounded by the deterioration of the political climate" in the last few days but denied having breached cabinet solidarity himself.

"It seems to me urgent for the coalition and the government to get a grip on themselves. We must calm this sort of political madness that

has taken hold of the country," he said.

Last week, Mr. Juppe blamed the Interior Ministry for refusing any more than a 24-hour French visa to exiled Bangladeshi author Taslima Nasrin and bluntly rejected Mr. Pasqua's proposal for primary elections to choose a single conservative candi-

In return, Mr. Pasqua all but demanded that Mr. Juppe leave the government. saying his membership of a political support committee for Mr. Chirac was incompatible with cabinet service.

Mr. Leotard, a key Balladur supporter, twice upstaged Mr. Juppe on foreign policy by questioning U.S. motives in rushing troops to Kuwait — asserting it had more to do with domestic American politics than any real Iraqi threat - and suggesting that Muslim fundamentalists would seize

power in Algeria. Cacophony in the coalition and corruption scandals that have forced two ministers to resign in three months, have begun to undermine Mr. Balladur's reputation for calm, sound government, public opinion polls show.

As a result, outgoing European Commission President Jacques Delors, who is still absent from the French domestic political fray, has drawn level with Mr. Balladur in the presidential race. despite the unpopularity of his Socialist Party.

Transport Minister Bernard Bosson, another Balladur ally, said that unless the right stopped bickering, it would lose the third presiden-

tial election in a row. Aides said Mr. Balladur had also invited Mr. Chirac and former President Valery Giscard d'Estaing, as leaders of the Gaullist RPR and centre-right UDF parties, to meet him to discuss a political ceasefire until January.

Neither had replied so far. The prime minister's aides said that if they refused to give such a commitment, or gave it and then broke it, Mr. Balladur would be in a position to "call the French people as witnesses" to their bad

However coalition sources said it was unlikely that either party leader would agree to attend such a meeting.

In an apparent sign of the worsening political climate, Mr. Balladur called off a regular weekly coalition lunch which neither Mr. Chirac nor Mr. Giscard d'Estaing has attended for some time.

French people increasingly suspect their political leaders of corruption, according to a poll published Tuesday amid government attempts to play down the latest wave of scan-

Nearly two-thirds of those asked — 58 per cent — said they thought French politicians are "more or less corrupt," while only 34 per cent said they were "more or less honest.

The figures compare with 52 per cent who were suspicious of politicians and 38 per cent who supported them in the previous poll carried out by the Sofres Polling Insti-

The survey was carried out amid a wave of scandals which culminated in the resignation of one minister and the detention of another exminister on corruption

Industry Minister Gerard Longuet, who resigned last Friday, has consistently denied any wrongdoing, while former Communications Minister Alain Carignon is in jail in Lyon on corruption

charges. The Gaullist government of Prime Minister Edouard Balladur is attempting to play down the significance of the scandals, which have drawn comparisons with the Mani Puliti (Clean Hands) corrup-

tion fiasco in Italy. Tuesday's poll indicated that 36 per cent of people down six per cent on the previous figure — believed politicians took notice of what ordinary people thought. Sixty-three per cent (up seven points) thought they took no notice.

However, asked if they thought "French democracy is working well," 54 per cent said yes, against 47 per cent in the previous poll, while 44' per cent said it was not working well.

In a related development Tuesday, a group of French building firms was reported to have signed a formal pledge not to pay bribes to obtain contracts, in order to remove themselves from suspicion.

The economic daily La Tribune said the BTP building trade group had agreed to abide by legislation on the funding of political parties in a document signed last week. It said the signing of the

announced Wednesday. Under French law, individuals are limited to donations of 50,000 francs (nearly \$10,000) per year, while companies are limited to 500,000 francs (nearly \$100,000).

document would be officially

lishers, and we are today looking at the possibility of seeking professional sanctions against this man," he

Prince Charles wanted to

The magazine said Mr.

Princess Diana at one point threatened to snatch the children and flee to Australia because she was aware that under the law she had no legal right to them, according to Voici.

well-wishers. "President (Boris) Yeltsin decided he wanted to show the queen more of Red Square than originally intended, so security were told to keep it clear of people," an angered British embassy official said.

SARAJEVO (R) — The United Nations Tuesday sought

the return of five truckloads

of medicines which Bosnian

Serb forces hijacked at gun-

point at a Sarajevo check-

U.N. officials said the commander of the Bosnian Serb Army, General Ratko Mla-

dic, had promised the cargo

would be handed back following a strong protest from the U.N. side.

A Bosnian Serb spokes-

man denied that the medi-

cines had been hijacked. He

said they were temporarily

confiscated because they

Collum Murphy, a senior

United Nations official, met

Bosnian Serb authorities in

their "capital" of Pale, out-

side Sarajevo to try to resolve

The medicines were seized

by about 10 Bosnian Serb

soldiers, some armed with shoulder-launched anti-tank

missiles, while the convoy

was being held up Monday on

its way from the U.N.-controlled airport to a city-

U.N. drivers were forced

at gunpoint to take the con-

voy to a Serb-held suburb of

Sarajevo, where it was un-

loaded, before they were

allowed to return to the city.

not say why the medicines

had been taken, as some of

the cargo was in any case

destined for the Bosnian

to take everything for some

reason," said Kris Janowski

of the U.N. High Commis-

MOSCOW (R) — Queen Elizabeth scoured Moscow's

near-deserted Red Square for

Russians Tuesday but aides

said neither local chaos nor

royal woes piling up at home

could blight her historic visit

They branded the trip a

success so far but lamented

the embarrassing mix-up

which saw the queen being deposited on the vast cobbled

square devoid of hoped-for

of reconciliation to Russia.

"Apparently they decided

The United Nations could

centre warehouse.

Serbs.

lacked authorisation.

the situation.

"This is just like the old days. We can't get anywhere near," one royal fan, civil servant Anatoly Ryzhkov, said in a reference to Soviet times when only selected groups -- but big ones -were marched out to great

A couple of hundred people — a drop in the Red Square ocean — were hastily allowed up to barriers to talk to the 68-year-old queen, who wore a royal blue coat and hat as Mr. Yeltsin showed her and husband Prince Philip around.

The party carefully avoided getting too close to the tomb holding mummified Vladimir Lenin, the Soviet leader who ordered the murder of Tsar Nicholas and his family in 1918.

The four-day visit, the first



Workers hastily repair the asphalt in front of Moscow's Bolshoi Theatre in preparation for

the visit of Queen Elizabeth (AFP photo) Russia for killing her relative.

But it has been dogged by startling revelations about her son and heir, Prince Charles, and his estranged wife, Princess Diana, who both seem to lack the queen's

stiff upper lip. The Queen brought grand royal spectacle back to Moscow for the first time since the 1917 revolution.

The sight of a monarch smiling from the tsar's box at the 19th century Holshoi Theatre, her tiara and jewels sparkling, was curious in a city recovering from its drab

Early Tuesday the queen.

tims to mark their two countries' short-lived wartime alliance, before touring the palaces and cathedrals behind the stern Kremlin walls.

She looked in on a church service and met the head of the Russian Orthodox Church, Patriarch Alexei, in the Kremlin's Uspensky Cathedral where all Russian tsars were crowned.

On Wednesday the royal couple fly to St. Petersburg, the old imperial capital and cradle of the revolution which toppled the hated Romanov tsar.

But on Red Square, meant to be a highlight of the tour,

by any British monarch, is a with Mr. Yeltsin, laid a confusion reigned over how signal the queen has forgiven wreath to World War II vic-many Russians the queen had many Russians the queen had actually met, as foreigners given easier access made up of the crowd.

"You will be surprised to learn I'm from London," British architect student Ray

Goslitski told Prince Philip. "No I won't," the queen's husband replied, "I have just met a whole group of people from Birmingham (in England).

Prince Philip, who caused a furore with a joke about "slitty eyes" on a royal trip to China in 1986, told one British tourist, with a small beard, "you're half-way to being Russian with that

U.K. rejects Sinn Fein's 'troops out' demand

BELFAST (R) - Britain said Tuesday that rival guerrilla armies in Northern Ireland had "massive amounts of arms" and there could be no withdrawal of troops from the province until security was guaranteed.

Defence Secretary Malcom Rifkind rejected demands by the IRA's political wing, Sinn Fein, that it pull some of its 18,000 troops out of the province because of ceasefires by the IRA and its Protestant

"loyalist" guerrilla rivals.
"Both the IRA and loyalist terrorist groups still have massive amounts of arms,' he told British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) Radio. "No arms have been hand-

ed over — these all remain in their possession and therefore it is not possible simply to say that there is no need for protection for the people of Northern Ireland." Mr. Rifkind's statement

was the latest rebuff for Sinn Fein, which is under pressure from hardline IRA activists to win some concessions on the troops' presence to match speedy way. its ceasefire gesture.

Since the Sept. 1 IRA ceasefire. Sinn Fein has called for a troop withdrawal from Catholic areas which back its campaign to end British rule of Northern Ireland and a halt to searches for IRA arms

Martin McGuinness, a top gesture." He said, however,

Sinn Fein official, told the BBC that the continued of the 18,000 troops and armed Royal Ulster Constabulary (RÚC) was a "provocation" for the 40 per cent Catholic minority.

He also repeated demands that Britain drop a ban on contacts with Sinn Fein and open talks to keep up the momentum of the unprecedented peace drive in the province.

"Here in Ireland most peoole were expecting that the British government would wholeheartedly join the peace process and ... begin a process of demilitarisation of the British army and RUC and accept that now is the time for the British government to join in talks with Sinn Fein," he said.

"Most people now expect. against a background of two of the three armed groupings demilitarising the situation, that the third and largest armed grouping - the British army - would now be demilitarised in a fairly

"As long as this continues, it will become an increasing provocation to many people on the ground."

Mr. Rifkind said Britain had legitimate security concerns and would not be withdrawing troops as a "political that London looked forward to the day when there was no longer a need to keep so

many soldiers there.
The IRA is thought to have some 300 tonnes of arms and explosives while its Protestant UVF and UFF rivals are believed to have smaller caches.

Meanwhile the Irish gov-

ernment, trying to smooth the entry into mainstream politics of the IRA's political wing, Sinn Fein, will give the party three seats in a new forum it is setting up to discuss Northern Ireland's fu-

Government sources said it was proposing to award Sinn Fein three places at the National Forum for Peace and Reconciliation which it intends to convene in the coming weeks.

Sinn Fein's invitation was seen as a reward for arranging the Irish Republican Army (IRA) ceasefire last month which unlocked the doors to ending the 25-year Northern Ireland conflict.

Britain, Ireland's partner in a drive to find a political solution to the conflict, has until now shunned talks with Sinn Fein which it has refused to recognise as a legitimate political organisation because

of the IRA's guerrilla war. It says it cannot open a dialogue with Sinn Fein until it is satisfied that the IRA's campaign to drive Britain from Northern Ireland is per-

manently over.

But Irish officials hope the London government will soften its position soon and signal an end to ban on contacts with Sinn Fein to keep up the momentum of the peace drive.

The next step is expected to be revealed early in November when Britain and Ireland unveil plans to set up some kind of regional elected assembly in Northern Ireland along with bodies to run cross-border trade and other

economic affairs. Irish Prime Minister Albert Reynolds sees the forum as a background body which will examine all ways of ending religious and political differences across Ireland and allow politicians of all shades of opinion to meet and talk.

Sinn Fein's Northern Ireland rival, the moderate Social Democratic and Labour Party, is to get five forum seats while the small Alliance Party, which sees itself as the voice of all moderates, will get two places.

Sinn Fein's main political foes, Protestant unionist parties in Northern Ireland which are determined the province will stay British. have said they will not take part in the talks.

By Dr. James Zogby

Jordan Times

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Scuffle of the big two

MOSCOW'S ATTEMPT to play a bigger role in the Gulf region suffered a major setback when the deal brokered by Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozvrev to extend Iraqi recognition of Kuwait in return for relaxing sanctions on Baghdad was rejected out of hand by Washington. The United Nations Security Council resolution adopted Saturday on the latest flareup between Iraq and Kuwait bore witness to this "defeat" when the council took a unanimous decision condemning last week's Iraqi massing of troops on the Kuwaiti border and calling for the withdrawal of Iraq's forces to their original bases without as much as mentioning the Russian mediating efforts. To be sure there was a faint praise of recent diplomatic attempts to defuse the crisis as a gesture of minor recognition of Russia's recent diplomatic initiative, but this mention was of no consequential importance in the final analysis. The ability of the U.S. to literally bypass Moscow's initiative was also borne out by the cool reception that the Russian foreign minister had received during his trip to the Gulf region.

These developments shed light on two fundamental U.S. objectives. The first is not to let Moscow reap benefits from the most recent crisis in the Gulf and in the end gain a foothold there. The second is that U.S. President Bill Clinton appears committed to goals in Iraq that go beyond the mere recognition of Kuwait by the Saddam Hussein regime. The way Washington dismissed the "breakthrough" struck by the Russian foreign minister casts doubts about Washington wanting anything less than the collapse of the current Iraqi regime. President Clinton knows very well that any relaxation of sanctions against Baghdad would only give a new lease on life to the ruling regime in Baghdad. A success similar to that scored in Haiti when the U.S. produced, directed and executed a return to democracy in that Caribbean country would surely add to the credentials of the U.S. chief executive as a strong-willed president who can deliver on at least some of the promises that he made on key foreign issues. The continued deployment of U.S. forces in the Gulf area lends support to the thesis that Washington views its present stance as unfinished business. With the Iraqi forces neutralised in the air and on the ground, and Iraq expressing readiness to extend formal recognition to Kuwait and its territorial integrity, there can be no explanation for the perpetual deployment of U.S. forces except to suggest that indeed there is still unfinished business awaiting these forces.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL DUSTOUR daily Tuesday hailed the initialling of the peace treaty between Jordan and Israel, saying that a peace treaty represents the final stage of the negotiations, which have now proved to be successful and fulfilling all Jordanian demands. The paper said that all through the negotiations period. Jordan was keen on clinging hard to its rights in lands and water and has been determined to regain the usurped and legitimate rights. The initialling of the treaty Monday represented the opening of a new chapter for Jordan and its people, who have been yearning for security, stability, development and social prosperity, said the paper. The paper expressed hope that the move would now create the appropriate climate inside the Israeli society for accepting genuine peace free of any hatred towards the Arabs and would end racial discrimination practices against the Palestinians. The paper also expressed hope that the peace treaty with Jordan would pave the ground for progress on the other Arab-Israeli tracks for attaining a comprehensive peace in the region.

WE DO not yet know the contents of the peace treaty with Israel nor how much land and water Jordan is going to get out of the deal, said Fahed Fanek, a columnist in Al Ra'i Tuesday. But he said that the Jordanian people have the right to know the gains now that the Kingdom is signing the treaty in the coming days. The writer said that the Jordanian people have the right to an end to Israel's constant threat to their national security, to defined borders that would check Zionist expansionist ambitions. to restored lands and water, to the facilities for the displaced Palestinians to return to their homeland, to a climate of investments and to a scrapping of Jordan's debts

Washington Watch

Iraq and Haiti: The role of public opinion in U.S. foreign policy

PRESIDENT CLINTON glowed with exhilaration and relief as he addressed the nation on October 10th. The last of Haiti's military leadership was leaving the country. which paved the way for the return of elected President Jean-Bertrand Aristide. And a decisive U.S. response to the Iraqi military build-up near the Kuwaiti border was being well-received across the U.S. political spectrum. The much-beleaguered Clinton foreign policy team was receiv-

ing public accolades for the first time.

The Haiti operation, fraught with dangers and potential pitfalls, has progressed smoothly. After taking a bipartisan bashing in the Congress from an unsupportive Congress. the administration strategy on Haiti appeared to be paying off. The threat of force had convinced the Haitian military junta to cede power and, despite a number of tense and difficult moments, the process of reestablishing Haiti's elected government and rebuilding that nation's security

While some still question the relevance of the president's "national interest" justification for the U.S. involvement in Haiti, with the exception (of course) of Ross Perot, very few voices are being raised against what seems to be a winning and bloodless campaign to restore democracy to

The media, usually quite critical of Mr. Clinton in general and his foreign policy in particular, was uniform in its praise of the president. On the day the leader of the Haitian military government, General Raoul Cedras. announced his resignation from power, NBC news called it. "an important moment in President Clinton's campaign to restore democracy to Haiti." CBS announced, "Cedras bowed to U.S. military intervention." And ABC news, the highest rated in the country, gave Mr. Clinton credit for bringing about "a day most Haitians thought would never come." And the praise extended to the president's swift

handling of the crisis with Iraq.

After being roundly criticised for being "indecisive and ineffectual" in foreign policy, Mr. Clinton appeared strong and decisive. In his October 10th speech to the nation, the president noted, "our objectives were clear, our forces are strong and our cause is right. We will not allow Saddam Hussein to defy the will of the United States and the international community.

Even Mr. Clinton's Republican opponents were strong in their praise of his actions regarding Haiti and, particularly, Iraq. Former President Bush said: "President Clinton has done the right thing in moving the force promptly. ...If fully support what the president has done." Bush's Secretary of State James Baker also praised the move, saying, "what President Clinton said in his press conference was exactly the right approach to take." Senate Minority Leader Bob Dole called Mr. Clinton's action "the appropriate response." And in answer to a question about Ross Perot's criticism that Mr. Clinton acted out of political motivation, Sen. Dole said, "I'm going to leave the politics out of it. This is not a Democratic or Republican effort, this is an American effort."

The nation's papers rang out in praise of Mr. Clinton. Headlines the day after the President's speech included: "For Clinton, a moment to savour:" "President basks in glow of twin successes;" and "Iraq, Haiti, give Clinton rare wins in foreign policy." The ever colourful New York Daily News front-page headline read: "Suddenly Wimp Willie is Big Bad Bill." And political pundits predicted a significant shift in the president's public approval ratings as a result of

the moves and media praise.

The early polls seem to bear out this prediction. A large sample showed 74 per cent of the Americans approving of sending troops to deter Iraq, and Mr. Clinton's overall approval rating has edged up 7 points, largely as a result of his foreign policy victories in Haiti and Iraq. It is somewhat ironic that this late in the stretch run for the November elections, Mr. Clinton and the Democrats are getting a boost from foreign policy reasons after trumpeting their domestic agenda and enduring regular criticism for their handling of foreign policy over the last twenty-two months.

In a real sense, despite their obvious differences, both Gen. Cedras and Mr. Saddam have helped "make Clinton's day" — and both provide interesting case studies in the important role of public opinion in shaping U.S. foreign

while other significant factors must also be considered in determining the feasibility and desirability of U.S. military intervention — for example, national interest and winnability - public opinion, both domestic and international, are central factors and can even be decisive.

There are, in fact, four "publics" whose opinion needs to be taken into account. Three of them are domestic: public opinion in general, the opinion in Congress, and the opinion of key interest groups whose ability to shape both congressional and presidential actions are sometimes critical to any action. The fourth group to be considered is the opinion of regional allies and the effect that any action will

Looking at the crisis in Bosnia, for example, one sees that despite some strong congressional voices in favour of a change in policy and support for lifting the arms sanctions in order to help the Bosnian government's ability to punish the Serbian aggressors, the congressional actors have been slow in mobilising their colleagues and have never posed an organised or decisive challenge to the administration's policy. Public opinion in general has been ambivalent about U.S. action in Bosnia and is generally opposed to a significant military involvement. And despite valiant though underfunded efforts by Arab American and Muslim American organisations, no decisive interest group has materialised to threaten the administration's position. Add to this the fact that the U.S.'s main European allies have continually opposed any unilateral U.S. action while they themselves have failed to present a direct challenge to the Serbs to stop their aggression, and it becomes clear why, continued Serbs aggression notwithstanding, U.S. policy will most probably not change to a directly interventionist

In Haiti, the picture was somewhat different. Initially, public opinion was not in favour of a U.S. intervention and there was strong congressional opposition to any direct U.S. role - in fact Mr. Clinton never would have won a vote in Congress in support of ousting Haiti's military regime. But a key interest group — the Congressional Black Caucus, consisting of 40 African American members of Congress - and the strong lobbying and direct action of the African American lobby Trans Africa did present a growing challenge even a threat to the Clinton administration. A hunger strike to Trans Africa's leader and civil disobedience which led to the arrests of some members of Congress proved embarrassing to the administration. And added to these domestic efforts was international support for a change in policy that finally forced the administration

The success so far of the Haitian campaign has, as I have

noted, silenced congressional critics and at least neutralised public opinion opposition to the intervention. If the policy continues to succeed, and it does face some risks, it will serve the president well. He will be assured of the support he needs from his important political base in the African American community and it will reenforce the U.S. role in the Caribbean and Western Hemispheric affairs.

Action against Saddam Hussein poses no difficulty on any level of public opinion. General public opinion. congressional opinion, key interest groups and the U.S.'s regional allies see the regime of the Iraqi government as "fair game." While there is growing concern for the plight of the Iraqi people, that concern in no way translates into a weakness of resolve to hold Saddam's government in check. In fact, his government is seen as the main reason why the people of the country continue to suffer — not only are they suffering from sanctions but also from Mr. Saddam's repressive rule.

In the realm of public opinion, there are no real voices against the president's action in response to the Iraqi military buildup. In fact, the reverse is true. Failure to take the decisive and punitive action he has against the Iraqi

regime would be a liability for any U.S. leader.
While some speculate as to what Mr. Saddam's motives may have been and how he may have sought to use his recent provocative action to his advantage - given any reading of U.S. opinion and the imperative it creates for any U.S. president — Mr. Saddam clearly miscalculated and will most probably pay dearly for his misreading for the

In a real sense, Mr. Saddam gave the administration an important opportunity to demonstrate to a concerned U.S. public that it could and would respond. Not only has the president received a short-term "bump" in the polls for his action, but it has reenforced public opinion about his leadership, and given some reenforcement as well to his Haiti policy and handling of foreign policy in general. How the administration moves forward riding the crest

of this wave of bipartisan public support as the crisis will Iraq continues to develop, will be determined by order factors; a course of action that meets U.S. interests, that s acceptable to regional allies and is either winnable or likely to produce a positive outcome - but it is clear that the president will face little domestic opposition to any action,

There is an irony in all of this. Bill Clinton based his presidency on fulfilling a domestic agenda. While he has faced significant challenges in Congress, he has succeeded in turning the economy around and in passing some important domestic legislation. But even with 4 million new jobs, sustained economic growth, the lowest inflation rate in a decade, and a reduced unemployment level --- he still has not received the public support and recognition that his

At the same time, the president was castigated by friend and foe alike for what was characterised as a "waffling" foreign policy." What is surprising, therefore, is that this same Bill Clinton now goes forward to the November elections with increased public support for his two most recent foreign policy actions.

Can Mr. Clinton sustain the momentum, and can he continue to move the situations in both Haiti and Iraq to positive outcomes? Time will tell the answer to those questions, but what is certain so far is that both Gen. Cedras and Mr. Saddam have given Bill Clinton an important opportunity to win public support for his administration — and so close to the November elections.

New revelations on the 1982 invasion of Lebanon

By Israel Shahak

THE 12TH anniversary of the June 1982 invasion of Lebanon was commemorated by the Hebrew press with a spate of articles, some of which disclosed previously unknown facts. The most important new disclosure about the invasion was made by General (Res.) Amir Drori in an interview with Alex Fishman in Ma'ariv on July 1. The interview was promotional: Drori's intention was to publicise his forthcoming (censorship permitting) book about his army career.

In 1982 General Drori was

head of the Northern Command of the Israeli army, in charge of preparing the invasion plans. As he says with pride, he began this job long before the actual invasion. During it he commanded the invading troops. Eventually, in the wake of the publication of the report of the Kahan Commission of Inquiry which investigated the Israeli involvement in the Sabra and Shatila massacre, he had to retire from his post. But even then he was rewarded by a sequence of appointments to other high army positions. He retired from army service in 1987 to become director of the Israeli Archaeological

Drori's main aim is to exculpate the Israeli army officer corps in general and himself in particular for any responsibility for the failure of the invasion. He does so by blaming in the first place the then defence minister, Ariel Sharon, but also other "politicians" (i.e. Begin and the Likud), who in Drori's view were were too "moderate" to assure the invasion's success. I have never had any sympathy for Sharon, but I must admit that compared to Drori and his colleagues Sharon's conduct in 1982 can indeed be considered "mod-

Drori recounts that the Northern Command "initially prepared three alternative clans by which to invade Lebanon, all bearing the code-name Oranim (pines), only differentiated by the adjectives 'little', 'medium' and 'big". The "little Ora-

nim" plan "essentially amounted to a repeat of the 1978 Litani operation" and was "discarded early" because the army did not see how it could solve any problem. The army put all its weight behind the "Big-Oranim" plan, but in the end it nim" plan, but in the end it was the "medium" plan which was put into operation. Why? Due to the downright "criminal moderation" of Sharon and the Israeli government of the time. Drori admits that this "medium" plan was totally different from what Israeli propaganda put out at the time. He says he learned of the "order not to advance beyond 40km from Israel's (northern) border" from the media when his headquarters were already "north of Lake Qar'un, far beyond that line." Of course, he firmly denies that any such order was over issued.

The "big" plan

The "Big Oranim" plan as described by Drori did in-deed differ from the actual progress of the invasion in a number of aspects. To begin with, its two aims were "to extend Israeli occupation over the whole of Lebanon and to fight a total war against Syria". The army planners considered it certain that "matters would anyway unfold this way". The only question debated was whether we should pounce on the Syrians first and on the terrorists later, or the other way round. This was what we still hesitated about but we had no doubts about the remainder. If that plan had been carried out, the war would have been over for certain within 48-72 hours and Beirut would have been in our hands no later."

Drori admits that the "Big Oranim" plan differed from the actual progress of the invasion in tactics as well as in strategic aims. In the "big" plan the invasion of Lebanon was to begin without waiting for any actual or alleged terrorist provocation, such as the attempt to assassinate the Israeli ambassador in Loudon, which Begin exploited to justify his decision to invade Lebanon. The advance of Israeli troops into Leba-



M. KAHIL

non from the Israeli border was planned to be only one of the fronts. A large army unit was to be simultaneously parachuted onto the Beirut-Damascus Highway. Another large force was to be landed on the coast at Beirut to capture the city. And so on and so forth. Drori's accuracy is not in doubt. The Israeli army must indeed have made such a plan which it had to subsequently modify as a re-sult of Sharon's objections, even prior to notifying Begin

about it. Drori still does not understand that had the "Big Oranim" plan been ultimately approved. Begin could not possibly have claimed that the invasion of Lebanon was nothing more than a "peace for Galilee" war. Of course, this claim was always deceptive, but for a time the deception worked, and remarkably

But for Drori politics do not exist, except as an obstacle in implementing Israeli military plans. Accordingly, he boasts that "everything" — except perhaps the be-haviour of Israeli politicians "was planned to the last comma". He has no doubts whatsoever that had there been no political intervention, all planned operations would have been crowned with success. He tentatively

admits only one mistake. Fishman asks: "Perhaps your only mistake was that you didn't go to the politicians or the chief-of-staff to tell them, 'either you let me do what I want or I resign instantly?" Drori replies: "That's very likely. Had I done so, the entire war might have unfolded differently.'

More information has been

provided by Amir Oren, whose article (Davar, July 1) was written after the publication of the Shamgar Commis-sion's report which exonerated all Israeli officials and institutions from responsibility for Goldstein's massacre in Hebron. Sharon claimed that he would have been absolved of any personal responsibility for the Sabra and Shatila massacre if only the Kahan Commission, set up in 1982 to investigate Israeli responsibility for the massacre, had applied the same criteria as the Shamgar Commission. Oren used some previously unpublished "official (Israeli) documents from the time of the war in Lebanon" to disclose some aspects of the performance of Sharon and Israeli intelligence chiefs at

> Israel and Sabra and Shatila

The documents quoted by

Oren prove that the Sabra and Shatila massacre was part and parcel of a previous agreement between Ariel Sharon and Bashir Gemayel after the latter was sworn in as Lebanon's president. Together they devised schemes for the "Lebanese army" to comb Beirut and its environs in order "to catch hundreds of PLO militants' said to be hiding among Palestinian civilians after the evacuation of the PLO. To Sharon's disappointment, President Gemayel told him that "he had learned from the army that the task would require at least a month". After jointly blaming the

Lebanese army for its 'laziness', the two decided to "use the Shabak (Israeli secret police), then commanded by Avraham Shalom, which was accordingly ordered to exter-minate all the terrorists who could be found in Beirut and its vicinities". The Falangist thugs were therefore nothing less than low-level agents in the line of command, which ied, via Shabak, straight to the Israeli authorities.

Accordingly, "Sharon informed the Israeli government at its meeting that 'our (secret) services were in hot pursuit of the terrorists. They were ordered to exterminate whoever needed to be exterminated, to detain whoever

be imprisoned'. During his statement to this effect, he received a message and updated the ministers: 'Just now we received a report that a large unit of Falangists is entering the Sabra camp and is already combing it.' One minister wanted to know the source of the report. Sharon, answered: 'No, this report does not come from us. The matter will anyhow become public because the facts will speak for themselves. From Sabra they will go elsewhere. This is why we need a few days more to eliminate the entire terrorist infrastructure. Oren comments: "One

needed to be detained and to

imprison whoever needed to

wonders how Ariel Sharon was in a position to prophesy that from Sabra the Falangists would go to another camp. But irrespective of Sharon's prescience, one can be quite sure that the heads of the Israeli security system knew well enough the murderous propensities of their Lebanese partner." He considers this sufficient proof of their complicity in "the murder of hundreds of women and children in Sabra and Shatila."

But Oren has other "official documents" specifically proving the complicity of Mossad. They show that "Nahum Admoni, who is early September (1982) was the deputy head of Mossad and during the massacre already its head, was told by a Falangist leader that the Palestinians should not be treated with a generosity which behoves the victors a Even "before the unification of Beirut (i.e. the Israeli conquest of West Beirut) nother Falangist leader told Mossad representative that the Palestinians would be dealt with by Elie Hobeiqa's apparatus'. Oren clarifies that the "official document" clearly imply that the said "apparatus" busied itself with "making people dis-appear". Such documents eave no doubt now that the Sabra and Shatila murderes were in fact working for the Israeli security system, for lowing its orders and reporting back to it. - Middle East international

Cabinet aut

Negotiators work on treaty annexes

(Continued from page 1)

4 ()

been unable to secure a copy of the draft treaty initialled Monday, Dr. Tarawneh told journalists "there were no losers" as a result of the

A primary concern for Jordan was to reach a peace deal with Israel that would not infringe on its sovereignty, whether in the territorial or security spheres, and which guaranteed Jordan's rights in water and to every inch of territory that was occupied by

Dr. Tarawneh, who touched on the details of the annexes in these three main issues, said that the treaty addressed all of Jordan's demands and more.

On the security agreement both the Jordanian and Israeli delegates praised the deal as a "balanced security

A senior Israeli security negotiator told the Jordan Times that Israel was looking to defuse a "potentially hostile" Jordan by reaching ment over security. He said that Israel was nevertheless primarily concerned over "maintaining the stability of

the Hashemite Kingdom." "We have the longest borders with Jordan and in many areas the border was very close to our centres," the Israeli delegate said, without revealing his name.

"When Jordan signs the agreement on security, we will feel secure because we Amery that Jordan will keep Ringdoin has a lot of credibil-

Although the details of the

the Jordanian people are pre-

pared for peace because

it," adding it was the duty of

the government to keep them in the picture of develop-

ments in the peace process

ly. This is something that Jordanians well know," he

We talk frankly and open-

Most Jordanians were

taken by surprise by the

announcement of the peace

treaty and the government

has yet to release the details

of the agreement, which will

constitute the second peace

treaty between Israel and an

Arab country. Egypt signed a

peace accord with Israel in

Asked about opposition to

the agreement in the country,

Dr. Majali said: "We have a

democracy. Everybody is

free to express themselves

whether they are members of

Parliament, political parties

or the public or private sec-

be implemented if the

"majority does not like it,"

adding that the government

will not impose its views on

Parliament when it discusses

complained that the govern-

ment proceeded in the peace

process against the will of the

people and demanded it

allows them fora to express

Eight opposition leftist,

pan-Arabist and Islamist par-

nes have accused the govern-

ment of preventing them

from conveying their views to

on the status of refugees, Dr.

Majali said the agreement

specifies that this issue should

be dealt with in accordance

with international law.

adding that Jordan will work

towards the alleviation of the

He said the fate of dis-

placed persons from the 1967

war is to be addressed,

according to the agreement,

within the framework of four-

party talks between Jordan.

the Palestinians, Egypt and

Israel as stipulated by the

Oslo accords signed by Israel.

and the Palestine Liberation

on why Jordan would sign a

peace treaty with Israel with-

Responding to a question

Organisation (PLO).

suffering of refugees.

Responding to a question

Opposition parties have

the agreement.

their views.

the public.

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He said the treaty will not

with Israel.

They have long believed in

security annex were not made public yet, Dr. Tarawneh told the Jordan Times that it does not infringe on the Kingdom's "right to self defence as per international

"We not only set a precedent on that level which will serve the other tracks of negotiations with Israel; we also protected our Arab and Islamic allies," Dr. Tarawneh

legation sources, one of the sticking points in these negotiations with Israel was "moving away from the precedent of Egypt's security agreement with Israel which placed Israel at an advantage over agreements signed in the Arab League or the joint Arab defence agreements.

clauses that would have placed the Israeli-Jordanian agreement in precedence over our Arab and Muslim agreements vis-a-vis situations of self-defence," Jordanian delegate familiar with the security agreement

agreement which guaranteed our sovereignty and our right to self-defence," Dr. Taraw-

On the land issue, Jordan's partial concession on exchange of territory and leasing out land, according to a senior Jordanian delegate, "affects what amounts to about three per cent of the overall area.

The senior delegate clarified that territories which are affected by the "lease back" deal are farmland "and not nonulated areas.

"But these territories have

been recognised as Jordanian lands and will be governed by Jordanian laws regarding ownership by foreigners. the senior delegate said.

According to Dr. Tarawneh. Jordan was also able to guard against the destabilisation of its economic and monetary interests in areas in the West Bank which are not governed as of yet by the Palestinian National Authority (PNA).

"On the day the agreement was signed we received a letter from Israel that recognised and pledged to protect Jordan's economic and monetary interests in the West Bank," Dr. Tarawneh

This letter, according to another senior delegate. promises that Israel "will directly consult with Jordan when discussing economic relations with the Palesti-

It also guarantees that the Kingdom "will be given am-ple time to finish what it has to do to protect its interests." According to Dr. Tarawneh, Jordan was also able to secure arrangements that

"will keep the issue of re-fugees alive until final status 'We were able to ensure the continued services of UN-RWA in Jordan and received commitment that in the multilaterals on refugees,

that final status talks will

resolve this issue according to

international laws," he

Jordan sought to play down the dispute. "I do not think it is a matter of struggle," said Prime Minister Abdul Salam There was also a reiteration of the common agenda article on refugees which says

He said Jordan could not intervene in the internal affairs of the Palestinian Authority. "Nor can we meddle in its decisions."

PLO upset

over treaty

(Continued from page 1)

role" in administering Jeru-

salem's Muslim holy sites, in

line with a peace declaration

signed in July by Israel and

The PNA has already taken control of Muslim sites

on the West Bank on Sunday

appointed its own mufti or

religious figurehead in Jeru-

salem in rivalry with Jordan's

own appointment announced

That has left Jerusalem

with two muftis for the first

time in history. The PNA said Israeli Fore-

ign Minister Shimon Peres

had "highlighted the dangers

of what has been agreed upon

regarding Jerusalem and the

Tuesday that Jordan was in charge of Islamic affairs in the Holy City as far as Israel

world for us to take anything

away from the Jordanians to give it to the Palestinians," he said.

Mr. Peres made it clear on

There is no reason in the

earlier in the day.

Islamic holy sites."

was concerned.

salem for two years.

Jordan.

He added the Palestinians had entrusted Jordan with responsibility for the Muslim shrines when Amman severed administrative and legal ties with the West Bank in

1988.
"We cannot leave this supervision in a void. We will maintain it until (the Palestinians) are able to finish negotiations and we will respect

their results," he said.
Two Palestinian factions criticised the Jordan-Israel treaty as a "surrenderist solution," and claimed it would never serve Arab interests. Some newspapers in the Gulf region, however, were mixed in their reaction to the draft accord.

The Al Wehda daily of Abu Dhabi largely took a pessimistic stance on the agreement, saying it was the result of Mr. Rabin's need for an image boost at home.

It also claimed he pushed the accord through, capitalising on the fresh Iraqi threat Kuwait, which portrayed "Arabs as a threat to peace not only in the region but through the entire world."

However, Dubai's government-owned Al Bayan newspaper described the accord as the second step towards regional peace, after Egypt's accord with Israel 15.

In Damascus, the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine and the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine issued a ioint statement blasting the Jordan-Israel accord.

"This deal will augment fragmentation and weakness in the Arab World and will increase Israel's arrogance and intransigence," said the fronts which have opposed the U.S.-sponsored peace process since it was launched in October 1991.

They claimed Jordan had rushed into the pact and made concessions on land and water "for the benefit of Israel's greed."

Libya said the treaty was another blow for Arabs and reiterated that Middle East peace could only be achieved with the destruction of the Jewish state.

State radio said the treaty "another setback suffered by the Arabs in facing Israeli expansionism."

Only a just peace could be real, and a just peace requires the Israelis to return to the countries they came from," before the creation of the Jewish state in 1948.

Masri quits race

(Continued from page I)

the Islamic Action Front which decided against fielding a candidate because he did not have a chance of winning will also support

Parliamentary sources said Mr. Srour can count on the support of the majority of his 12-member bloc, the 10-member National Bloc and the National Action Front which includes over 20 deputies when the House elects its next speaker Saturday.

Jordan to get 215m cubic metres of water

(Continued from page 1) struction of Al Wahdeh Dam agreed upon by the Kingdom

and Syria. Israel with "a blatant viola-Dr. Haddadin, speaking to tion" of the Palestinian selfthe Jordan Times on the rule agreement, which sets fringes of Jordanian-Israeli aside the dispute over Jerunegotiations that resumed in Aqaba on Tuesday, gave a The peace treaty, due to be split-up of the water that signed next week, acknow-ledges Jordan's "historic would be available to Jordan

as under: — 45 mams from the Yarmouk River plus another 10 mems of desalinated water with immediate effect.

— 20 mcms from the overflow of the Jordan River.

- 50 mcms from the overflow of the Yarmouk river;

Clinton to attend Oct. 26 signing state of war, will be signed at a spot in the Wadi Araba desert. 13 kilometres north of (Continued from page 1)

mats have kept up the move-Agaba and Eilat. ment towards peace in the Middle East, promised Mon-Round-the-clock preparations were under way to reday to help Jordan and Israel furbish the site of the cereon a journey of peace that will bring them a bright fu-Jordanian and Israeli negoture for generations to

in 1991.

The United States has stood by them and worked with them, and we will stand by them every step of the way." he said.

In July, Mr. Clinton oversaw an agreement between the two governments to end their state of belligerency. In September 1993, he presided at the White House as Israel and the Palestine Liberation

Organisation came to terms. Press Secretary Dee Dee Myers said details of the trip had not been finalised, but she expected Mr. Clinton to be in the region "at least a couple of days." He is ex-pected to leave Washington

Oct. 25, returning no later

than Oct. 29. She said Mr. Clinton will make "a couple of stops in the region, including a stop to

see the troops in Kuwait."

Jordan and Israel have chosen a symbolic site to sign their peace treaty on Oct. 26 a border area that hosted the start of their first round of peace talks in the region months ago. officials said on Tuesday.

Last of Syrian Jews to stay

- 50 mcms from other sources that have to be

agreed upon later. Dr. Haddadin said under these arrangements Jordan would have 175 mcms of "good quality" water suitable

for drinking purposes. In addition, Jordan will also get 40 mcms from the River Jordan south of the Lake Tiberias, he said. This water will be of low quality and could be used for irrigation purposes, he added. Jordan is currently not re-

ceiving any water from the Jordan River which Jordanian officials said has been polluted by Israel.

tiators met under a blazing

sun inside a tent erected

across their border on July 18

for their first talks in the

region after more than 2-1/2

years of negotiations in

Washington. The peace pro-

cess was launched in Madrid

The Wadi Araba site had

been lined with barbed wire

and land mines for decades

Jordan Times that Israel, by reaching this deal on water, has accepted the Jordanian demand to resolve the issue

(Continued from page 1)

By "this stage," the Syrian leader was referring to the latest Gulf crisis set off by Iraq moving troops near the Kuwaiti border. Mr. Assad and Mr. Mubarak both said they discussed the Middle East peace process as well as the Gulf crisis.

before it was cleared to put The July talks signalled the start of accelerated diplomatic activity that led to the

draft treaty. In Cairo, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak also said he did not believe Arab heads of state would be invited to attend the signing ceremony for the treaty.

"Only the American president will take part." Mr. Mubarak added.

Mr. Mubarak noted that there were no Arab heads of state present, only the U.S. president, when Egypt signed its peace treaty with Israel in 1979 and when the PLO signed its autonomy agreement with Israel in September of last year.

The treaty, which would "So I don't think we'd cement the end of a46-year attend," he said.

been reimposed.

All the 230 Jews who re-

main in Syria have exit per-

mits, but most of them have

chosen to remain, largely for

economic reasons. Many of

those staying behind are

The head of Israel's para-

governmental agency over-

seeing immigration said

meanwhile Jews who emi-

grate from Syria have to

leave behind all their goods.

elderly.

there were many delays in issuing the exit permits, leading to speculation the ban

Mr. Assad returned to

the two states. "Now we have a good base to build on," he told Jordan Times in an interview.

ing new sources of water

through cooperation between

Although he dodged a number of questions over whether Israel had been prepared to accept this "fair" deal over water, as one Jordanian delegate put it. Mr. Kenarti did say that the final numbers of water shares were added on by His Majesty and Prime Minister Rabin," during the overnight marathon talks to reach agreement earlier this week in Amman.

'Syria will not block Jordan'

capable of creating obsta-

With the 100 mcms of wa-

ter that Jordan will be receiv-

ing when the peace deal goes

into effect, Jordan will be

getting around 260 mcms of

water from the Yarmouk.

which is 117 mcms less than

the share allocated to it by

Dr. Haddadin's Israeli

counterpart in the water

talks, Noah Kenarti, told the

of Jordan's rightful shares of

water in the Jordan and Yar-

mouk Rivers before addres-

sing Israeli requests for find-

the Johnston plan.

"But this will hurt us as Arabs, and we don't want to do anything at this stage which will distort further the Arab image."

Mr. Mubarak repeated his optimism about Syria and Israel reaching agreement soon but added "There are problems which need more

The Syrian-Israeli talks have stalled over Syria's demand that Israel declare its willingness to return all the Golan Heights while Israel

want to talk about the nature of the peace before the land The Syrian leader also was asked about persistent rumours of secret agreements with Israel. He denied any ements had been con-

cluded though he noted indirect negotiations are being conducted through American mediation. "We are still at the stage of feeling each other's pulses, but we did not reach any specific agreement," he said.
... He noted that "different

stages of withdrawal" had been discussed but added: "Our points of view remain Damascus after the talks.

Egypt, the first Arab state to sign a full peace accord with Israel, has been acting as a mediator between Syria and the Jewish state in their peace

Egypt and Syria also are partners along with oil-rich Gulf states in the Damascus Declaration. Under that pact, the two countries were to provide 10,000 troops for Gulf defence in exchange for considerable aid.

But the pact, signed after Iraq was driven out of Kuwait in 1991, has never been im-

plemented. For the past week Egypt's government-owned newspapers have complained that Kuwait called only on the Americans to protect it from the latest threats from Iraq. The papers noted this meant Gulf money would be flowing to the United States, not to

fellow Arab states. Mr. Assad's visit was announced in Cairo only on Monday night but it was not clear who initiated it. He was accompanied by Vice-President Zuheir Masharqa. Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa and two other minis-

It coincided with two separate sets of talks in Cairo. Israel and the Palestinians are negotiating over elections Egypt, Syria and six Gulf states are discussing the crisis which blew up when Iraq moved troops towards

the Kuwaiti border. Syria is upset at Gulf states for dropping the 47-year-old boycott of companies trading with Israel, and at a Israeli-Palestinian peace accord signed in Cairo in May. Mr. Sharaa said there

would be no stability in the Middle East without achieving comprehensive peace. That's why we always criticise unilateral treaties."

The foreign ministers of the "Damascus Declaration" states were to hold informati talks on Tuesday ahead of full talks on Wednesday.

U.S., N. Korea to sign accord

(Continued from page 12)

va to curb North Korea's nuclear programme. But many of them worry that U.S. negotiators made too many concessions to

North Korea, which they "The U.S.-North Korea nuclear agreement has laid the groundwork for a complete resolution of the disputes over the north's nuclear ambitions by removing its nuclear threat," Foreign

Minister Han Sung-Joo told reporters. But he also said the accord may allow North Korea to delay international inspections of its nuclear sites for

too long and even keep some of them closed to outsiders. The government has been concerned about reports that the agreement will give North Korea five years before requiring inspections of two

suspected nuclear waste sites. "We are not depending on North Korea's goodwill and sincerity." Mr. Han said. "We simply know they will be acting against their own interests if they violate the agreement."

In the accord the United States promises to establish low-level diplomatic links with the North and help it build safer nuclear power plants.

On the streets of Seoul, many people welcomed the accord Tuesday, but also said it is too easy on the North.

"South Korea was betrayed by the United States. We trusted them, but our trust was not paid back," said a man who crushes centipedes in a back alley and sells the powder as medicine.

Praise for Kim Jong-Il

The North Korean media signalled clearly Tuesday that Kim, Jong-II would become head of the Communist Party and the North Korean state. but still did not say when.

"Bright is the future of our people with the dear leader comrade Kim Jong-Il at the head of the party, the state and the revolutionary armed forces," said the official North Korean news agency KCNA, quoting the Work-

"All party members and other workers must proceed vigorously with the conviction that nothing is impossible in the world for us and we will have certain victory if we are guided by our chief leader," the report said.

Earlier, KCNA said the North Korean people now consider Kim Jong-Il, son of late President Kim Il-Sung, as their "great leader." Kim Il-Sung had been known by the title before his death while his son was called the "dear leader."

The praise follows the end of 100 days of mourning for KIm II-Sung, who died July 8. It appears to support those who predict a painless transi-tion for Kim Jong-II, 52, who appeared in public Sunday for the first time since the end

Jordan-Israel treaty hailed

(Continued from page 1)

Jordan have initialled a draft peace treaty and congratulate them on this historic achievement which is a further step

cess can bring to the people of the region. The Australian govern-

ment said it "warmly welcomes the news of the agreement.

after the signing of the Washington Declaration in which King Hussein and Israeli Prime Minister Rabin agreed formally to end their 46-year state of war, and paves the way for a new era of peace in the region. The peace treaty is Israel's second with an Arab state, the first being the Camp David accord signed in 1979 with Egypt," it

violence and counterviolence still threaten the stability of the Middle East region, this treaty, which settles long-standing differences on water rights, border demarcation and security arrangements, is a highly significant achievement."

Pesano, congratulating him on initialling the peace treaty and voicing his appreciation to the King's continuous endeavours to establish a just, lasting and comprehensive peace in the region.

Speaker of the Upper

loyalty to your historic Hashemite leadership and believe in your noble principles and will share with Your Majesty the peace-era re-sponsibilities," he said in his cable.

The Irbid Chapter of the Jordan Peace Forum hailed the King's efforts and voiced their full support for his courageous steps.

The General Federation of the Jordanian Trade Unions (GFJTU) also welcomed the initialling of the treaty, saying that it was consistent with the wish of all peace-

loving people in the region.
The GFJTU said labourers were in dire need of just

"They have sought it and worked for it," it said.

out waiting for other Arab parties as had been pledged at the outset of the Madrid talks, Dr. Majali said: Attempts for coordination (among the Arab parties) did not succeed. It would be futile to wait till the end." J. 1'E "Accordingly, it was inevitable to reach what we have reached with the Israelis," said Dr. Majali, who stressed that Jordan had

not abandoned coordination with other Arab parties. Dr. Maiali also said that progress is being registered on the other tracks of the

agreements in that regard."

According to Jordanian de-

"We did not allow for

told the Jordan Times. "It is a balanced security

neh said.

(Continued from page 1)

negotiating, and voiced hope

that the Syrian and Lebanese

the peace process will be "comprehensive." Asked about the implications of the Jordanian-Israeli deal for Arab-Israeli ties, the Prime Minister pointed to "a continuous change" in relations between Israel and

Tunis, Morocco, Qatar and Oman. Dr. Majali said the draft peace treaty confirmed Israel's recognition of the Jordanian role in caring for the holy shrines in Jerusalem in the same way that the

Washington Declaration of July 25 did. sion of Jerusalem until nego-

tinue our role... in this critical period" before the final

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said Tuesday that the peace accord confirms that Islamic holy sites in

sites) in Jerusalem will remain with Jordan and not the Palestinians," Mr. Peres told Israel Television. "There is no reason in the

give it to the Palestinians," he added. "In the treaty we gave to the Jordanians what they already had and there is no

Mr. Peres said the Palestinians were interested in the political role of Jerusalem while Jordan's concern was

"King Hussein told us: 'God is the true sovereign of Jerusalem, while the Palestinians want territorial control

over Jerusalem'," Mr. Peres

added. The agreement repeats "word for word" a section of the Washington Declaration. One clause in the declaration acknowledged Jordan's "historic role" in administer-

ing Jerusalem's holy sites.

priority to this role in nego-

tiations with the PLO on the

It said Israel would give

these services to refugees will be upgraded," Dr. Tarawneh

Cabinet authorises Majali to sign treaty

tracks of the negotiations will soon reach solutions so that

He said Jordan will continue its role in Jerusalem until the Palestinians reach "a solution in their negotiations with Israel and we will respect what conclusion they come to," noting that the Palestinian leadership has agreed to postpone discus-

tiation on the final status of the occupied territories be-Saying that the Palestinians had entrusted Jordan with the religious custodianship of the holy cities in Jerusalem, Dr. Majali said we cannot "leave this custodianship in a, vacuum and we have to con-

status of Jerusalem is agreed

Jerusalem remain under Jordanian supervision. "Responsibility for the Waqf (which administers the

world for us to take anything away from the Jordanians to

reason to answer all the Palestinian demands."

with religion. The PLO wants the eastern sector as the capital of a future Palestinian state.

final status of the West Bank

and the Gaza Strip. In his comments to the press on Tuesday, Dr. Maiali said he expected a boom of foreign investment in the Kingdom after the signing of the peace treaty because many of the hurdles that were laid in the face of it for political considerations in the

The prime minister said the have no effect on the economic deals the Kingdom has reached with the Palestinians, saying that the future 'will be bright for all."

He confirmed reports

past will have to be removed

though that Israel has promised Jordan to inform it of any economic talks with the Palestinians that might affect Jordan. Dr. Majali acknowledged the presence of economic problems between Jordan and the Palestinians, noting that attempts had been made

to draft an agenda for resolv-ing these differences "which still exist among Jordan, the Palestinians and Israel." He said the Palestinians have not formed a state yet and until that happens the

problems will have to be ckled by the three sides. Responding to a question on Jordan's expectations from the Casablanca conference, Dr. Majali said Jordan will seek financing during the summit for a number of pro-

jects that it has prepared. He said Jordan, whose delegation will be headed by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, will be well prepared for the economic summit which could not be held in Jordan in April as originally planned due to political reasons at the time. Asked whether Jordan ex-

pected economic assistance after the peace treaty, the prime minister pointed to the pledge made by U.S. President Clinton to help Jordan address its economic problems in terms of writing off or rescheduling debts or extanding new soft loans and grants to finance the Kingdom's

Dr. Maiali said much work needs to be done before all negotiations between Israel and the Kingdom are completed, noting that talks being held in Aqaba by the Jordanian and Israeli delegations are looking into these Dr. Majali said the draft

peace agreement allows for

solving disagreements

through international arbitra-

economic development.

tion if necessary. Responding to a question on whether a cabinet reshuffle is expected in light of the strategic change that has occured, Dr. Majali said this cabinet is the one that negotiated the treaty and if a reshuffle was to occur it would have happened before.

(Continued from page 12) ign that a peace treaty

on the table." Rabbi Hamra spoke to Israel Radio from his apartment in Brooklyn, New York, over the weekend. The radio could not broadcast the remarks until now because of

the censorship. The Rabbi, speaking modern Hebrew that he picked up from Israeli radio broadcasts, thanked Mr. Assad for "his wisdom in enabling the Syrian Jews to leave." Rabbi Hamra was ex-

pected to land at Ben Gurion

International Airport along

with his wife, six children, his mother and brother. The family was to be met by the minister of immigrant absorption, Yair Tzaban. Syria lifted travel restric-

tions on Syrian Jews in April

1992 at the request of the

United States. However,

TO O⊎R READERS

Due to a technical problem with our printing presses

and to a regrettable human error, some defective

copies of yesterday's Jordan Times found their way

into the market. While we apologise to all readers who

"Jews who want to leave do so with nothing because everything has to be registered with a special office in Damascus — property, bank accounts," Jewish Agency

chairman Yehiel Leket told

the United States or to Israel.

AFP. He said only 230 Jews remain in Syria.
"They have passports and exit visas, but we do not know if they will emigrate to

had bought such copies, we urge them to contact the Jordan Times for a free copy of the same issue.

towards a comprehensive peace," a Foreign Office statement said, adding: "It further underlines the benefits that the peace pro-

"This historic agreement comes nearly three months "At a time when cycles of

King Hussein on Tuesday received a phone call from Colombian President Ernesto

House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi voiced full support for the King's historic achievement, which culminated in initialling the peace treaty with Israel. In a cable he sent to King Hussein, Mr. Lawzi congratulated the King, in his name and on behalf of the Upper House on this achievement.

"We pledge allegiance and

peace, that will ensure stabil-

The statement said labourers support the King's wise steps, and voiced hope that such peace will open new scopes of cooperation, based on mutual respect and appreciation among nations.

Iran returns to state-of-war economy amid crisis

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran is returning to a state-of-war economy amid a severe economic crisis, reversing the free-market policies of the past five years.

Only five years after the introduction of an ambitious economic liberalisation programme. President Ali Akhbar Hashemi Rafsaniani announced last week his government intended to introduce an "urgent and serious" programme to control prices from production to distribution at retail level.

President Rafsaniani's comments followed mounting criticism of his handling of the economy which have resulted in soaring inflation and a foreign debt of \$30 billion.

Lebanon,

agreement

BEIRUT (AFP) - Lebanon

and Syria Tuesday initialled

an agreement regulating the

presence of Syrian workers in

Lebanon amid conflicting re-

According to unofficial

estimates published last week

by the respected An Nahar

daily, some 650,000 Syrian

workers hold jobs in Leba-

non with most of them em-

ployed in construction and

A total of one million Sv-

rians live in the country, the

- Earlier this month Lebanon's Labour Minister

Abdallah Al Amin was

quoted as saying that 150,000 Syrians worked in Lebanon.

But before Tuesday's sign-

ing ceremony he told repor-

ters there were only 10,000

Syrians who hold permanent

jobs in Lebanon while up to

25.000 hold seasonal jobs.

Syrian Labour Minister Ali

Khalil agreed with the figures

provided by Mr. Amin and

said that any other statistics

Lebanese President Elias

Hrawi said recently that some

working in Lebanon and

sending home more than SI

Under the Syrian-

obtain a 60-day temporary

entry visa on entering Leba-

non and then apply for a

work permit - measures

which previously did not

All other foreigners enter-

The labour accord, which

ing Lebanon need a visa.

is yet to be ratified by both

countries' parliaments, com-

es one week after Lebanon

signed an agreement with a

U.N. agency aimed at surveying the Lebanese labour

affect them.

billion in remittances.

were exaggerated.

agriculture.

report said.

ports on their numbers.

Syria

initial

labour

The cost of basic goods has risen up to 150 per cent in the past two months, provoking widespread discontent among the population.

In a bid to steer the economy, the government has announced the introduction of death penalty for price gouging, a return to a coupon system for basic products and a ban on the import of nonessential goods.

While admitting for the first time the economy was gripped by a crisis. President Rafsanjani blamed "pro-fiteers" for inflation and declared war on "unscrupulous traders" in the powerful bazaar, a traditional ally of the Islamic regime in Iran.

In the face of the crisis, the

Council of Discernment, a legislative body set up to mediate between the parliament and the executive branch, granted the govern-

ment emergency powers last week to tackle inflation. Justice Minister Ismael Shushtari said Saturday the death penalty would be handed down to profiteers and speculators found guilty of disrupting a "fair conduct of business.

Capital punishment has rarely been used in Iran for economic offenses, even during the eight-year war with Iraq from 1980-1988. State enterprises, until now

pressed to sell their products at "real prices" in order to be cost-effective, are now re-

quired to obtain authorisation before introducing any price hikes.

The government has also reintroduced a system of discount coupons for basic goods in a bid to make them affordable to the poor.

The system, first implemented at the beginning of the war, has tapered off in the past several years after the government decided to remove subsidies in line with its free-market policies. Funds were allocated

Saturday to subsidise sugar and cooking oil and more basic products are expected to be added to the list in the coming weeks.

Meanwhile, the authorities have turned the screw on the foreign exchange market subjecting it to strict controls by the central bank.

The open market has been blamed for the collapse of the national currency, the rival which has devalued by half in the past year, triggering a higher inflation.

These measures have made it all but impossible for importers to obtain hard currency through the open market, and they have to conduct any deals with foreign companies through the state banking system, which often fails to

For the first time since the introduction of open-door policies in 1989, the government has also taken steps to curb imports, which are exlion this year compared with \$20 billion last year.

Iran is hoping to save part of its annual hard currency income of \$15 to \$18 billion - depending on oil price fluctuations - to pay off its

Western economic experts estimate the country would have to set aside up to \$5 billion a year to pay off its debt by 2000.

In the latest move toward protectionism, the parliament adopted Sunday the first part of a proposal to ban the import of "non-essential goods" such as cigarettes, gums and soft drinks which swept the Iranian market after the war.

Obolentsev of Mezheko-

accountant," said one banker who declined to be named.

said Ms. Paramonova's

appointment appeared to be good news for Russians

wishing to continue efforts to

reform the economy. "She is

basically pro-market," he

A central bank spokesman

said Ms. Paramonova gradu-

ated from the Plekhanov

Academy of the National

Economy, a well-known eco-

She joined the Russian

Central Bank in 1992, the

year that Mr. Gerashchenko

was appointed to head the

"She is the central bank

But a Western economist

nomsberbank.

AFM investors seen as cautious

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Investors at the Amman Financial Market (AFM) took a cautious approach Tuesday to Mon-day's initialling of a peace treaty between Jordan and Israel while Israeli counterparts reacted enthusiastically to the event, which marked a major turn in the Jewish state's efforts to make peace with its Arab neighbours.

The daily AFM report said the general share price index closed at 145.08 points on Tuesday, up 0.4 points, or two per cent, from Monday's close. Volume during the one-session of trading was less than JD 600,000.

Brokers said investors appeared to be awaiting further details of the peace treaty before moving in any direction. "Many speculators believe that the market had already absorbed the economic prospects of the peace process, and now they are looking for specifics of economic projects to take advantage," said a broker.

Jordan stocks took a dive in early September over reports that the government was planning to tax capital gains, including equity increases resulting from AFM trading.

The slide was checked by institutional buying, but prices have yet to recover to the pre-September levels.

"Speculators are still very cautious and are taking very slow steps and hence the stagnation in the market," said a dealer.

Brokers noted that investors had been betting on the economic prospects of peace since the launching of the

peace negotiations in Machie in 1991. "Bulls in the market have nosed out every possible aspect of the fruits of peace and capitalised on it in the past three years," said a broker. "It is no longer a

novelty. However, added the broker, "when specific projects are finalised, people would look for who could gain from them and zero in on the beneficiaries; that search is

In addition, the attraction of Jordanian firms benefiting from the development of the Palestinian economy is also fading, following signs of strains in political relations between Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

"There may not be specifick reasons, but it is a time for caution for everybody, particularly those with own money in the stock market." said the broker.
The Jerusalem Post re-

ported Tuesday that Israeli investors reacted enthusiastically to the peace treaty. Post analyst Andre Lumbroso reported:

The initialling of the agreement injected renewed optimism in the market, Nevertheless, most of the optimism passed over the institutionals. The bulk of the activity was originated by money managers.

The day's rises took place on a very broad front, as only four securities declined in price on the two-sided mar-

Some of the blue chips rose sharply.
Dead Sea works was up 6.7

per cent (any connection with the agreements along the Jordan-Israel border?)

central bank Russia puts woman at helm of that." said Yuri

MOSCOW (R) - President Boris Yeltsin put a woman at the helm of Russia's financial world Tuesday by naming a little-known deputy head of the Russian Central Bank as the institution's acting

A central bank spokesman said Tatyana Paramonova. "the energy of a devil.'

In an appointment which still has to be confirmed by the State Duma (lower house of parliament), she replaces incumbent Viktor Gerashchenko, who quit Friday after being blamed by Mr. Yeltsin for last week's crash of the rouble.

Bank officials said they expected her to follow Mr. Gerashchenko's line. "Initially, everything will be done to maintain the status quo." said a senior central banker. "There will be no drastic moves at first."

But he added: "The central bank has been put into a difficult and unpleasant position. It is a huge organisation which cannot be treated like this. In monetary policy any sharp moves are inadmissible."

Mr. Gerashchenko, the former head of the Soviet state bank, resigned after Mr. Yeltsin asked the Duma to sack him. He was the most illustrious victim of a dramatic rouble collapse.

The currency hit lows of 3.926 to the dollar last Tuesday, compared with levels of around 2,643 at the start of the month. Mr. Gerashchenko admitted he knew no reason for the fall. The rouble has since re-

bounded to 2,996 per dollar although dealers expect the currency to edge down as Russian prices rise. Mr. Gerashchenko had de-

monstrated little concern over a series of sharp rouble declines in recent weeks. Commercial bankers, who said they knew almost nothing about Ms. Paramono-

va, did not know what impact

the new central bank head would have no foreign exchange policy. Ms. Paramonova was in charge of the central bank's balance sheets and credit policy. She also supervised

budget policy.
"She knows the budget very well... at times better than finance ministry people. This is one of her strongest points," a top central bank official said.

Western economists had

long accused the Russian Central Bank of putting a spanner in the delicate works of reform by ranking industrial policy above efforts to rein in inflation. But central bank interest

rates moved higher than inflation this year in line with a promise made to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) Mr. Gerashchenko also won praise at a recent IMF meeting for fulfilling central bank obligations to the letter.

Russian commercial bankers said they were bewildered by the appointment. "There were lots of names we could have expected, but not her. Nobody would have thought

nomic institute.

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Nigerian government signals no easing of economic controls LAGOS (R) — The sacking

of former World Bank economist Kalu Idika Kalu as Nigeria's finance minister indicates the military rulers do not plan to loosen state control on the ailing economy, economists said Tuesday.

Military ruler, General Sani Abacha, Monday removed Mr. Kalu from his largely civilian cabinet which he formed shortly after seiz-700,000 foreigners were ling power last November. A short official statement

Mr. Kalu, a Western-Lebanese agreement Syrian workers will be expected to trained economist who worked for the World Bank in Washington for most of the 1970s has been critical of Nigeria's return to economic controls after seven years of pursuing an IMF-backed structural adjustment prog-

ramme (SAP). "His sacking indicates that there is a closing of ranks within the (governing) provisional ruling council and the cabinet over the idea that SAP is dead as a dodo," Ashikiwe Adione-Egom. an independent economist, told

Finance ministry officials said Mr. Kalu tried in vain to get the government to reverse the decision made in January to fix foreign exchange rates and outlaw the free market. He was also opposed to the artificial pegging of interest rates.
"Kalu's removal indicates

that the government does not want to shift its policy," Adekunle Olumide, directorgeneral of the Lagos Cham-ber of Commerce and Indusgave no reason for the move. try, told Reuters. nor did it name a replace-

Mr. Olumide noted the timing of Mr. Kalu's dismissal, announced just as work was beginning on the calendar 1995 budget. Mr. Kalu told Reuters last

month he hoped that economic controls introduced in January would be lifted in the 1995 budget.

"Hopefully, in the context of the next budget we will have the opportunity to review the efficacy of these new controls," Mr. Kalu said during the International Monetarv Fund-World Bank annual meeting in Malta.

Asked if he wanted the regulations lifted, Mr. Kalu replied: "Definitely, Happily more people are better convinced of that now than they

were at the beginning of the

vear.

Mr. Kalu said economic controls had been instigated partly as a reaction to the mistakes of previous regimes in trying to foster a deregulated economic system.

Since the controls were reintroduced private sector hard currency inflow into Nigeria has virtually dried

The dollar exchanges for 22 naira officially compared with 80 naira in the illegal but vibrant free market.

Relying almost totally on earnings from Gude oil sales the government has not been able: meet up to five per cent of total foreign exchange demanded from the official

Import-dependent local producers, some of whom initially welcomed a fixed exchange regime with its promise of cheaper hard currency. have been crying out for a return to deregulation.

OLD TO NEW!

Top adviser joins Air France

PARIS - The chairman of the Air France Group has announced that Stephen Wolf has agreed to join him in the holding company of the Air France Group, to act as adviser

Mr. Wolf, at present senior adviser with Lazard Freres. has spent his entire career in air transport and has held various executive posts with a large number of major American airlines, including American Airlines, Pan Am and Continental Airlines. After putting Republic Airlines back on an even financial keel, he oversaw its merger with Northwest, then in the same way merged Flying Tiger with

restructuring it, until an employee buyout in July 1994. The appointment of Mr. Wolf to the group is proof of the general management's aim to make Air France the world's

HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 19, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

MALACHITE: Draws out pain. An all-

to the chairman.

Federal Express.

In 1987 he took over as chairman of United Airlines at a time when the company was in serious financial difficulties. He succeeded in turning the airline around by fully

you the support and advice for a new venture. Avoid one who is jealous of your success and could cause trouble. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Your ourside affairs may not be going as you wish in the morning, but after lunch it is possible to make great headway. Rest tonight. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have good ideas but you cannot get them into operation until after lunch. New

contacts are better made in the afternoon. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Study your position before making plans to pay bills. Tonight is fine for romantic pleasures with the one you love, so have a good time.

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Aries Full Moon comes with a

double opposition to the Sun and Mercury bringing preoccupation

with the past which interfere with ones conscious reasoning process

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Yearind it difficult to express you

talents early in the day. Choose your companions wisely so they are

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Solve problematic affair at home and

then home life will work out to your satisfaction. Apply yourself to

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You get letters which are not pleasing

in the morning. Strive for a safer way of living so be sure that windows and doors are guarded.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Study plans to add to

present abundance before making any new investments. Make sure

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You find it difficult to gain personal

wishes in the morning. Get into satisfying social pleasures so you can increase your popularity and happiness.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't get so involved in small

affairs that you may lose out on the overall picture. A conversation

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Contact friends who can give

and openmindedness. Digestive difficulties occur.

any situation so you can be happy.

with your mate can help you today.

your credit is good and accurately reported.

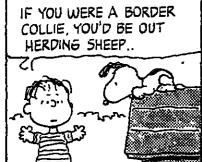
AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Although you can accomplish much today, you find it rather a slow process which must take time. Listen to fellow associates who know. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have a fine talent which

needs perfecting now. Later enjoy the pleasure in the company of loved ones and close friends and be happy.

THE Daily Crossword by Marriny Milber

Birthstone of October: Opal Tourmaline

Peanuts







Andy Capp

Mutt'n'Jeff











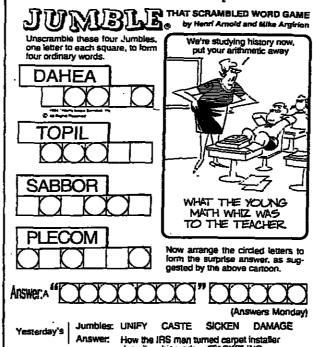




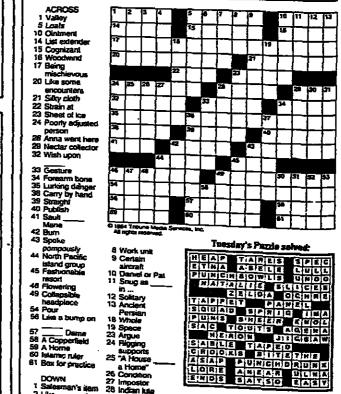




"I got to the doughnut place too late. All they had left were low-cholesterol trout eclairs.



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III was a

SCOPE



Currency	New York Clase	Tokyo Close
	Bate 17 / 10 / 94	124m 8/10/94
Sterling Pound	1.6105	1-6082
Deutsche Mark	1.4950	1.5017
Swiss Franc	1.2370	1.2507
French Franc	5.1430	5.1570**
Japanese Yen	97.65	98.05
European Curreny Unit	1.2693	1-266744

Ситевсу	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MT HS
Į'.S. Dollar	3.68	5.31	5.56	5.81
Sterling Pound	5.31	5.06	6.00	6.62
Deutsche Mark	4.75	4.93	5.00	5.31
Swiss Franc	3.62	3.43	4.06	4.43
French Franc	5.25	5.45	5.68	6.12
Japanese Ven	2.06	2.12	2.25	2.50
European Currency Unit	5.50	5.87	6.06	20.0

	Date: [\$/10/199.				
Carrency	Bid	Offer			
U.S. Dollar	0.6920	0.6940			
Sterling Pound	1.1119	1.1175			
Deutsche Mark	0.4605	0.4628			
Swiss Franc	0.5531	0.5559			
French Franc	0.1342	0.1349			
Japanese Yen [®]	J.705a	0.7091			
Dutch Guilder	0.4111	0.4132			
Swedish Krona	*****	******			
Italian Lira*	0.0450	0.0452			
Belgian Franc	*****	*****			
Per 100					
Her Currencies	Date	B: 18/10/1994			
Carrency	Bid	Offer			
Babraini Dinar	1.8230	1.8390			

Per 100					
Other Currencies	Date: 18/10/19				
Carrency	Bid	Offer			
Babraini Dinar	1.8230	1.8390			
Lebanese Lira ^e	0.040750	0.042080			
Saudi Riyal	0.1830	0.1855			
Kowaiti Dinac	2.3180	2.3700			
Qatari Riyal	0.1559	0.1917			
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2170			
Omeni Riyal	1.7850	1.8050			
UAE Dirham	0-1876	0.1895			
Greek Drachma"	0.2768	0.3150			
Cypriot Pound	1.4530	1,5290			

Australian shopping spree pressures rates

SYDNEY (AFP) — Australian shoppers are on a buying spree that will add to pressure for an official interest rate hike to rein in one of the industrialised world's fastestgrowing economies, analysts said Tuesday.

Economists said official data released Tuesday on the amount of cash flowing through Australian tills in August demonstrated that the country's economy could withstand further monetary tightening,

The Australian Bureau of Statistics said the value of retail trade rose 2.1 per cent in August to a seasonally adjusted 9,017 billion Australian dollars (\$6.6 billion) from a revised 8.835 billion dollars in July.

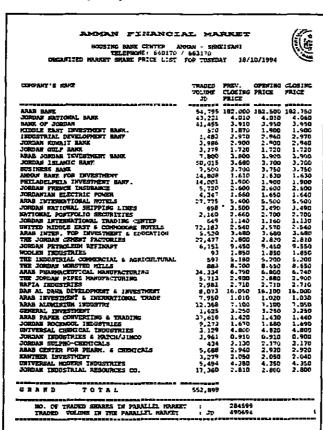
"Ancedotal reports from the retail industry had earlier characterised the sector as on fire during the month of August," said a report by Bank-

ers Trust Australia The report said a big 2.5 per cent increase in retail trade during July would normally be followed by a drop in the following month but

> another strong increase.
> "We have not seen backto-back growth figures as large as those in July and August since 1969," it said. Grant Bailey, chief economist at Citibank Australia, said the retail figures were 'very strong" and would pressure the government to rein in its budget deficit and the monetary authorities to raise the official interest

"instead. August showed

The central Reserve Bank of Australia lifted the official rate by 0.75 percentage points to 5.50 per cent on Aug. 17 following a similar rise by U.S. authorities. Most analysts expect further action in November.



Sanctions boost spare-parts, repair business in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (R) - Business is running along nicely in Sheikh Omar Street, Baghdad's miracle-making car re-

pair district. U.N. sanctions are making life hard for people in Iraq's once-prosperous capital. But more of them are relying on the wizardry of the street's mechanics to fix up broken down and bashed up cars.

"I've got new customers." said Akram Abu Ali, pausing from hammering a steering rod on an anvil.

"People do not have money to buy new cars or even parts. We are trying to make modifications," he

An incessant banging and clanging rings out from the row of open-fronted work-shops. The pavement is stained with oil. Engines, batteries and other parts are piled on shelves.

would loose. In another workshop,

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling

rates for leading world currencies and gold against the

dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and

1.5025/35

1.6844/54

1.2492/02

30.92/96

5.1520/70

1532.9/4.4

98.01/11

7.2003/03

6.5475/25

5.8850/00

\$1.6122/32

Mohamad Sahib was sewing up worn-out tyres. Some are stitched by machine, others Force.

by hand. "It's not too hard but it needs patience." he said. A new tyre would cost 50.000-60,000 dipars (\$100-\$120), he said. The patched-up tyre costs 500-600 dinars (about

"We're busy," he said. Items are getting expen-sive. In Ayad Shikar's motor supplies shop a man looked wistfully at a bottle of brake fluid then walked away saving he couldn't afford it.

"For me business is better than before. But I feel sorry for those whose who are buying because of the high prices," Mr. Shikar said. "I wish sanctions were lifted even though my business

Over a glass of tea he revealed he was a former air force pilot and he reminisced about his former contacts with Britain's Royal Air

"Britain is a great nation. It should not follow America. It is a sad state of affairs," he

London and Washington have taken a tough line against Baghdad at the United Nations, which imposed the economic sanctions on Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait in 1990.

President Saddam Hussein's government, though complaining about the resulting hardships, has yet to comply fully with U.N. demands made after a multinational force drove Iraqi occupation troops from the emirate in February 1991.

The sleek American limousines cruising Baghdad's streets are as often as not looted from Kuwait dur-

But the decline in the state of the capital's cars is evident, residents say. Many drive around with bashes, dents and cracked windscreens which before would be swiftly fixed. Car theft is also on the rise, they say. As the market for second-hand stolen cars is limited, the vehicles are cannibalised for

Back on Sheikh Omar Street, a 14-year-old boy named Ali sifted through a greasy pile of junk. He loaded a battery, sprockets and various other usefullooking bits of metal on to a wooden cart.

He said he could earn 200 - 250 dinars (50 cents) a day reselling them to help his widowed mother and four brothers and sisters through the sanctions.

"I'd love to go back to school," he added.

Kuwait pursues oil expansion projects

Kuwait, a kev OPEC member, has completed repairs to its war-ravaged oil facilities and brought on stream scores

bullion markets Tuesday.

One sterling

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.3535/45

One ounce of gold \$389.85/390.15

expand its energy sector. Kuwaiti oil officials said

Tuesday. The emirate, invaded by Iraq in August 1990 and of new wells amid plans to occupied for seven months.

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese yen

Danish crowns

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

reaching close to 2.5 million barrels per day (b/d) compared with around two million b/d in the year of the

"The oil sector has been fully rehabilitated and pro-LONDON EXCHANGE RATES duction is in full swing. We now have more than 800 pro-

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tor at the Kuwaiti Petroleum Corporation.

Mr. Saleh was speaking at an international oil show in Abu Dhabi, where Kuwait is exhibiting pictures of how its massive oil fields have been brought back to life after being set ablaze by retreating Iraqi forces expelled from the emirate by a U.S.-led coalition in February 1991.

ducing wells." said Ahmad

Saleh, public relations direc-

Kuwaiti officials have accused the Iragis of more than 600 wells and damaging the emirate's refineries and petrochemical installa-

tions. Repairs have cost hun-

dreds of millions of dollars: Kuwait drilled only seven oil wells in 1990 because of the Iraqi occupation but the operation has since gained momentum. An official Arab report showed 20 wells were spudded in 1991, 82 in 1992 and 80 in 1993.

Oil industry sources said Kuwait's output capacity would rise to 2.5 million b/d in 1995 and could reach 3.5 million b/d in 2000 if Kuwaii presses ahead with multibillion-dollar expansion pro-

Kuwait produces two million b/d under a production sharing agreement by the 12nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), but it has said it would seek a higher quote if OPEC decided to raise its ceiling.

It said its demand was justified by its large production capacity and reserves esti-mated at 96.5 billion barrels at the end of 1993 compared with around 97.1 billion bar-

rels before Iraq's invasion. We introduced the more advanced horizontal drilling technique two years ago and we have achieved very good results." Faruk Hussein of the Kuwaiti oil company said in a paper to the oil conference here which has attracted more than 490 regional and international companies.

He said Kuwait was the last Gulf state to have introduced the technique because most of its fields were highly productive.

"But we had to use such a technique after recovery rates in some fields started to

weaken," he added. Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil producer and exporter, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and Oman have introduced the horizontali op-erations, which are costlier than vertical drilling but give nearly four times more yield.

Several papers presented at the oil conference focused on these methods, and equipment used in horizontal drilling was also on display. Another Kuwaiti official,

Rashid Salama, said the emi-rate was carrying out two major petrochemical projects as part of expansion plans. The first one involves a \$1

billion petrochemical complex with an annual production capacity of 650,000 tonnes of ethylene, 450,000 tonnes of polyethylene and 350,000 tonnes of ethylglycol.

Mr. Salama of the Kuwaiti Petrochemical Company said the plant was a joint venture between the Kuwaiti government, 45 per cent, the U.S. company Union Carbide, 45 per cent and the private sector, 10 per cent. The complex and another project to produce polypropaline would be completed in 1997.

Mitsubishi recalls 33,000 cars

TOKYO (AFP) — Mitsubishi Motor Corp. has recalled 33,217 passenger cars to change defective break parts. the transport ministry said Monday.

Ministry officials said the

Japanese carmaker reported that it started recalling Mitage and Lancer models manufactured between August 1991 and February 1994: The officials said the cars braking system might not-

work properly as some parts had been wrongly installed.

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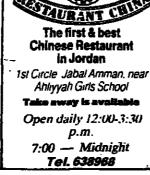
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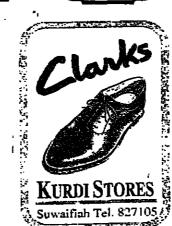
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Brazil's World Cup hangover continues

PARIS (AFP) — Brazil's fourth World Cup triumph in July has left a sad legacy of several tired and disillusioned players whose pride has been bruised as much as their

For example, goalkeeper Claudio Taffarel, one of the stars of the U.S. finals, can't even find gainful employment any more.

So, while he waits for a suitable offer, he's keeping fit by terrorising other members of the goalkeeping fraternity... after swapping his gloves for a No. 9 jersey.

In five matches so far for a small club in rural Reggio Emilia, Taffarel has scored no fewer than eight goals.

Meanwhile, Brazil's exhausted superstar Bebeto, a legitimate striker, returned to his Spanish club Deportivo la Coruna two weeks late and was fined 30 million pesetas (\$235,000) for breach of con-

But when he pleaded that he had needed the extra 10 days to recover from the World Cup, the dub relented, reducing the fine to a token one peseta.

Next, striker Romanio, voted best player of the World Cup finals, made his way wearily back to Spanish champions Barcelona... late and also overweight.

Nevertheless, after a period of adjustment he's beginning to reproduce the form that made him top scorer in the Spanish League last season. He scored his first two goals in a recent 4-3 win over Atletico Madrid.

. But its not just the players who have lost their glamour in some quarters.

LONDON (R) - Zurich will

again be the world's richest

athletics meeting next year with a total budget of 5.5

miliion francs (\$4,39 million).

The 15 grand prix meetings will be worth more than \$27

million with Zurich the most

Incrative and Sao Paulo and

Nice bringing up the rear with \$1,000,000 each.

· Zurich promoter Res

Bruegger Tuesday said he planned to spend \$2.4 million

"I think costs have peaked." he said. "The re-

cession is one cause but

another is the flood of very

good Russian athletes now on

Zurich is world's

richest athletic meet

Alberto Parreira certainly isn't the toast of another Spanish club, Coruna.

They claim he allowed their midfielder Mauro Silva to use anti-inflammatory drugs during the World Cup finals and it has cost them

Silva is reported to have chronic tendinitis of the left knee and could be sidelined for several months.

Among other Brazilian heroes who are finding it difficult to readjust to the weekly grind of league football are Bayern Munich defender Jorghino and Marcio Santos who has transferred to

It has also been a sobering experience for Sao Paulo's triumphant trio — Zetti, Cafu and Muller. Elimination from the South American Club Championship has shattered their dreams of winning the Intercontinental Cup, the world club championship, for the third year in a row.

Ironically, a teenager who didn't play in the 1994 World Cup finals is currently upstaging his illustruious compat-

Just about the hottest Brazilian property at the moment is 17-year-old Renaldo who has scored four goals in five matches for PSV Eindhoven in the Dutch Cham-

Even now, Ronaldo is being mentioned in the same breath as the immortal Pele.

Clearly, the grooming pro-cess for the 1998 World Cup in France has already begun - but who will caution him about the likely hangover whatever the outcome of Brazilian coach Carlos Brazil's bid for a fifth title.



NHL shows no signs of solving labour dispute

he was prepared to pay less next year for eight times Olympic champion Carl Lewis. Lewis, who pulled out of this year's meeting with a stomach complaint, has not won a major title since the

Bruegger also hinted that

1991 world championships. The full list is: Zurich \$4.39 million. Rome \$2.67 million. Lille \$2.5 million, Lausanne \$2.4 million, Berlin \$2.2 million, Monte Carlo \$2 million, Brussels \$1.8 million, Cologne \$1.6 million, Stockholm SI.5 million. London SI.46 million. Oslo \$1.2 million. New York \$1.1 million, San Jose \$1.1 million. Sao Paulo

51 million, Nice 51 million

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NEW YORK (AP) be rescheduled and that Seventeen days and 93 games - and still count-tinued to mount Monday in the postponed National Hockey League (NHL) season with seemingly no quick solu-

tion in sight to the labour dispute between the league and its play-"Considering they reand their current position, there's not much to talk about," said Bob Goodenow, executive director of the NHL

Players Association. The league has been in a holding pattern since Oct. 1, the original starting date of the sea-son. That was first post-poned by NHL Commissioner Gary Bettman in hopes of reaching a new collective bargaining agreement with the play-

ers by Oct. 15. The deadline passed, following a rejection of the latest players' proposal by the owners last

Tuesday. Bettman and Goodenow haven't spoken since. NHL spokesman Arthur Pincus said Monday there were no new negotiations planned at this point.

There still was no word whether the 93 postponed games would the entire 84-game schedule can be salvaged. The league hasn't officially cancelled any games, but has announced that a formal policy regarding ticket refunds would be issued Nov. 1 if no contract was reached by then.

Meanwhile, NHL Vice President Brian Burke continued his tour of NHL cities, stopping couver Monday. Burke has presented the owners' case so fans can draw their own conclusions about the labour dispute that has delayed the 1994-95 season.

In Vancouver, Burke reiterated a position of some in management that NHL owners would be willing to cancel the season if there's no contract agreement.

"I think fans understand that we are faced with a problem," Burke said. "We're available to meet. It's inexcusable to delay bargaining."

In a related development, players continued to explore options in other leagues. Marty McSorley of the Los Angeles Kings had hoped to sign with the Las Vegas Thunder of the International Hock-

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potenziamento dei rapporti bilaterali tra le nostre due

Nazioni, in una terra dove la Cultura Italiana

e' matura per un grande sviluppo.

ey League. But late Monday night, his agent, Mike

Barnett, said from Los Angeles that McSorley had decided not to sign with the Thunder because of his involvement in the NHL negotiations. McSorley is on the players' bargaining committee.

"The negotiation committee has his undivided attention," Bar-

Several foreign-born players were back in the course of the lock-

They included several in the Finnish league -Los Angeles' Jari Kurri and Winnipeg's Teemu Selanne with Jokerit; St. Louis' Esa Tikkanen and Chicago's Christian Ruuttu with IFK; Dallas' Jarkko Varvio with HPF and Boston's Mikko Makela with Iles of Tampere.

During the NHL lockout, players are allowed to play in Europe and with other non-NHL teams. The International Ice Hockey Federation (IIHF) has reversed its ruling not to permit NHL players to perform in Europe. Chairman Rene Fasel made the decision Sunday, after instructions from NHL

Commissioner Bettman. Quebec's Peter Forsberg has gone home to Sweden and is considering playing for Modo.

"CLI" Amman,

19,Ottobre 1994

Wihdat, Hussein to clash in Jordan soccer tourney

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The upcoming eighth week of the first division soccer championship will prove to be one of the most crucial, with standings somewhat stabilising and only four weeks remaining before the first leg concludes Nov. 11. Irbid's Al Hassan Sta-dium will witness the week's most decisive clash

between leaders Al Wihdat and second placed Al Hussein Friday. Al Wihdat have won all their matches so far and have 14 points, while Al Hussein lost only to Al Ramtha and are two points behind. Al Jazireh who have

been steadily improving their standing and are cur-rently in fifth place will have a chance to gain more ground when they meet 11th placed Al Jeel who only have one point from one draw and six defeats. The surprise team of the tournament - sixth placed newcomers Kufrsoum will clash with 7th placed

Al Arabi as both teams are

not only seeking to move

away from the last four

places but are also contending for a halfway if not advanced standing this The most disappointed fans of eighth-placed Al Ahli and ninth-placed Al

Qadissieh are undoubtedly hoping that their teams start scoring some wins. Al Ahli will clash with 3rd-placed Al Ramtha, while Al Qadissieh will meet last-

placed Al Karmel. Al Ramtha, almost threatened with relegation last year, have displayed remarkable teamwork and have not lost a match so far. They are only one point behind Al Hussein.

Titleholders Al Faisali who are still in fourth place will have a valid chance to improve their standing when they meet 10th-placed Shabab Al Hussein in Amman.

During the past seven weeks 134 goals have been scored in 42 matches. The seventh week had the highest number of goals at 22 and the goal scoring average rose to 3.2 per match.
Al Hussein maintained

the best scoring record in 24-9, and Kufrsoum Yousef Obeidat is still it top scorer with 7 goels. is now closely trailed Al Ramtha's Moua Abu Hdeib with 6 gold while Al Abli's Huss Hammash and Al Arabi Ayman Al Oman are third place with 5 gos Spor

According to figures leased by Ma'an Salah, treasurer of the Jore Soccer Federation (JS the seventh week ne JD10,307 with Al Wild Kufrsoum match securit more than half the total at JD6,000 while Al Jeck Al Arabi match at Al Matrac Stadium netted only JD6.

Salah added that second division matches supervised by the JSF had netted JD5,225, while unsupervised matches had only JD1,490.

Standings before 8th week

Team	P	W	D	L	GF	GA	Pts.	
Wihdat Hussein Ramtha Faisali Jazireh Kufrsoum Arabi Ahli Qadissieh Sh. Al Hussein	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 6 4 3 4 4 3 2 1 1	3 1 1 2 2 1	1 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 5	10 24 15 13 10 16 10 10	1 9 3 4 7 16 12 13 14 19	14 12 11 9 9 8 7 6 4 3	-
Jeel Karmel	7	=	1	6 7	3 2	15 20	<u>-</u>	

Poison rejected as cause of death of trainer and horses

SYDNEY (R) — Australian scientists rejected Tuesday claims that poison may have caused the deaths of Queensland racehorse trainer Vic Rail and 14 thoroughbreds in September, saying they had identified the killer virus.

"There is no scientific basis whatsover for any lingering doubts as to the cause of the deaths," said Ian Douglas, principal veterinary officer at the Animal Health Bureau of Queensland's Department of Primary Industries (DPI).

Local media reports Monday said a toxic pesticide may have been responsible for the deaths of Rail and his horses.

Rail's vet Peter Reid was reported in the Australian Financial Review newspaper Monday as saying the possibility that toxins, most likely contained in a rodenticide. were responsible was dismissed too readily by authorities.

are virtually certain the virus has been contained, they say the explanation for its sudden emergence may never be

Douglas said there was no trace of the virus's presence in 900 blood samples taken recently from horses at stables throughout the southeast Queensland region.

"If this is the first case of the virus, then perhaps this is the end of it, although there can be no guarantee until the circumstances behind the outbreak are known that it will not flare again," Douglas

He said it was almost certain the virus was introduced into Rail's stable when a mare was returned to the property from a nearby pad-

"We have not answered the question as to how she came to be infected and we may never find out. It may be But while DPI scientists that only time will tell

whether those circumstances were unique or could be repeated with another borse." added.

The virus, related to members of the morbilivirus group, was identified by scientists at the federal government's Australian Animal Health Laboratory (AAHL) in Geelong, Victoria.

Ty 50

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"Whilst many people around the world have been consulted, this investigation has shown that Australia has the capability to quickly and comprehensively handle unusual disease occurances," said AAHL communications manager Niall Byrne in a

The viral outbreak and deaths led to a shutdown of horse racing in south-east Queensland, costing the local industry an estimated Australian \$5.0 million (\$3.65 million) in wages and lost re-

Shooting of soccer official raises fears for World Cup bid they subsequently lost. "We were shocked to hear

LAGOS, Nigeria (AP) — Armed robbers have killed the visiting chief of Ivory Coast's Soccer Federation. raising fears the shooting could hurt Nigeria's bid to host the 1996 Junior World Cup competition.

Police said Tuesday that Apollinaire Hauhouot, secretary-general of the Ivo-rian Football Federation, was shot by bandits Saturday in his hotel room near Lagos international airport. No

were attacked, but only Hauhouot was shot, twice in the chest, the police said. Ivorian team to a regional

arrests have been made. Five other hotel guests He was accompanying an

championship match that

that he was killed in Lagos." Sani Toro, the secretarygeneral of Nigeria's Soccer Association, said. "It is a very sad thing, and has implications for how Nigeria is seen from the outside." This West African nation's

bid to host the Junior World Cup already has been marred, as have previous attempts, by poor facilities and preparations. Not one site has been declared ready for the competition.

Nigerian soccer officials said they feared that rising levels of violent crime, and the publicity that Hauhouot's death was attracting, could ruin their chances.

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Reason for Chinese success: chicken soup

BELIING (R) — Chicken soup containing medicinal herbs has been offered as one explanation for the extraordinary success of the Chinese swimmers this year.

"What was the secret of the Chinese swimmers' success at winning 23 out of a possible 31 gold medals at the Hiroshima Asian Games?," the official Beijing Evening News asked Tuesday. "Coach Lu Yunmin has

revealed it was chicken soup and hard training."
The paper added the soup. prepared by Lu's wife, contained medicinal herbs.

The Chinese worldbreaking performances on both the track and in the pool over the past two years have sparked persistent allegations

These have been denied by Chinese coaches, who have instead attributed their successes to hard work, new training techniques and tradi-tional Chinese medicines.

Ma Junren, who coaches the Chinese world record breaking women middle and long-distance runners, has marketed his own potion of Korean ginseng and turde

Marathon runner dies

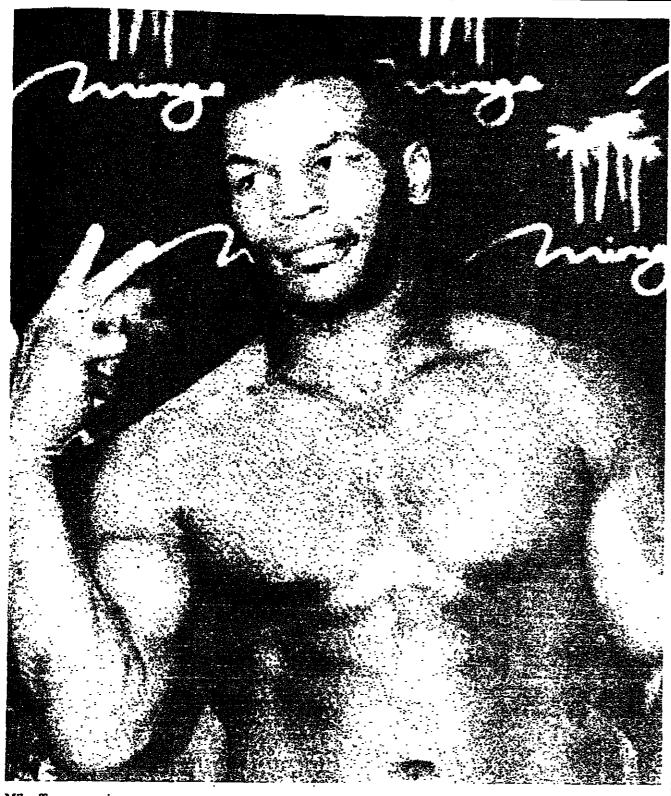
DETROIT, Michigan (AFP)
A 42-year-old runner died of an apparent heart attack during the Detroit Interna-tional Marathon here Sun-day. Samuel Grafton of Troy. Michigan, an experienced marathon runner, collapsed after running 22 miles.

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Tyson hates the world, regrets falling in love

NEW YORK (R) - Former heavyweight champion Mike Tyson says he hates the world, is just a black trophy" for the judge who sent him to prison and his chief regret in life is falling in love. Ring magazine. in an interview with Tyson last August

that was not released until Monday, asked Tyson what his biggest regret was. "I would have never fallen in love," said Tyson, adding

that for him falling in love probably was bad. "I've never been successful in relationships where you really have a deep infatuation for a person.

Tyson, 28, is expected to be released in early May after serving about three years of a six-year term for raping a beauty contestant in Indianapolis, Indiana, in the summer

In a wide-ranging interview. Tyson, who said he runs about eight miles (12.8

with Omar Sharif & Tannah Hirsch

Both vulnerable. South deals.

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HANDLE WITH CARE

kilometres) a day and shadow-boxes to stay in condition, was asked to describe his reactions to several people who have been prominent in his life.

About ex-wife Robin Givens, Tyson said: "We weren't ready for marriage, and we got caught up in the whole situation of being who we were... I don't want to be her friend. I don't want to hug and kiss and be cordial with her, but I have nothing bad or good to say about her."

Givens has said that Tyson. the youngest man to win the heavyweight title, beat her.

"I don't beat on women. A woman may say I beat her, but have you ever seen Robin's face caved in? I hit Mitch Green in a street fight. and you saw what happened to his face. Robin never had no bruises.

The former champion said that Don King, who prom-

technique.

North-South were using a 15-17
point range for an opening bid of
one no trump. North checked for a
4-4 major-soit fit, then bid game
when one was located.

West had the seven of ships and

when one was located.

West led the queen of clubs and
declarer could count six tricks in the
side suits. The trump suit, therefore, had to provide the additional

four. If trumps were 4-1, there would be little chance to land the contract, so declarer had to assume a 3-2 break.

Declarer won the first trick with

the ace and immediately played ace and another heart. All would have been well had East shifted, but East first drew another trump before re-verting to clubs and declarer could

To avoid having too many trumps drawn, declarer should have ducked a trump at trick two. Declarer can then win any return, cash the ace of

oted many of Tyson's fights and who is under indictment for insurance fraud, is a good man. Don King sometimes gets caught up in being so suspicious of everybody. I think that sometimes he even distrusts his friends. ... I don't

Asked if King is paranoid, Tyson said: "Anybody in the boxing business deserved to be paranoid."

think he trusts me totally."

Tvson said that before going to prison he thought everyone was nice, but "now, Mike Tyson hates the world. That's just a fact. I hate everybody. I know they say, 'No, you can't hate the world, don't be bitter.' But I just hate everybody. Well, the majority, maybe 99 per

About judge Patricia Gifford, who presided over Tyson's trial and sentenced him, the fighter said: "I think this is her claim to fame. I'm

her famous black trophy. She wants everybody to know she put Mike Tyson in jail."

Tyson said the Islamic religion has "given me a great outlook on life. I have to appreciate where I've been. where I haven't been. I could have been somewhere else

Tyson said that when he first went to jail in March 1992, he told himself that prison was "killing me. I want to see my family." But when it really comes down to it, I really don't have anybody I want to go to. I've been alone all my life and every time I did accept someone in my life, they've (expletive deleted) me.

Asked if King was his surrogate father, Tyson said: "I never had a father. So how's he supposed to be my father? What would I know about a father-son relationship.

Lalas hailed by **GOREN BRIDGE** Italian press

PADUA, Italy (AP) — Alexi Lalas made history and became the toast of Italians tired of the dominance of AC

Milan. The 24-year-old defender scored the first goal ever by an American-born player in the Italian League as he led underdog Padova to a 2-0 victory over the defending European and Italian cham-

"Lalas plays, Miwan dances," said Rome's Corriere Dello Sport of the American who sings and plays a guitar in a rock group. "Lalas sings the end of an

era," chimed in La Gazzetta Dello sport on the same Lalas, who played for Rut-gers and the U.S. World Cup

Ďefender Franco Gabrieli added a second goal in the 61st minute to wrap up Padova's first victory after four

the first division this season

after 32 years in the minor

losses and a tie. "I don't intend to stop here," said Lalas, who nearly scored again in an offensive rush late in the second half. "I want to score more goals and hope they are important

as my goal against Milan."
The win was especially sweet coming-against heavily favoured Milan.

Lalas, whose red hair and goatee have inspired Italian comparisons to wild west showman Buffalo Bill Cody, jumped advertising boards surrounding the field and ran toward the stands after his

Andretti, Peugeot future with the Tracy McLaren under threat join

Newman Associated Press MICHAEL, Andretti and Paul Tracy officially became teammates Tuesday for

Indy-car circuit. In a move that has been the subject of speculation for several months, the 32-yearold Andretti and 25-year-old Tracy replace 54-year-old Mario Andretti, who retired at the end of the 1994 season, and 41-year-old Nigel Mansell, who has returned to Formula One after a two-

Newman-Haas racing on the

year indy-car stint. It is the younger Andretti's second time driving for co-owners Paul Newman and Carl Haas. He drove for the team from 1989 through Paul Newman and Carl Haas. He drove for the team from 1989 through 1992, winning 20 races and 21 polls and captur-ing the 1991 PPG Cup cham-pionship as his father's teammate.

Tracy, one of budding stars of Indy-car racing, became a test driver and part-time racer for Roger Penske in 1991 after running away with the Firestone Indy Lights Championship the previous year.

gine suppliers Peugeot's future in Formula One motor racing could be threatened by the revamping of the McLaren team with Mercedes engines next year. according to one of Peugeot's top racing staff.

Jean-Pierre Jabouille, who is in charge of the Peugeot sport team, admitted during the European Grand Prix at Jerez in Spain last weekend that he was unsure if Peugeot would remain in Formula One next year.
"Officially," he said, with

a shrug, "we will still be with McLaren. Nothing has been said or done to change that yet. I hope we can be. I hope we will at least be in Formula One. But at the moment, I don't know if we will be or

According to informed sources close to Mercedes Benz, the German manufacturer has two options to select from for 1995 and the future: To stay with its current Swiss-based Sauber team, which has not won a race, or to switch to the once-dominant but now declining giant McLaren.

One source at Mercedes said it was virtually certain that Mercedes, who have de-clared their long-term com-

will change teams next year. McLaren, who signed a long-term deal with Peugeot in October of 1993, are known to be frustrated at the lack of success they have enjoyed with the French V10 power units. They have not won a race this year, but have several strong podium

finishes recently. The sources said Mercedes were also interested in the alternative option of supplying engines to a new Penske-entered American team which would aim to be in full operation for 1996 when current world championship leader Michael Schumacher's contract with Benetton ends.

Both McLaren and Penske, owned by American industrialist Roger Penske whose Indy car team have dominated this year's American series, are heavily sponsored by Mariboro.

It is possible, according to some sources, that Penske, backed by Mariboro, may join with McLaren in creating a new "super team" with Mercedes engines, Marlboro's long-term backing and a probable drivers' line-up including Schumacher and Canadian Indy Car star Paul Tracy in the future.

with McLaren is to end, the highly-promising Jordan team is favourite to take over as the French company's factory-supplied team. Jor-dan, in only their fourth season of Grand Prix racing, have impressed many observers and this year have support from Marlboro. A switch from McLaren, whose chief Ron Dennis lost his composure embarrassingly during a media conference in Spain last Saturday, would suit Peugeot if it was to a

competitive team. "I believe we have done a lot of work and made great progress for an engine supplier in their first season. said Jabouille, only hours before Sunday's race when Fin-land's Mika Hakkinen finished third in a McLaren-Peugeot. "I hope we carry on in Formula One. I believe we can compete with Renault next year when there will be a new engine formula and-we

can fight for race victories." If Peugeot are forced to end their partnership with McLaren, the French Larrousse team could also be keen to join them for 1996. If that happened, it would leave Jordan as favourites to succeed Benetton as the official Ford-backed factory team.

San Marino GP in doubt next year

LONDON (R) — The San Marino Grand Prix at Imola in Italy, where Roland Ratzenberger and Ayrton Senna were killed this year, may be omitted from next year's calendar.

According to Formula One team members who have seen the 1995 provisional calendar, the San Marino race was absent from the first draft although a subsequent edition reinstated it with a provisional

Motor racing sources suggested the race may be dropped if the circuit was considered to be responsible for the deaths of Ratzenberger and Senna. A full report on the cause of Senna's death is expected to be announced by the Italian authorities this month.

The provisional calendar also includes an Argentine Grand Prix in March which would be the first race of the season and a free date June 18 which could be designed for a possible U.S. Grand Prix at the Brandy Station Circuit near Washington D.C.

March 12 — Argentina (Buenos Aires) March 26 — Brazil (Sao April 16 - Pacific (Aida)

April 30 — (San Marino) May 14 - Spain (Barcelona) May 28 — Monaco June 11 - Canada (Mon-June 18 — (to be

announced) July 2 — France (Magny Cours) July 16 - Britain (SilverJuly 30 — Germany (Hockenheim) August 13 — Hungary (Budapest)

August 27 — Belgium (Spa-Francorchamps) September 10 - Italy (Monza) September 24 — Portugal (Estorii) October 8 — Europe (Jerez)

October 29 - Japan (Suzuka) November 12 — Australia (Adelaide)



The bidding:
South West North East
1 NT Pass 2 + Pass
2 - Pass 4 - Pass
Pass Pass
Opening lead Queen of the Experts are unknowned that the best game contrarts are those in a major when declarer has a 4-4 fit in the trump sunt. That offers the most flexibility, enabling ruifs to be taken in either hand without losing control. Yet many declarers are at a loss how to tackle the play when their trump suit contains few high cards. Here's an object lesson in winning trumps, leaving two trumps in each hand, then cash all the side-suit winners before embarking on a crossruff. East can overruff at any time, but declarer still has 10 tricks. team, scored in the 23rd minute for Padova, promoted to goal. Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 618274 - 618275 Cinema Tel.: 699238 Cinema Tel.: 677420 Tel.: 634144 Tel.: 625155 Cinema **AMMOUN THEATRE** CONCORD **Nabil Al Mashini Theatre** AHLAN THEATRE PLAZA PHILADELPHIA catabre of Presents: Presents: Robert Davi, Jone Severance & Today & Everyday Children's theatre The political satire: Jack Scalia ... in Abu Awwad in social comend menmoud Hamidah...in
Al Muhajer "MARZOUK AND THE MAGIC LAMP" Al Salam Ya Salam Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:00, 8:15, 10:30 **Criminal Intent** edy Ŧ CONCORD "2" Daily at 8:30 p.m. at 10 a.m. "PUNCTURED (Immigrant) Saturday & Sunday is the theatre's holiday. For reservation call tel: BAG" Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 CRUSH Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:00, 6:30, 6:30, 10:30 618274-618275 Shows: 3:30, 5:15

Israel hopes Jordan treaty can ease Golan deadlock

TEL AVIV (R) - Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said on Tuesday Israel preferred its new treaty with Jordan over its 1979 pact with Egypt as a model for peace with

The Jordan-Israel peace treaty, initialled in a surprise Monday, has yet to be made public but a senior Israeli official briefed Israeli diplomatic correspondents on its contents late on Monday

night.
The accord. Israel's second with an Arab state since its establishment in 1948, rests on five key understandings. sources quoted the official as saying. They are:

- Israel will hand back most of the territory claimed by Jordan, and Amman will accept alternative land to that already farmed by Israelis. - İsrael will lease small

areas from Jordan. - Israel will yield 40 million cubic metres of Yarmuk River water to Jordan annually and provide 10 million cubic metres more though desalination of brackish water sources near the

Sea of Galilee. - Israel will participate in projects that could yield 100 million cubic metres more water, including Israel and Jordan building two dams on the Yarmuk and Jordan riv-

- Jordan will neither join alliance against Israel nor let its territory be a staging area for third party attacks.

Also under the treaty: - Embassies will be established a month after the treaty is ratified by the Israeli and Jordanian parliaments.

- Israel will consult Jordan before negotiating over Palestinian refugees from the 1948 Middle East war in final talks with Palestinians. Many of the refugees live in Jordan.

Jordan had demanded 380 square kilometres from Israel, most in a long narrow strip along its arid southern border with Israel. The official said Israel conceded it had encroached on Jordanian land in the area over the last 46 years.

The official said Israel agreed to return over 300 square kilometres to Jordan. Jordan agreed to accept 30 square kilometres in exchange and immediately lease back to two Israeli farming communities nearly 300 hectares for 25 years with

an option to renew. In the peace deal with Egypt, Israel gave back all of the Sinai peninsula it seized in the 1967 Middle East war and evacuated settlements established there.

Asked which deal Israel hoped would be a precedent. radio: "From our logical viewpoint, the Jordanian agreement. Jordan has not lost even one inch of land ... it can say to the Arah World Look, I conducted negotiations. I got all that was com-

ing to me. Syria, its negotiations with Israel stalled, has demanded a full Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights it lost in 1967. Fifteen thousand Israelis now live on the Heights.

Mr. Peres added the exchange concept was not new to Jordan.

He said King Hussein once told him that a stretch of land on the coast south of the Jordanian port of Aqaba had been obtained by Jordan in a swap with Saudi Arabia.

Syrian President Hafez Al Assad was in Cairo on Tuesday amid reports of movement after three years of deadlock with Israel over the Golan Heights.

But Mr. Peres said that despite last week's shuttle diplomacy by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher negotiations remained "atmospheric" and were not addressing substance.

Israel has openly agreed to a partial withdrawal but refuses to negotiate it in detail until Syria defines whether peace means open borders. full ties and trade.

U.S. continues Gulf deployment as Iraq drops conciliatory tone

WASHINGTON (Agencies)
— The U.S. military deployment in the Gulf has not changed course and continued Tuesday according to original plans, U.S. officials said, even if Iraq clearly is withdrawing its troops from near the Kuwaiti border.

The number of U.S. troops in the region stood at 26,000 as of Tuesday, including 4,400 ground troops, accord-

ing to Pentagon figures.
The 10 ships that are bringing in material for the mass deployment have not yet arrived in Kuwait, and therefore the departure of 18,000 Marines from Camp Pendle-ton, California and 16,000 troops from Fort Stewart. Georgia had yet to begin Tuesday.

The United States plans to deploy 30,000 troops on the ground, Defence Secretary William Perry said last week on a visit to the Gulf.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Up-

per House of Parliament

(Senate) said Tuesday that it

would hold a meeting Satur-

day immediately after the opening of Parliament's

ordinary session with a

speech from the Throne.
It said that the Senate,

which will convene under the

chairmanship of Speaker

Ahmad Lawzi, will hear a

reading of the Royal Decree

summoning Parliament to

convene in an ordinary ses-

sion as of Oct. 22, 1994 be-

The Iraqi government has said its withdrawal from the to interpret how close Iraq border area is complete, but Washington says some troops

Iraq on Tuesday dropped its conciliatory tone toward a U.N. resolution restricting its troop movements, denouncing the text as "the worst"

On Monday the official daily Al Jumhuriya said the resolution had some "relatively positive" points because it omitted a U.S.backed proposal to ban all Iraqi ground forces from the area near the Kuwaiti border. Instead the resolution ban-

from the area. But on Tuesday the same newspaper called the text the worst of resolutions." "To demand that Iraq move northward the military units it deployed in the south constitutes flagrant interfer-

ned elite Iraqi Guard units

chief, Salah Al Mukhtar, who also wrote Monday's com-It was meanwhile difficult

draft a reply to the speech

from the Throne in accord-

ance with article five of the

The Lower House would

meet after the Senate ends its

meeting following the speech from the Throne under the

chairmanship of the eldest member of the House in

accordance with article two

of the House statute and in

the presence of the Council

Decree for convening the

ordinary session, Parliament

After hearing the Royal

Senate statute.

of Ministers.

ence in its domestic affairs,"

said the newspaper's editor in

mand if the sanctions imposed after the 1990 invasion are to be lifted. A special session of the

Iraqi parliament was called on Monday amid speculation recognition was imminent. It was not revealed if this was

The body, dominated by the ruling Baath Party, voted to back President Saddam Hussein in his handling of the

Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev last week secured a pledge from Bagh-. dad to recognise the oil-rich emirate, which it claims was historically part of its territory, in exchange for a lifting of sanctions after a six-month period of testing the U.N. monitoring of Iraq's arms in-

Iraq declared in a communique on Oct. 13 its "readiness" to recognise Kuwait in exchange for the lifting of sanctions.

Parliament convenes on Saturday

But Mr. Kozyrev, visiting might be to recognising Kuwait the next day.

members will elect a perma-

nent bureau in accordance

The chairman would then

request deputies to elect a

three-member team to super-

vise the election of a chair-

man and members of the

permanent bureau and its

sub-committees. The chair-

man will then ask for candi-

dacies for the speakership

The deputies will be called

on to individually cast their

votes to choose a speaker to

with article two of the House

apparently erred by going a step too far and announcing the "good news" that Iraq had already recognised Kuwait and its borders without conditions attached.

Kuwait in turn demanded formal recognition on paper and presented to the United

Russia proposed to the United Nations in New York on Monday that the Security Council should consider lifting the embargo on Iraqi oil exports after an arms monitoring test period of six or seven months. But the United States and Britain criticised this.

Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz reiterated Iraq's position at the United Nations, but gave no clarification of when or how recognition of Kuwait might come, offering only the com-ment it was "under consid-

Diplomats said that despite the bluster in Tuesday's official media Baghdad was left

Haitian rights

activist wins Reebok Award

BOSTON (R) - Four hu-

man rights activists from Haiti, Brazil, Liberia and Nepal were named winners Monday of the 1994 Reebok Human Rights Award for their efforts to promote greater rights and freedoms in their countries. The award was created in 1988 by Reebok International Ltd. the athletic shoe maker to recognise the human rights work of people aged 30 and younger. The award, which provides a \$25,000 donation to a human rights organisation named by each recipient. will be presented to the winners at a ceremony in Boston on Dec. 7. Rose-Anne Auguste, a 30-year-old nurse in Haiti, was named for seeking to promote justice against a background of widespread violence and repression in her country under the military junta, recently forced from power by U.S. pressure. She has toiled to improve the chronically insufficient health care available to Haitian women and children in a country which has known extreme human suffering." the Reebok Human Rights board of advisors said in a statement. Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter, a member of the advisory board, praised Auguste's work on behalf of her countrymen as "inspiring." Ms. Auguste founded a private clinic in one of the poorest and most dangerous area of Port-Au-Prince, offering free health care to anyone who needed medicalcare but could not afford it. The clinic, which now treats more than 200 people a day, became a haven for many

Queen's visit causes scramble for tuxedos

MOSCOW (AFP) - The visit by Queen Elizabeth II, the first British monarch ever to visit Russia, has sparked a run on evening suits with Russian government officials scrambling for the past two days to find proper attire. Tuxedo stocks at the Russian Foreign Ministry were quickernment officials have been. quality formal attire borrowed from a nearby theatre, government authorities said. The queen gave a black-tie reception at the British embassy in Moscow Monday evening after a night at the Bolshoi, and President Boris Yeltsin is scheduled to organise a dinner in Honour of the queen Tuesday night at the Palace of Facets, which will be the first black-tie dinner organised by the Kremlin. a presidential protocol official said. And in Moscow, where city clothes are acceptable for most official affairs, tuxedos are hard to come by. Another difficulty with the official Russian tuxedo stocks is that there appear to too 34 many suits without the shirts. bow ties or accessories which go with them. One vice minister's tuxedo pants would not fit and his secretaries had to sew until late Monday to adjust the size. The secretaries also had to club up to buy their boss a shirt and bow-tie so he would look decent to meet the queen.

one revealed.

MOSCOW (R) - Russia's world-famous Bolshoi Ballet is going through one of the most troubled periods of its history even as it basks in the 🖐 glory of performing for Britain's Queen Elizabeth on home soil. As the Queen watched the ballet Giselle with President Boris Yeltsin Monday evening many in the 3. country's most famous dance troupe were still contemplating a summer marked by bitter internal strife. Critics say standards have slipped at the Bolshoi and that the company is struggling to adjust in the post-Soviet era. A lack of funding and a dearth of choreographic innovation in Russia have hit the country's once pre-eminent dance reputation in recent years. Top dancers have been lured away by lucrative contracts with Western troupes. In September, Mr. Yeltsin issued a decree introducing nection with the kidnapping. all Bolshoi empioyees. contracts of employment for

Mr. Peres told Israeli army Hariri sees **Denmark pledges** assistance to Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — Denmark's Vice Minister For Foreign Affairs Henrik Wohlk on Tuesday welcomed the initialling of the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty, and described it as an important step on the path towards a comprehensive peace in the region.

Addressing a press conference at the end of a four-day official visit to Jordan, the Speaking on a visit to Romania a day after Jordan Danish minister described the treaty as a "historic event." and Israel initialled a peace which will push forward agreement, Mr. Hann said peace talks on the Israelibilateral agreements could Syrian track and other tracks.

> it ensure economic development, he said. His talks with Jordanian were extremely positive, and

had focussed on Jordanian-Danish cooperation. He disclosed his country's plans to enhance its participation in the economic develop-

ment in both Jordan and Palestine. Mr. Wohlk arrived here Sunday at the head of a Danish businessmen delegation, which held meetings with Jordanian businessmen on means of developing coop-

eration in the economic and

Speaking at a meeting with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali earlier Tuesday, Mr. Wohlk said that Denmark was ready to provide Jordan with assistance to ensure its economic and social development and to regard Jordan as a regional centre for Danish investments in the whole re-

Mr. Wohlk said Denmark was willing to offer Jordan technical assistance in vocational training as well as promote the Kingdom's private sector's endeavours in its drive to boost commercial The treaty will encourage exchanges with other counthe industrialised countries to tries in general and with Desupport this region and help

nmark in particular. The prime minister briefed the Danish officials on the peace process and the initialling Monday of the draft peace treaty with Israel. Dr. Majali expressed hope that the move would improve the economic situation in Jordan and open the door for invest-

Mr. Wohlk also met Nayef Mwala, secretary general of the Ministry of Information, to review Jordanian-Danish relations and to discuss prospects for exchanges of information and expertise in media affairs between Jordan and Denmark.

fore electing a committee to Syria's last Jews have no

plan to leave BEIRUT (Agencies) - A

key representative of Syria's Jewish community has denied reports that the last Jews living leave the country, the Al Hayat newspaper reported on Tuesday.

"President Hafez Al Assad told us "we welcome he who wants to stay in his country and we tell him ahlan wa sahlan (welcome) but to he who wants to leave we say peace be with you," Yousef Jajati told Al Hayat from Damascus.

"Yesterday I prayed with my brothers in the synagogue and I did not hear one of them say that he was planning to travel abroad except for six who left (on Sunday)." he said.

Mr. Jajati said 400 Jews remained in Syria out of 3,400 after Syria allowed them to leave the country freely in 1992.

All those who remain in Syria have received exit visas and "are free to travel and practice their religion in Damascus at four synagogues out of an initial 22, he said. Around 100 Jews also pray at a synagogue in Kamishli. near the border with Turkey,

based Arabic daily. Two other synagogues in Aleppo were closed after the depreure of Jews from the city north of Damascus.

Mr. Jajati told the London-

Mr. Jajati, a wealthy shopkeeper, has been the key Jewish representative in Syria since the departure to the United States of Rabbi Ham-

Diplomatic sources on Monday said the last Jews still living in Syria were due to quit the country for good on Tuesday after secret talks mediated by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, who was last week in the

region.
"Christopher cannot force me to leave the country and our government is not throwing us out. On the contrary it welcomes us," Mr. Jajati told

Al Hayat. Rabbi Hamra planned to immigrate to Israel on Tuesday, coming from the United States after the departure from Syria of the last members of the Jewish community who wanted to leave. Asked whether his arrival

was a sign of a further thaw in Israeli-Syrian relations. Rabsented." bi Flamra said: "Yes, this is a (Continued on page 7)

Last week the head of the PLO delegation, Saeb EraIsraeli proposal to create a joint committee of three

Under the terms of the declaration of principles the two sides are to agree on supervision and an international observation for the

She spoke before a new session of talks with Israel on staging elections to the authority which will run Palestinian civilian affairs under the

The crisis ended in a failed rescue attempt which left the hostage, an Israeli officer and

three Hamas men dead.

tions for those who could Israel wants to exclude opponents of the peace process, those who call for the destruction of the Jewish

Mr. Rabin warned PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat after the hostage crisis that he which is vehemently opposed to self-rule launched in the Gaza Strip and Jericho on

ture, Mr. Kamal said the PLO would also agree con-ditionally to Israel taking part in a committee to supervise

sion committee with Israel, but we accept international supervision within which the Jewish state could be repre-

kat, rejected as "illogical" an

Palestinian judges and three Israelis.

The new round of talks started later Tuesday in a Cairo hotel and would focus on the structure of the future council as well as the makeup and mandate of a supervisory committee.

So far the two sides have failed to set a date for the poll, which has already been delayed from July, and which the Palestinians had been hoping to schedule for early November.

The PLO is insisting Israel should complete its military withdrawal from Palestinian population centres on the West Bank before the elections are held, which Israel has so far refused to discuss.

The talks which began on Oct. 3 are meant to set the seal on limited self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza before the start of negotiations on the final status of the territories due to begin in May 1996.

The chief negotiators, Dr. Erekat and Major General Rothschild, would not discuss details of their negotiating strategies as they arrived at a Cairo hotel for the talks.

But PLO delegate Mohammad Shtayyeh said he expected both sides to raise new ideas to break the logjam over Palestinian elections.

The Israeli cabinet decided on Sunday to resume the talks after the crisis over the abduction of Nachshon Waxman ended with his death when Israeli soldiers tried to free him from his abductors.

Israel had charged Waxman was held in the Palestinian autonomous zone in the Gaza Strip and demanded the PLO rescue him. But it turned out the soldier was held in an area of the West Bank still occupied by Israel.

The talks, aimed at hammering out a mechanism for the elections, have made little progress since they were launched here early this month.

The two sides have differed on the powers of the council, its make-up and the procedures for its election.

Mr. Shtayyeh, a Jerusalem-based economist, said the PLO still rejects Israel's demand for a joint Israeli-Palestinian body to oversee the elections, which he described as "completely illogical."

In the same meeting, a committee will be chosen to

succeed the incumbent. Tah-

er Al Masri.

prepare the reply to the speech from the Throne and later the deputies will elect committees on administrative, legal, financial and foreign affairs.

The following committees were created in the previous session: Public freedoms. education, Palestine and occupied Arab lands, rural and badia regions, and energy and water.

PLO to bar hardliners as candidates in elections

gate to talks here said Tues-

as the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, be excluded from the election pro-

"All candidates must be mandated to continue the talks to reach the final phase negotiator Zahira Kamal told AFP. "The candidates must recognise the peace process."

"Whether Hamas accepts this or not, is its problem." she added.

Israel suspended the talks on the orders of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin a week ago after Hamas kidnapped an Israeli soldier.

Her comments marked a

climb-down for the Palestinian delegation which last week slammed the head of the Israeli delegation, Danny Rothschild, for being "undemocratic" in setting conditake part in the elections.

state, and those standing on a

May 4.

"Arafat cannot have in the same time peace with Israel and peace with Hamas," he said.

81 Hamas members still in jail in Gaza

GAZA CITY (Agencies) — Palestinian authorities were only holding 81 Hamas members in Gaza jail arrested over the kidnapping of an Israeli soldier, the city's police chief said Tuesday. General Ghazi Jabali said

51 were released overnight and 61 the previous day. But Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas members said 115 activists had been freed in the last two days out of a total of 350 held since

last Wednesday. The releases followed demonstrations by thousands of Hamas supporters, protesting a crackdown ordered by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chief Yasser Arafat after the group kidnapped Israel corporal Nachshon Waxman.

The demonstrators had also demanded the dismissal of Mr. Arafat's top police

Also released were six local journalists working for international agencies who had handled a video recording of the Hamas kidnappers. The authority also set free

on Tuesday 11 members of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine detained three weeks ago. They were held after the group, which opposes autonomy, claimed responsibility

for shooting at Israeli troops. Meanwhile, the Palestinian authority issued an appeal to citizens to beware of "hidden hands attempting to sow division.'

"We call on our Palestinian people to maintain national unity and to close ranks in the face of challenges by the enemy of the people," said a notice by the Interior Ministry, Public Affairs Office, in the Jerusalem newspaper Al Nahar.

Another fundamentalists group. Islamic Jihad, has urged Palestinian police to disobey orders and cooperate with Hamas.

Reuters television cameraman Shams Oudeh, sound-man Sawah Abu Seif, stills photographer Ahmad Jadallah and print reporter Taher Shriteh were questioned last Wednesday about two video tapes Reuters issued in con-

victims of political violence. in Moscow

forced to wear mediocre

British queen visits troubled **Bolshoi Ballet**

peace if Israel guits Golan

BUCHAREST (R) - Lebanon's Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri said on Tuesday that peace with Israel could be close but only if the Jewish state agrees to withdraw forces from southern Lebanon and end its occupation of the Golan Heights.

have "a negative role" without a broader Arab agree-But were Israel to withdraw from the key disputed territory,

he said, then "peace is very Referring to deadlocked talks between Syria, Lebanon and Israel over the disputed territory, Mr. Hariri said he believed it was now up to

Israel to abide by United

Nations resolutions. We are in negotiations with Israel and also Syria is in negotiations with Israel, Mr. Hariri told a news conference with Romanian Prime Minister Nicolae Vacaroiu. "We believe in Lebanon that the ball is in the

court of the Israelis,' Syria is the main power broker in Lebanon, with more than 30,000 troops stationed in the country, and Beirut is unlikely to act unilaterally in talking with Israel the way Jordan has done over recent months.

Speaking in English, Mr. Hariri said: "We would like

to see Israel withdrawing

from the Golan Heights and

also from South Lebanon. If this happened I think that peace is very close. If not the situation will remain as it is," On the Jordan-Israel agreement, Mr. Hariri reiterated the view of both the Lebanese and Syrian governments that they would prefer a broader pan-Arab agreement with Israel rather than the piecemeal approach of

Israel and Egypt, the Palestine Liberation Organisation and now Jordan. "We always prefer a global and total peace agreement between the Arabs and Israel," he said. "We think this peace agreement (between Israel and Jordan) might play a negative role if it

agreements now between

is not completed with the rest of the Arab World." Meanwhile the media in Lebanon was divided in its

reaction to the treaty.
"What happened between Jordan and Israel is the most important achievement to building confidence between Israel and Syria," the Al Nahar newspaper said. It "could be an indication

of the possibility to announce

a declaration of principles on

the Syrian track," Al Nahar But the leftist Al Safir daily denounced the treaty and said it would hurt the positions of Palestine, Syria and Lebanon which still have a lot to negotiate with Israel.

commercial field. U.S., N. Korea to sign accord Friday

GENEVA (Agencies) -Top North Korean negotiator Kang Sok-Ju said Tuesday an agreement he was to sign with his U.S. counterpart on restructuring Pyongyang's nuclear programme should resolve the nuclear issue "once and for all" and lead to

peace in the region. Mr. Kang spoke after confirming that he and U.S. delegation chief Robert Gallucci would sign an accord on Friday - pending approval from their governments - on Pyongyang's nuclear prog-ramme, which the West feared was being used to de-

velop nuclear weapons. "We were able to reach a basic agreement on the outcome of this round of negotiations," Mr. Kang, his country's vice foreign minis-

ter, said.
"I hope I will receive positive instructions from my government. "I'm convinced this agreement, if implemented, will help resolve the so-called

nuclear issue once and for all," Mr. Kang said. "We are quite confident that normalisation of bilateral relations will certainly make a significant contribution to peace and security in Asia and in the rest of the world," he said.

Mr. Gallucci said late

Monday that an agreement

had been reached that night

in talks here with North

Korea, but had given no de-

No official text has been released of the accord, the outcome of months of drawn-

out negotiations. But local press reports Tuesday said the U.S.-North Korean accord sets 2003 as the date of completing lightwater reactors (LWR) to replace the Pyongyang's plutonium-producing reac-

Mr. Kang said Tuesday he and Mr. Gallucci had discussed ways of resolving the nuclear issue in a "fair man-He said the heart of the

"so-called nuclear issue is the

introduction of LWR reactors in return for which we will eliminate our existing graphite-moderated reactor Mr. Kang said this "will certainly completely elimin-

ate and dispel the so-called suspicion on our nuclear programme."
"This action will be part of the process between the two countries to remove mutual

distrust," he said.
President Bill Clinton will probably send a personal letter to North Korean leader Kim Jong-Il guaranteeing the supply of the reactors and an alternative energy source, the press reports said.

(Continued on page 7)

In Seoul, from the foreign

ministry to the back alleys,

South Koreans welcomed the

agreement reached in Gene-

CAIRO (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has agreed in the wake of the Israeli hostage crisis that hardliners opposed to peace be barred from standing in self-rule elections, a Palestinian dele-

objected to Israeli conditions that opponents of peace, uch

of Palestinian autonomy.

autonomy agreement.

racist platform, could no longer court Hamas,

In another conciliatory ges-

the elections. "We refuse a joint supervi-